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## PROPERTIES AND UNITS IN THE CLINICAL LABORATORY SCIENCES

### PART XX. PROPERTIES AND UNITS IN CLINICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL HUMAN TOXICOLOGY

(IUPAC Technical Report)

*Prepared for publication by*

JOHN DUFFUS<sup>1,‡</sup>, IVAN BRUUNSHUUS<sup>2</sup>, RITA CORNELIS<sup>3</sup>, RENÉ DYBKÆR<sup>4</sup>,  
MONICA NORDBERG<sup>5</sup>, AND WOLF KUELPMANN<sup>6</sup>

<sup>1</sup>*The Edinburgh Centre for Toxicology, Edinburgh, UK;* <sup>2</sup>*National Board of Health Copenhagen, Denmark;* <sup>3</sup>*Laboratory for Analytical Chemistry, Universiteit Gent, Gent, Belgium;* <sup>4</sup>*Standardisation in Laboratory Medicine, H:S Frederiksberg Hospital, Frederiksberg, Denmark;* <sup>5</sup>*Institute of Environmental Medicine, Karolinska Institutet, Stockholm, Sweden;* <sup>6</sup>*Institut fuer Klinische Chemie, Medizinische Hochschule Hannover, Hannover, Germany*

\*The combined membership of the IFCC Committee during the preparation of this report (2001–2006) was as follows:

**Chair:** U. Forsum (Sweden, 2001–2005); **W. R. Kuelpmann** (Germany, 2005–); **Members:** R. Dybkær (Denmark, 1996– ); A. Jabor (Czech Republic); W. R. Kuelpmann (Germany, 1998–2005); G. Nordin (Sweden, 2000–); P. Soares de Araujo (Brazil, 1994– ).

†The combined membership of the Committee of the Chemistry and Human Health Division during the preparation of this report (2001–2005) was as follows:

**President:** A. Kallner (Sweden, 1996–2003); **P. W. Erhardt** (USA, 2003–2006); **Vice President:** P. W. Erhardt (USA, 2002–2003); P. Soares de Araujo (Brazil, 2005–2006); **Secretary:** B. Heinzw (Germany, 2000–2005); M. S. Chorghade (USA, 2006–2009); **Members:** M. S. Chorghade (USA, 2002–2005); J. Molin Christensen (Denmark, 2002–2003); R. Cornelis (Belgium, 2000–2003); J. Fischer (Hungary, 2004–2007); U. Forsum (Sweden, 2002–2005); C. R. Ganellin (UK, 2000–2005); M. N. Liebman (USA, 2002–2005); T. J. Perun (USA, 1998–2005); P. Soares de Araujo (Brazil, 2004–2006); H. Timmerman (Netherlands, 2004–2007).

The combined membership of the IUPAC Working Group during the preparation of this report (2001–2005) was as follows:

**Chair:** W. R. Kuelpmann (Germany); **Members:** R. Cornelis (Belgium); J. H. Duffus (UK); R. Dybkær (Denmark); M. Nordberg (Sweden). I. Bruunshuus subsequently helped with revision of the document for publication.

The combined membership of the IUPAC Subcommittee on Toxicology during the preparation of this report (2001–2005) was as follows:

**Chair:** J. H. Duffus (UK); **Members:** O. Andersen (Denmark); R. Cornelis (Belgium); B. Heinzw (Germany); N. Manay (Uruguay); M. Nordberg (Sweden); W. Temple (New Zealand); D. M. Templeton (Canada); P. Wexler (USA); H. G. Worth (UK).

‡Corresponding author: J. H. Duffus, The Edinburgh Centre for Toxicology, 43 Mansionhouse Road, Edinburgh EH9 2JD, Scotland, UK; E-mail: J.H.Duffus@blueyonder.co.uk

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# Properties and units in the clinical laboratory sciences

## Part XX. Properties and units in clinical and environmental human toxicology

### (IUPAC Technical Report)

*Abstract:* This document describes the introduction of the concept of property in the field of clinical and environmental human toxicology for the presentation of results of clinical laboratory investigations. It follows the IFCC–IUPAC systematic terminological rules and attempts to create a common base for communication between the clinical chemist, the medical practitioner, the human toxicologist, and the environmental toxicologist.

The term designating a substance being a toxicant may be an international nonproprietary name (INN), a generic name, a registered trade name, a fantasy name, or other. This causes difficulties in the transmission of requests and reports on properties involving substances in biological fluids and environmental media to and from laboratories, to the end user, and in the collating of this information from different sources.

The document comprises a list of properties of human and environmental systems involving toxicants for use in transmitting medical laboratory data. The document recommends terms based on the format developed by the IFCC and IUPAC to facilitate interaction between disciplines and unambiguous interpretation of data, e.g., for purposes of risk interpretation. Systematic terms are presented together with a code (identified by the letters NPU) for each.

The complete CNPU Database may be found at <<http://dior.imt.liu.se/cnpu/info.htm>>.

*Keywords:* human; toxicology; environmental; property; NPU codes; clinical laboratories; units.

## PREFACE

The present document is the 20<sup>th</sup> part of a series on properties and units in the clinical and environmental human toxicology laboratory sciences initiated in 1987.

The series currently comprises:

- I. Syntax and semantic rules [1]
- II. Kinds-of-property [2]
- III. Elements (of properties) and their code values [3]
- IV. Properties and their code values [4]
- V. Properties and units in thrombosis and haemostasis [5]
- VI. Properties and units in IOC-prohibited drugs [6]
- VII. Properties and units in inborn errors of metabolism\*
- VIII. Properties and units in clinical microbiology [7]
- IX. Properties and units in trace elements [8]
- X. Properties and units in general clinical chemistry [9]

- XI. Coding systems: Structure and guidelines [10]
- XII. Properties and units in clinical pharmacology and toxicology [11]
- XIII. Properties and units in reproduction and fertility [12]
- XIV. Properties and units in tumor markers\*
- XV. www databases\*
- XVI. Properties and units in clinical allergology [13]
- XVII. Properties and units for urinary calculi\*
- XVIII. Properties and units in clinical molecular biology [14]
- XIX. Properties and units for transfusion medicine and immunohematology [15]
- XX. *Properties and units in clinical and environmental human toxicology (this report)*

At the end, systematic terms, elaborated according to international standards and recommendations, should be available in the different domains of clinical laboratory sciences. The core of the series is code value strings representing concepts, that in combination delineate and define each property regardless of linguistic expression, thus avoiding errors during translation between languages.

## FOREWORD

Clinical laboratory sciences are characterized by the exacting nature of the work performed and the demand for an accurate presentation of the outcome. Furthermore, the domain is transnational, international, or “global”.

The adherent informatics system therefore needs to identify the findings accurately and to present them with the degree of detail required. At the same time, it has to facilitate the transfer over linguistic and cultural barriers without distortion or loss of clarity, in order to promote clear, unambiguous, meaningful, and fully informative communication between different terminologies.

The degree to which a message (such as a laboratory report) needs to be expressed in a formal, systematic language depends on the cultural, linguistic, social, or professional distance between the communicating parties. The greater the distance, the greater the need of explicit information.

Within one laboratory, local jargon terms may be used which are usually well understood between colleagues, but which would not be sufficiently widely known for communication with the outside world. Likewise, a laboratory and its local community of users, such as hospital or community physicians, may use a “local dialect” of the language of clinical laboratory sciences, which is well understood by all concerned; but when the communication possibilities are wider, even transnational, risks of serious misunderstanding arise.

## SCOPE

The purpose of this document is to apply the IFCC–IUPAC recommended syntax structures for request and report and to create a systematic terminology that can be used as the basis for encoding laboratory messages in the domain of drugs which are commonly also toxicants and in the domain of naturally occurring toxicants which occur in the human environment and are analyzed in environmental media. The systematic names recommended here are primarily for the purpose of unambiguous data exchange. Their use in routine language by clinicians and laboratory practitioners is optional but encouraged.

Trace elements that may be toxic are considered here with regard to their chemical speciation as far as it can be determined.

The system “hair” here is considered only where measurements have clear toxicological or clinical value. The systems “blood” and “plasma” refer to venous blood throughout. In all “systems”, “components” termed relate to that which is relevant in the sample and not to any derivatives measured.

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\*proposed but not continued

This document does not consider radiation toxicology, which will be covered by a separate future project.

## TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

**component:** part of a system [16]

EXAMPLE: Dextropropoxyphene as part of a given system.

NOTE: *Component* is used in a different sense in other areas of chemistry; see IUPAC “Gold Book” [18].

**differential quantity:** quantity that can be subtracted from, but cannot be divided by another quantity of the same kind

EXAMPLE: Substance concentration increment of ethanol in urine (present - 6 h earlier) = 32 µmol/l.

**differential scale:** scale with an ordered set of possible values for quantities of a given kind that are each a product of numerical value and unit of measurement such that a given difference between values corresponds to the same difference between magnitudes of the quantities along the scale [after 18]

EXAMPLE: Celsius temperature scale.

**discriminating value:** property value, obtained according to a given examination procedure, that separates the values of parent systems in two disjoint sets assumed to indicate different states with stated respective probabilities of false assignments

NOTE: The terms “discrimination value”, “discriminator”, and “cut-off value” are used as synonyms.

**drug:** substance which, when absorbed into a living organism, may modify one or more of its functions [19]

NOTE: The term is generally accepted for a substance taken for a therapeutic purpose, but is also commonly used for abused substances.

**kind-of-property:** common defining aspect of mutually comparable properties

NOTE 1: In ENV 1614, the term “property (in a general sense)” is used as a synonym for kind-of-property.

NOTE 2: A kind-of-property may be related to nominal scale (e.g., green, blue), ordinal scale (e.g., small, large), differential scale [e.g., 10 °C (i.e., 10 °C more than an arbitrary zero)], or rational scale (length 2 or 5 m); the last three types are related to kind-of-quantity.

NOTE 3: *Kind-of-property* is defined in the IUPAC “Gold Book” [18] in different words which do not sufficiently emphasize the commonality required.

**nominal property:** property that can be compared for equality with another property of the same kind, but has no magnitude

EXAMPLE: Color of a component in a particular medium.

**nominal scale:** scale with a set of possible values for properties of a given kind that are each a word or symbol without any relation to magnitude [after 18]

EXAMPLE: Terms for analgesic substances.

**NOTE:** The values may be listed in any arbitrary order according to practical considerations and convention.

**ordinal quantity:** quantity defined by a conventional measurement procedure, for which a total ordering relation according to magnitude with other quantities of the same kind is defined, but for which no algebraic operations among those quantities are defined

**EXAMPLE:** Presence of a component in a given system when its absence is a possibility.

**ordinal scale:** scale with an ordered set of possible values for quantities of a given kind that are each a word or symbol used for ranking according to magnitude, but where differences or ratios between values have no arithmetic meaning [after 16]

**EXAMPLE:** Arbitrary concentration of cannabinoid in urine (“not detected”; “detected” or 0 1).

**property:** set of data elements (system, component, kind-of-property) common to a set of particular properties

Information about identification, time, and result is not considered [18].

**EXAMPLE:** Substance concentration of glucose in blood plasma.

**NOTE 1:** Information about identification, time, and result is not considered.

**NOTE 2:** The term “substance *concentration*” is a short form for amount-of-substance concentration; “amount concentration” is also used elsewhere in IUPAC [18].

**quantity:** attribute of a phenomenon, body, or substance that may be distinguished qualitatively and determined quantitatively [17]

**rational quantity:** quantity that can be divided by another quantity of the same kind

**rational scale:** scale with an ordered set of possible values for quantities of a given kind that are each a product of numerical value and unit of measurement such that a given ratio between values corresponds to the same ratio between magnitudes of the quantities along the scale [after 18]

**EXAMPLE:** 0 0,1 0,2 - - - 31 32 µmol/l for amount-of-substance concentration.

**system:** arbitrarily defined part of the universe, regardless of form or size [18]

**EXAMPLES:** A portion of urine, a portion of blood for amount-of-substance concentration.

**NOTE:** System is defined in the IUPAC “Gold Book” [18] in different words which do not refer to the arrangements, relationships, and processes which help to define any given system.

**taxon:** kind-of-property of a nominal property

**EXAMPLES:** Chemical species such as chromium(III) and chromium(VI) given on a nominal scale.

**toxicant:** material causing injury to a living organism as a result of physicochemical interaction

**NOTE:** Synonyms are “chemical etiologic agent”, “poison”, “toxic substance”, “toxic chemical”, and “toxic material”.

**unit (of measurement):** particular quantity, defined and adopted by convention, with which other quantities of the same kind are compared in order to express their magnitudes relative to that quantity. Units have conventionally assigned names and symbols [18].

**unitary quantity:** quantity with a magnitude expressed as a reference quantity, multiplied by a number

**NOTE:** “Unitary quantity” comprises “differential quantity” and “rational quantity”.

## STANDARDIZED REQUEST AND REPORT OF CLINICAL LABORATORY RESULTS

The parts of a request and a report are presented in Table 1. Essential for a request (Table 1) are parts 1 and 2, covering information on patient identification, time or time interval for sampling, and information on the property requested. The laboratory *report* comprises the three subdivisions 1, 2, and 3. To each element in part 2 may be added a specification as a parenthetic suffix for clarification and to avoid ambiguity. Notes may be added as part 4 with details on findings, interpretation of results, or other. Thus, the elements of the designation of a property comprise:

System(specification)—Component(specification); kind-of-property(specification)

The parts comprised in the concept of “term of property” and in the concept of “term of a result” are presented in Table 1.

**Table 1** Systematic request and report.

1	Identification and time
1.1	Object or patient identification
1.2	Date and time(s) of sampling
2	Property
2.1	System(specification)
2.2	Component(specification)
2.3	Kind-of-property(specification) or kind-of-quantity(specification)
3	Property value
3.1	Equality, inequality, or other operator
3.2	Numerical value multiplied by a measurement unit (for unitary quantities) or numerical value and another type of reference (for ordinal quantities) or nominal value (for nominal properties)
3.3	Prefix of coherent measurement unit (for unitary properties)
3.4	Coherent measurement unit (for unitary properties)
4	Notes

By convention, properties and results of examinations are connected through an operator.

Essential for a *request* are parts 1 and 2, that is information on patient identification, time or time interval for sampling, and information on the property requested.

The laboratory *report* on a particular property comprises the three parts 1, 2, and 3.

To each item in part 2 may be added a specification as a parenthetic suffix for clarification, identification, and to avoid ambiguity.

Notes (part 4) relating to, for example, diagnosis, medication, hemolysis, or hardware breakdown are not included here, except when needed for the interpretation of results such as pretreatment of patient or subject or the inferred intake of toxicants from identification of metabolites in secretion or excretion. Such notes are outside the scope of this document.

Thus, the items of a term for a type of property comprise terms for: System(specification)—Component(specification); kind-of-property(specification) in the form of procedural details).

All of the above are as recommended by IFCC and IUPAC [10] and by the European Prestandard ENV 1614:1995 [16].

The items of a result comprise: an operator (= < ≤ > ≥ etc.), and, when applicable, a numerical value, a prefix and a coherent unit, usually in symbolic form. This is as recommended by the European Prestandard ENV 12435:1996 [21].

## EXAMPLE

subst.c. = 6 µmol/l (prefix µ: micro  $10^{-6}$ ).

(A question mark supplants the numerical value in the lists.)

Nominal and ordinal scale values carry no unit. In differential and rational scales, the unit must never be omitted in reporting results, except for the unit 1.

Modern metrology further demands that the result includes or refers to a value for a measure of uncertainty [16].

The terms for components are generally given as IUPAC names [21–24]. Otherwise, the terms for components are from the International Nonproprietary Names (INN) of WHO [25] for pharmaceutical substances (English, French, Russian, and Spanish). If not recorded in INN, preference is for trivial names [26], USAN [27], BAN [28], Martindale [29], in that sequence. For pesticides, the names are mostly ISO common names [30–36], and in exceptional cases common names from British Standards [37]. Both kinds of names are listed in the “Index of Common Names of Pesticides” available at <<http://www.hclrss.demon.co.uk>>. It is recommended that element names be spelled out in full as elemental symbols may not always be known by medical personnel. The oxidation state of an element is given in superscript in Roman numerals following the element symbol or as a Roman numeral in parentheses following the term, when relevant.

In addition to the full systematic term for the property, an abbreviated form is given and an example and other relevant information may also be given.

For details, see IFCC–IUPAC, “Syntax and semantic rules (Recommendations 1995)” [1].

Most toxicants are metabolized by the organism. Therefore, the component may be given as a parent compound plus relevant metabolites; often, the non-modified toxicant is hardly detectable.

## STRUCTURE OF AN ENTRY [15]

The mandatory terms are given in bold, that is: the systematic term for the type of property, the unit, and the code value.

1. **Term for the system and parenthetic specification** spelled out in full, and followed by a long dash (em dash)
2. **Alphanumeric chemical prefixes of component term** (when relevant)
3. **Recommended term for component and parenthetic specification**, shifted to the left for alphabetical sorting and searching, and followed by a semicolon. The recommended names given have been adopted by the CNPU database. Where the term for the entry is not an IUPAC term, or where, although being an IUPAC term, another IUPAC term for also frequently used, the first term (in bold) in the list of “Other term(s)” is an IUPAC term. Other authorities for nomenclature used are given in item 10.
4. **Kind-of-property or kind-of-quantity and parenthetic specification**  
If the term for a property is used as a header for a set of related properties, this is indicated by “list” in the parenthesis.
5. **Measurement unit (prefix and coherent unit)** when relevant
6. Molar mass (*M*) or atomic mass (*A*) as appropriate for conversion from other units when relevant
7. Presently recommended calibrator (not given in this document)
8. Previous calibrator(s) (not given in this document)
9. Other term(s) for components with IUPAC name first in bold text if not already used in items 2 and 3 as the main heading nomenclature
10. Authority: Source of main nomenclature for items 2 and 3 if not IUPAC
11. Note(s): Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) registry number allocated as a unique identifier of a given substance together with any further information

12. [NPUXXXX]. **Code value**, intended for interlaboratory transmission between databases
13. Example in abbreviated form

In clinical chemistry, a less well defined “in-house” or a regional calibrator is often referred to and is expressed in “arbitrary unit per liter” in order to enable comparison of patient data over time and regionally. In each of these instances, further information should be given in the parenthesis to kind-of-property (item 4) as “procedure”. This could be information on the calibrator used, e.g., “BCR/CRM148/149R” or it could refer to an in-house document “procedure xx” which is available on request.

In the examples given, a question mark, “?”, has been used to represent a nominal property value or a numerical property value.

## EXAMPLES

### a. Nominal property

1. Urine—
3. Amphetamine and analogue;
4. taxon(procedure)
6.  $M(\text{amphetamine}) = 135.21 \text{ g/mol}$
10. Authority: INN
11. Note(s): CAS 300-62-9 (amphetamine); Molar mass for amphetamine; Analogues are BDB; Ephedrine; Fenfluramine; MBDB; Metamfetamine; 3,4-Methylenedioxymethamphetamine; 3,4-Methylenedioxymetamfetamine; 3,4-Methylenedioxymethylamphetamine; Pseudoephedrine
12. NPU08980
13. U—Amphetamine and analogue; taxon(proc.) = ?

### b. Ordinal quantity

In the actual reporting, the possible scale values should be listed in the parentheses after the kind-of-property. Not detected is here given as zero (0) and detected as one (1).

1. Urine—
3. Barbiturate;
4. arbitrary concentration(list; 0 1; procedure)
6.  $M(\text{barbituric acid}) = 128.09 \text{ g/mol}$
11. Note(s): CAS 67-52-7 (barbituric acid); Molar mass for barbituric acid
12. NPU04826
13. U—Barbiturate; arb.c.(list; 0 1; proc.)  
 NPU01343 U—Barbital; arb.c.(0 1; proc.) = ?  
 NPU04769 U—Butabarbital; arb.c.(0 1; proc.) = ?  
 NPU03042 U—Pentobarbital; arb.c.(0 1; proc.) = ?  
 NPU03063 U—Phenobarbital; arb.c.(0 1; proc.) = ?  
 NPU08677 U—Thiopental; arb.c.(0 1; proc.) = ?

### c. Differential quantity (not occurring in the list of properties in this document)

1. Urine—
3. Testosterone/Epitestosterone;
4. substance ratio increment(IOC 95; dates)

9. Other term(s): 17 $\beta$ -Hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one/17 $\alpha$ -Hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one
10. Authority: INN
11. Note(s): CAS 58-22-0/481-30-1
12. **NPU04402**
13. U—Testosterone/Epitestosterone; subst.ratio incr.(IOC95; 1995-03-21) = 8.3

#### d. Rational quantity

1. **Blood—**
3. **Acetaldehyde;**
4. **substance concentration**
5. **micromole/litre**
6.  $M = 44.05 \text{ g/mol}$
9. Other term(s): Acetic aldehyde; Ethanal; Ethyl aldehyde
11. Note(s): CAS 75-07-0
12. **NPU01005**
13. B—Acetaldehyde; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol/l}$

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## INDEX OF ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
amb	ambient
arb.c.	arbitrary concentration
B	blood
BAN	British approved name
BCR	Community Bureau of Reference (Bureau Communautaire de Référence)
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service
C-BGE	Committee on Blood, Gas, and Electrolytes
CEN	European Committee for Standardization (Comité Européen de Normalisation)
C-NPU	Commission on Nomenclature, Properties and Units
ENV	European Prestandard
EU	European Union
IFCC	International Federation of Clinical Chemistry and Laboratory Medicine
INN	International Nonproprietary Names of WHO (approved)
*INN	International Nonproprietary Names of WHO (for name to be approved)
IRMM	Institute for Reference Materials and Measurements
ISO	International Standards Organization
IUPAC	International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry
JRC	Joint Research Centre (EU)
L:D	length:diameter (aspect ratio)
NPU	Nomenclature, Properties and Units
P	plasma
P(aB)	plasma (arterial blood)
PIN	preferred IUPAC nomenclature
PNOR	particulates not otherwise regulated
PNOS	particulates not otherwise specified
subst.c.	substance concentration
U	urine
USAN	United States adopted name
WHO	World Health Organization

## LIST OF PROPERTIES IN CLINICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL HUMAN TOXICOLOGY

In this list, properties for each substance are listed alphabetically according to the first component term in the CNPU database. The first component term is normally the IUPAC name or the ISO name, but sometimes a name which is the most widely used in clinical chemistry has been chosen. Where the first component term for the entry in the list of properties is an IUPAC name, no further authority is given. Where the first component term in the entry is not an IUPAC name, or although it is an IUPAC name, another IUPAC name is also frequently used, the first name (in bold) in the list of "Other term(s)" is an IUPAC name. The other names in this list are in alphabetical order, are not necessarily comprehensive, and are given without any suggestion of approval, in order to facilitate identification of substances referred to by these names in certain circumstances. The NPU codes given include new codes given to properties relating to trace elements where the speciation of the elements has been described more fully than in the previous publication cited as ref. [8] above.

<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	
<b>Acetaldehyde;</b>	Water(drinking)—Acetaldehyde; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>millimole/cubic metre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 44.05 g/mol	
Other term(s): Acetic aldehyde; Ethanal; Ethyl aldehyde	
Note(s): CAS 75-07-0	
<b>NPU16486</b>	
Air(amb)—Acetaldehyde; subst.c. = ? mmol/m <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Blood—</b>	
<b>Acetaldehyde;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>micromole/litre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 44.05 g/mol	
Other term(s): Acetic aldehyde; Ethanal; Ethyl aldehyde	
Note(s): CAS 75-07-0	
<b>NPU01005</b>	
B—Acetaldehyde; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$	
<b>Urine—</b>	
<b>Acetaldehyde;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>micromole/litre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 44.05 g/mol	
Other term(s): Acetic aldehyde; Ethanal; Ethyl aldehyde	
Note(s): CAS 75-07-0	
<b>NPU01006</b>	
U—Acetaldehyde; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$	
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	
<b>Acetaldehyde;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>micromole/litre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 44.05 g/mol	
Other term(s): Acetic aldehyde; Ethanal; Ethyl aldehyde	
Note(s): CAS 75-07-0	
<b>NPU16487</b>	
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	
<b>Acetone;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>millimole/cubic metre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 58.08 g/mol	
Other term(s): <b>Propan-2-one</b> ; Dimethyl ketone; Ketone propane; 2-Propanone	
Note(s): CAS 67-64-1	
<b>NPU16488</b>	
Air(amb)—Acetone; subst.c. = ? mmol/m <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Blood—</b>	
<b>Acetone;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>micromole/litre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 58.08 g/mol	
Other term(s): <b>Propan-2-one</b> ; Dimethyl ketone; Ketone propane; 2-Propanone	
Note(s): CAS 67-64-1	
<b>NPU16489</b>	
B—Acetone; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$	
<b>Urine—</b>	
<b>Acetone;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>micromole/litre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 58.08 g/mol	
Other term(s): <b>Propan-2-one</b> ; Dimethyl ketone; Ketone propane; 2-Propanone	
Note(s): CAS 67-64-1	
<b>NPU16490</b>	
U—Acetone; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$	
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	
<b>Acetone;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>micromole/litre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 58.08 g/mol	
Other term(s): <b>Propan-2-one</b> ; Dimethyl ketone; Ketone propane; 2-Propanone	

Note(s): CAS 67-64-1

**NPU16491**

Water(drinking)—Acetone; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol/l}$

Air(ambient)—

**Acetonitrile;**

substance concentration

millimole/cubic metre

$M = 41.05 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Cyanomethane; Ethyl nitrile; Methyl cyanide

Note(s): CAS 75-05-8

**NPU16492**

Air(amb)—Acetonitrile; subst.c. = ?  $\text{mmol/m}^3$

Water(drinking)—

**Acetonitrile;**

substance concentration

micromole/litre

$M = 41.05 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Cyanomethane; Ethanenitrile; Ethyl nitrile; Methyl cyanide

Note(s): CAS 75-05-8

**NPU16493**

Water(drinking)—Acetonitrile; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol/l}$

Urine—

6-O-

**Acetylmorphine;**

substance concentration

micromole/litre

$M = 343.39 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Acetyl morphine; MAM;

Monoacetyl morphine

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 2784-73-8

**NPU16494**

Urine—6-O-Acetylmorphine; subst.c. =  $\mu\text{mol/l}$

Air(ambient)—

**Acrolein;**

substance concentration

millimole/cubic metre

$M = 56.06 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Prop-2-enal; Acraldehyde;

Acrylaldehyde; Acrylic aldehyde; Allyl aldehyde;

Propenal

Note(s): CAS 107-02-08

**NPU16495**

Air(amb)—Acrolein; subst.c. = ?  $\text{mmol/m}^3$

Water(drinking)

**Acrolein;**

substance concentration

micromole/litre

$M = 56.06 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Prop-2-enal; Acraldehyde;

Acrylaldehyde; Acrylic aldehyde; Allyl aldehyde;

Propenal

Note(s): CAS 107-02-08

**NPU16496**

Water(drinking)—Acrolein; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol/l}$

Air(ambient)—

**Acrylamide;**

substance concentration

millimole/cubic metre

$M = 71.08 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Prop-2-enamide; Acrylamide monomer; Acrylic amide; 2-Propenamide

Note(s): CAS 79-06-1

**NPU16497**

Air(amb)—Acrylamide; subst.c. = ?  $\text{mmol/m}^3$

Plasma—

**Acrylamide;**

substance concentration

micromole/litre

$M = 71.08 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Prop-2-enamide; Acrylamide monomer; Acrylic amide; 2-Propenamide

Note(s): CAS 79-06-1

**NPU16886**

P—Acrylamide; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol/l}$

Urine—

**Acrylamide;**

substance concentration

micromole/litre

$M = 71.08 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Prop-2-enamide; Acrylamide monomer; Acrylic amide; 2-Propenamide

Note(s): CAS 79-06-1

**NPU16498**

U—Acrylamide; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol/l}$

Water(drinking)—

**Acrylamide;**

substance concentration

micromole/litre

$M = 71.08 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Prop-2-enamide; Acrylamide monomer; Acrylic amide; 2-Propenamide

Note(s): CAS 79-06-1

**NPU16499**

Water(drinking)—Acrylamide; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol/l}$

Air(ambient)—

**Acrylate;**

substance concentration

millimole/cubic metre

$M(\text{acrylic acid}) = 71.06 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Prop-2-enoate; Acroleate; Aqueous acrylate; Ethylenecarboxylate; 2-Propenoate

Note(s): CAS 79-10-7 (acrylic acid)

**NPU16500**

Air(amb)—Acrylate; subst.c. = ?  $\text{mmol/m}^3$

<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	
<b>Acrylate;</b>	Food(specification)—Aflatoxin B <sub>2</sub> ; subst.cont.=? nmol/kg
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>micromole/litre</b>	
<i>M</i> (acrylic acid) = 71.06 g/mol	
Other term(s): <b>Prop-2-enoate</b> ; Acroleate;	
Aqueous acrylate; Ethylenecarboxylate;	
2-Propenoate	
Note(s): CAS 79-10-7 (acrylic acid)	
<b>NPU16501</b>	
Water(drinking)—Acrylate; subst.c. = ? μmol/l	
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	
<b>Acrylonitrile;</b>	<b>Food(specification)—</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>Aldicarb;</b>
<b>millimole/cubic metre</b>	<b>substance content</b>
<i>M</i> = 53.06 g/mol	<b>micromole/kilogram</b>
Other term(s): <b>Prop-2-enenitrile</b> ; Acrylonitrile	<i>M</i> = 190.27 g/mol
monomer; AN; Cyanoethylene; 2-Propenenitrile;	Other term(s): <b>(EZ)-2-Methyl-2-(methylsulfanyl)propionaldehyde</b>
VCN; Vinyl cyanide	<b>O-(methylcarbamoyl)oxime</b> ;
Note(s): CAS 107-13-1	<b>(EZ)-2-Methyl-2-(methylthio)propionaldehyde</b>
<b>NPU16502</b>	<b>O-(methylcarbamoyl)oxime</b>
Air(amb)—Acrylonitrile; subst.c. = ? mmol/m <sup>3</sup>	Authority: ISO
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	Note(s): CAS 116-06-3
<b>Acrylonitrile;</b>	<b>NPU16506</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	Food(specification)—Aldicarb; subst.cont. = ? μmol/kg
<b>micromole/litre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 53.06 g/mol	
Other term(s): <b>Prop-2-enenitrile</b> ; Acrylonitrile	<b>Water(drinking)—</b>
monomer; AN; Cyanoethylene; 2-Propenenitrile;	<b>Aldicarb;</b>
VCN; Vinyl cyanide	<b>substance concentration</b>
Note(s): CAS 107-13-1	<b>micromole/litre</b>
<b>NPU16503</b>	<i>M</i> = 190.27 g/mol
Air(amb)—Acrylonitrile; subst.c. = ? μmol/l	Other term(s): <b>(EZ)-2-Methyl-2-(methylsulfanyl)propionaldehyde</b>
<b>Food(specification)—</b>	<b>O-(methylcarbamoyl)oxime</b> ;
<b>Aflatoxin B<sub>1</sub>;</b>	<b>(EZ)-2-Methyl-2-(methylthio)propionaldehyde</b>
<b>substance content</b>	<b>O-(methylcarbamoyl)oxime</b>
<b>nmole/kilogram</b>	Authority: ISO
<i>M</i> = 312.28 g/mol	Note(s): CAS 116-06-3
Other term(s): <b>(6aR,9aS)-4-methoxy-2,3,6a,9a-tetrahydrocyclopenta[c]furo[3',2':4,5]furo[2,3-<i>h</i>]chromene-1,11-dione</b>	<b>NPU16507</b>
Note(s): CAS 1162-65-8	Water(drinking)—Aldicarb; subst.c. = ? μmol/l
<b>NPU16504</b>	
Food(specification)—Aflatoxin B <sub>1</sub> ; subst.cont. = ? nmol/kg	<b>Air(ambient)—</b>
<b>Food(specification)—</b>	<b>Aldrin;</b>
<b>Aflatoxin B<sub>2</sub>;</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>substance content</b>	<b>millimole/cubic metre</b>
<b>nmole/kilogram</b>	<i>M</i> = 364.92 g/mol
<i>M</i> = 314.08 g/mol	Other term(s): <b>(1<i>R</i>,4<i>S</i>,4<i>a</i><i>S</i>,5<i>S</i>,8<i>R</i>,8<i>a</i><i>R</i>)-1,2,3,4,10,10-hexachloro-1,4,4<i>a</i>,5,8,8<i>a</i>-hexahydro-1,4:5,8-dimethanonaphthalene</b>
Other term(s): <b>(6aR,9aS)-4-methoxy-2,3,6a,8,9a-hexahydrocyclopenta[c]furo[3',2':4,5]furo[2,3-<i>h</i>]chromene-1,11-dione</b>	Aldrine; Compound 118; HHDN; Octalene
Note(s): CAS 7220-81-7	Authority: ISO
<b>NPU16505</b>	Note(s): CAS 309-00-2
	<b>NPU16508</b>
	Air(amb)—Aldrin; subst.c. = ? mmol/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>Blood—</b>	
<b>Aldrin;</b>	<b>Aldrin;</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>micromole/litre</b>	<b>micromole/litre</b>
<i>M</i> = 364.92 g/mol	<i>M</i> = 364.92 g/mol
Other term(s): <b>(1<i>R</i>,4<i>S</i>,4<i>a</i><i>S</i>,5<i>S</i>,8<i>R</i>,8<i>a</i><i>R</i>)-1,2,3,4,10,10-hexachloro-1,4,4<i>a</i>,5,8,8<i>a</i>-hexahydro-1,4:5,8-dimethanonaphthalene</b>	Other term(s): <b>(1<i>R</i>,4<i>S</i>,4<i>a</i><i>S</i>,5<i>S</i>,8<i>R</i>,8<i>a</i><i>R</i>)-1,2,3,4,10,10-hexachloro-1,4,4<i>a</i>,5,8,8<i>a</i>-hexahydro-1,4:5,8-dimethanonaphthalene</b>
	Aldrine; Compound 118; HHDN; Octalene
	Authority: ISO
	Note(s): CAS 309-00-2

**NPU16509**Blood—Aldrin; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol/l}$ **Food(specification)—****Aldrin;****substance content****micromole/kg** $M = 364.92 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): (*1R,4S,4aS,5S,8R,8aR*)-  
**1,2,3,4,10,10-hexachloro-1,4,4a,5,8,8a-****hexahydro-1,4:5,8-dimethanonaphthalene;**

Aldrine; Compound 118; HHDN; Octalene

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 309-00-2

**NPU16510**Food(specification)—Aldrin; subst.cont. = ?  $\mu\text{mol/kg}$ **Water(drinking)****Aldrin;****substance concentration****micromole/litre** $M = 364.92 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): (*1R,4S,4aS,5S,8R,8aR*)-  
**1,2,3,4,10,10-hexachloro-1,4,4a,5,8,8a-****hexahydro-1,4:5,8-dimethanonaphthalene;**

Aldrine; Compound 118; HHDN; Octalene

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 309-00-2

**NPU16511**Water(drinking)—Aldrin; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol/l}$ **Air(ambient)—****Allethrin;****substance concentraton****millimole/cubic metre** $M = 302.40 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): (*RS*)-3-Allyl-2-methyl-4-  
**oxocyclopent-2-enyl (1*R*,3*R*;1*R*,3*S*)-2,2-****dimethyl-3-(2-methylprop-1-en-1-****yl)cyclopropane-1-carboxylate; Alethrin I;**

Bioallethrin; Depallethrin

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 584-79-2

**NPU16512**Air(amb)—Allethrin; subst.c. = ?  $\text{mmol/m}^3$ **Food(specification)****Allethrin;****substance content****micromole/kg** $M = 302.40 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): (*RS*)-3-Allyl-2-methyl-4-  
**oxocyclopent-2-enyl (1*R*,3*R*;1*R*,3*S*)-2,2-****dimethyl-3-(2-methylprop-1-en-1-****yl)cyclopropane-1-carboxylate; Alethrin I;**

Bioallethrin; Depallethrin

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 584-79-2

**NPU16513**

Food(specification)—Allethrin; subst.cont. =

?  $\mu\text{mol/kg}$ **Water(drinking)—****Allethrin;****substance concentraton****micromole/litre** $M = 302.40 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): (*RS*)-3-Allyl-2-methyl-4-  
**oxocyclopent-2-enyl (1*R*,3*R*;1*R*,3*S*)-2,2-****dimethyl-3-(2-methylprop-1-en-1-****yl)cyclopropane-1-carboxylate; Alethrin I;**

Bioallethrin; Depallethrin

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 584-79-2

**NPU16514**Water(drinking)—Allethrin; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol/l}$ **Air(ambient)—****Aluminium(0 and III);****substance concentration****millimole/cubic metre** $A = 26.98 \text{ g/mol}$ 

Other term(s): Aluminium(total)

Note(s): CAS 7429-90-5 (element); Atomic mass  
for elemental aluminium**NPU16515**Air(amb)—Aluminium(0 and III); subst.c. = ?  $\text{mmol/m}^3$ **Cells(blood)—****Aluminium(III);****substance content****micromole/kilogram** $A = 26.98 \text{ g/mol}$ 

Other term(s): Aluminium(total)

Note(s): CAS 7429-90-5 (element); Atomic mass  
for elemental aluminium**NPU01155**Cells(B)—Aluminium(III); subst.cont. = ?  $\mu\text{mol/kg}$ **Plasma—****Aluminium(III);****substance concentration****micromole/litre** $A = 26.98 \text{ g/mol}$ 

Other term(s): Aluminium(total)

Note(s): CAS 7429-90-5 (element); Atomic mass  
for elemental aluminium**NPU16892**P—Aluminium(III); subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol/l}$ **Urine—****Aluminium(III);****substance concentration****micromole/litre** $A = 26.98 \text{ g/mol}$ 

Other term(s): Aluminium(total)

Note(s): CAS 7429-90-5 (element); Atomic mass  
for elemental aluminium

<b>NPU16893</b>	<b>Plasma—</b>
U—Aluminium(III); subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$	<b>gamma-</b>
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	<b>Amanitin;</b>
<b>Aluminium(III);</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>micromole/litre</b>
<b>micromole/litre</b>	<b>M</b> = 902.98 g/mol
<b>A</b> = 26.98 g/mol	Authority: INN
Other term(s): Aluminium(total)	Note(s): CAS 13567-11-8; 21150-23-2
Note(s): CAS 7429-90-5 (element); Atomic mass for elemental aluminium	<b>NPU16521</b>
<b>NPU16516</b>	S—gamma-Amanitin; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$
Water(drinking)—Aluminium(III); subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$	<b>Urine—</b>
<b>Plasma—</b>	<b>gamma-</b>
<b>alpha-</b>	<b>Amanitin;</b>
<b>Amanitin;</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>micromole/litre</b>
<b>micromole/litre</b>	<b>M</b> = 902.98 g/mol
<b>M</b> = 918.98 g/mol	Authority: INN
Authority: INN	Note(s): CAS 13567-11-8; 21150-23-2
Note(s): CAS 23109-05-9	<b>NPU16522</b>
<b>NPU16517</b>	U—gamma-Amanitin; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$
P—alpha-Amanitin; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$	<b>Urine—</b>
<b>Urine—</b>	<b>DL-</b>
<b>alpha-</b>	<b>Amfetamine;</b>
<b>Amanitin;</b>	<b>arbitrary concentration(0 1; procedure)</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>M</b> = 135.21 g/mol
<b>micromole/litre</b>	Other term(s): ( <i>RS</i> )-1-Phenylpropan-2-amine;
<b>M</b> = 918.98 g/mol	Actedron; Adipan; Allodene;
Authority: INN	$\beta$ -aminopropylbenzene; Amphetamine; Durophet;
Note(s): CAS 23109-05-9	Elastonon; Isoamyne; Isomyn; Mecodrin;
<b>NPU16518</b>	$\text{DL-}\alpha$ -Methylphenethylamine; Norephedrane;
U—alpha-Amanitin; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$	Novydrine; Ortedrine; Phenedrine; 1-Phenyl-2-
<b>Plasma—</b>	aminopropane; ( <i>Phenylisopropyl</i> )amine;
<b>beta-</b>	Profamina; Propisamine; Psychedrine;
<b>Amanitin;</b>	Sympamine; Sympatedrin; Sympatedrine
<b>substance concentration</b>	Authority: INN
<b>micromole/litre</b>	Note(s): CAS 300-62-9
<b>M</b> = 919.97 g/mol	<b>NPU01163</b>
Authority: INN	U— $\text{DL-}$ Amfetamine; arb.c.(0 1; proc.) = ?
Note(s): CAS 13567-07-2; 21150-22-1	<b>Urine—</b>
<b>NPU16519</b>	<b>DL-</b>
P—beta-Amanitin; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$	<b>Amfetamine;</b>
<b>Urine—</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>beta-</b>	<b>micromole/litre</b>
<b>Amanitin;</b>	<b>M</b> = 135.21 g/mol
<b>substance concentration</b>	Other term(s): ( <i>RS</i> )-1-Phenylpropan-2-amine;
<b>micromole/litre</b>	Actedron; Adipan; Allodene;
<b>M</b> = 919.97 g/mol	$\beta$ -aminopropylbenzene; Amphetamine; Durophet;
Authority: INN	Elastonon; Isoamyne; Isomyn; Mecodrin;
Note(s): CAS 13567-07-2; 21150-22-1	$\text{DL-}\alpha$ -methylphenethylamine; Norephedrane;
<b>NPU16520</b>	Novydrine; Ortedrine; Phenedrine; 1-Phenyl-2-
U—beta-Amanitin; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$	aminopropane; ( <i>Phenylisopropyl</i> )amine;
<b>Urine—</b>	Profamina; Propisamine; Psychedrine;
<b>beta-</b>	Sympamine; Sympatedrin; Sympatedrine
<b>Amanitin;</b>	Authority: INN
<b>substance concentration</b>	Note(s): CAS 300-62-9
<b>micromole/litre</b>	<b>NPU01166</b>
<b>M</b> = 919.97 g/mol	U— $\text{DL-}$ Amfetamine; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$
Authority: INN	
Note(s): CAS 13567-07-2; 21150-22-1	

**Urine—****Amfetamine and analogue;****arbitrary concentration(0 1; procedure)** $M(\text{Amfetamine}) = 135.21 \text{ g/mol}$ 

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 300-62-9 (amfetamine); Analogues are BDB; Ephedrine; Fenfluramine; MBDB; Metamfetamine; 3,4-Methylenedioxymethylamphetamine; 3,4-Metylenedioxymetamfetamine; 3,4-Metylenedioxymethylamphetamine; Pseudoephedrine

**NPU08960**

U—Amfetamine and analogue; arb.c.(0 1; proc.) = ?

**Urine—****Amfetamine and analogue;****taxon(procedure)** $M(\text{Amfetamine}) = 135.21 \text{ g/mol}$ 

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 300-62-9 (amfetamine); Analogues are BDB; Ephedrine; Fenfluramine; MBDB; Metamfetamine; 3,4-Methylenedioxymethylamphetamine; 3,4-Metylenedioxymetamfetamine; 3,4-Metylenedioxymethylamphetamine; Pseudoephedrine

**NPU08980**

U—Amfetamine and analogue; taxon(proc.) = ?

**Urine—****Amfetaminil;****arbitrary concentration(0 1; procedure)** $M = 250.34 \text{ g/mol}$ 

Other term(s): **2-Phenyl-2-(1-phenylpropan-2-ylamino)acetonitrile**; Amphetamine; *N*-( $\alpha$ -Methylphenethyl)-2-phenylglycinylnitrile

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 17590-01-1

**NPU04913**

U—Amfetaminil; arb.c.(0 1; proc.) = ?

**Urine—****Amfetaminil;****substance concentration****micromole/litre** $M = 250.34 \text{ g/mol}$ 

Other term(s): **2-Phenyl-2-(1-phenylpropan-2-ylamino)acetonitrile**; Amfetaminil; *N*-( $\alpha$ -Methylphenethyl)-2-phenylglycinylnitrile

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 17590-01-1

**NPU01169**

U—Amfetaminil; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol/l}$

**Air(ambient)—****Amitrole;****substance concentration****micromole/cubic metre** $M = 84.08 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): **1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-amine**;

Aminotriazole

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 61-82-5

**NPU16524**Air(amb)—Amitrole; subst.c. = ?  $\text{mmol/m}^3$ **Food(specification)—****Amitrole;****substance content****micromole/kg** $M = 84.08 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): **1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-amine**;

Aminotriazole

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 61-82-5

**NPU16525**Food(specification)—Amitrole: subst.cont. = ?  $\mu\text{mol/kg}$ **Urine—****Amitrole;****substance concentration****nanomole/litre** $M = 84.08 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): **1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-amine**;

Aminotriazole

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 61-82-5

**NPU16523**U—Amitrole; subst.c. = ?  $\text{nmol/l}$ **Water(drinking)—****Amitrole;****substance concentration****micromole/litre** $M = 84.08 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): **1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-amine**;

Aminotriazole

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 61-82-5

**NPU16526**Water(drinking)—Amitrole; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol/l}$ **Air(ambient)—****Ammonia;****substance concentration****millimole/cubic metre** $M = 17.04 \text{ g/mol}$ 

Note(s): CAS 7664-41-7

**NPU16527**Air(amb)—Ammonia; subst.c. = ?  $\text{mmol/m}^3$ **Plasma—****Ammonium;****substance concentration****micromole/litre** $M = 18.04 \text{ g/mol}$ 

Note(s): CAS 7664-41-7 (ammonia)

<b>NPU03928</b>	Note(s): CAS 7440-36-0 (element); Atomic mass for elemental antimony
P—Ammonium; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$	
<b>Plasma(arterial blood)—</b>	
<b>Ammonium;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>micromole/litre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 18.04 g/mol	
Note(s): CAS 7664-41-7 (ammonia)	
<b>NPU01226</b>	
P(aB)—Ammonium; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$	
<b>Urine—</b>	
<b>Ammonium;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>micromole/litre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 18.04 g/mol	
Note(s): CAS 7664-41-7 (ammonia)	
<b>NPU01227</b>	
U—Ammonium; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$	
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	
<b>Ammonium;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>micromole/litre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 18.04 g/mol	
Note(s): CAS 7664-41-7 (ammonia)	
<b>NPU16528</b>	
Water(drinking)—Ammonium; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$	
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	
<b>Antimony(0, III and V);</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>	
<i>A</i> = 121.75 g/mol	
Other term(s): Antimony(total)	
Note(s): CAS 7440-36-0 (element); Atomic mass for elemental antimony	
<b>NPU16529</b>	
Air(amb)—Antimony(0,III and V); subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/m}^3$	
<b>Blood—</b>	
<b>Antimony(III and V);</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	
<i>A</i> = 121.75 g/mol	
Other term(s): Antimony(total)	
Note(s): CAS 7440-36-0 (element); Atomic mass for elemental antimony	
<b>NPU16894</b>	
B—Antimony(III and V); subst.c. = ? nmol/l	
<b>Plasma—</b>	
<b>Antimony(III and V);</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	
<i>A</i> = 121.75 g/mol	
Other term(s): Antimony(total)	

	Note(s): CAS 7440-36-0 (element); Atomic mass for elemental antimony
<b>NPU01274</b>	
P—Antimony(III and V); subst.c. = ? nmol/l	
<b>Urine—</b>	
<b>Antimony(III and V);</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	
<i>A</i> = 121.75 g/mol	
Other term(s): Antimony(total)	
Note(s): CAS 7440-36-0 (element); Atomic mass for elemental antimony	
<b>NPU16530</b>	
U—Antimony(III and V); subst.c. = ? nmol/l	
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	
<b>Antimony(III and V);</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	
<i>A</i> = 121.75 g/mol	
Other term(s): Antimony(total)	
Note(s): CAS 7440-36-0 (element); Atomic mass for elemental antimony	
<b>NPU16531</b>	
Water(drinking)—Antimony(III and V); subst.c. = ? nmol/l	
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	
<b>Antimony trihydride;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 124.78 g/mol	
Other term(s): Antimony hydride; Hydrogen antimonide; Stibine	
Note(s): CAS 7803-52-3	
<b>NPU16825</b>	
Air(amb)—Antimony trihydride; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/m}^3$	
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	
<b>Antimony trihydride;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 124.78 g/mol	
Other term(s): Antimony hydride; Hydrogen antimonide; Stibine	
Note(s): CAS 7803-52-3	
<b>NPU16826</b>	
Water(drinking)—Antimony trihydride; subst.c. = ? nmol/l	
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	
<b>Arsenic((III and V) inorganic and organically bound);</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>	
<i>A</i> = 74.92 g/mol	
Other term(s): Arsenic (total)	

Note(s): CAS 7440-38-2 (element); Atomic mass for elemental arsenic

**NPU16532**

Air(amb)—Arsenic((III and V) inorganic and organically bound); subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

**Blood—**

**Arsenic((III and V) inorganic and organically bound); substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$A = 74.92 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Arsenic(total)

Note(s): CAS 7440-38-2 (element); Atomic mass for elemental arsenic

**NPU16896**

B—Arsenic(III and V, inorganic and organically bound); subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Cells(blood)—**

**Arsenic((III and V) inorganic and organically bound); substance content**

**nanomole/kilogram**

$A = 74.92 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Arsenic(total)

Note(s): CAS 7440-38-2 (element); Atomic mass for elemental arsenic

**NPU16946**

Cells(b)—Arsenic((III and V) inorganic and organically bound); subst.cont. = ? nmol/kg

**Hair—**

**Arsenic((III and V) inorganic and organically bound); substance content**

**micromole/kilogram**

$A = 74.92 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Arsenic(total)

Note(s): CAS 7440-38-2 (element); Atomic mass for elemental arsenic

**NPU16897**

Hair—Arsenic((III and V) inorganic and organically bound); subst.cont. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{kg}$

**Plasma—**

**Arsenic((III and V) inorganic and organically bound); substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$A = 74.92 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Arsenic(total)

Note(s): CAS 7440-38-2 (element); Atomic mass for elemental arsenic

**NPU16955**

P—Arsenic((III and V) inorganic and organically bound); subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Urine—**

**Arsenic((III and V) inorganic and organically bound); substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$A = 74.92 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Arsenic(total)

Note(s): CAS 7440-38-2 (element); Atomic mass for elemental arsenic

**NPU16898**

U—Arsenic((III and V) inorganic and organically bound); subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Water(drinking)—**

**Arsenic((III and V) inorganic and organically bound); substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$A = 74.92 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Arsenic(total)

Note(s): CAS 7440-38-2 (element); Atomic mass for elemental arsenic

**NPU16533**

Water(drinking)—Arsenic((III and V) inorganic and organically bound); subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Air(ambient)—**

**Arsine;**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/cubic metre**

$M = 77.95 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Arsenic hydride; Arsenic trihydride; Hydrogen arsenide

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 7784-42-1

**NPU16534**

Air(amb)—Arsine; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

**Air(ambient)—**

**Asbestos fibres(length > 5  $\mu\text{m}$ , aspect ratio(L:D)  $\geq 3:1$ ); number concentration(procedure)**

**reciprocal cubic metre**

Note(s): CAS 1332-21-4; Types of asbestos include Actinolite; Amosite (Cummingtonite-Grunerite); Anthophyllite; Chrysotile; Crocidolite (Riebeckite); Tremolite

**NPU16535**

Air(amb)—Asbestos fibres(length > 5  $\mu\text{m}$ , aspect ratio(L:D)  $\geq 3:1$ ; number conc.(proc.) = ?  $\text{m}^{-3}$

**Fluid (alveolar)—**

**Asbestos fibres(length > 5  $\mu\text{m}$ , aspect ratio(L:D)  $\geq 3:1$ ); number concentration(procedure)**

**reciprocal litre**

Note(s): CAS 1332-21-4; Types of asbestos include Actinolite; Amosite (Cummingtonite-Grunerite); Anthophyllite; Chrysotile; Crocidolite (Riebeckite); Tremolite

**NPU16536**

Fluid(alv)—Asbestos fibres(length > 5 µm, aspect ratio(L:D) ≥ 3:1); number conc.(proc.) = ? l<sup>-1</sup>

**Plasma—****Barbiturate;****substance concentration(list)**

*M*(barbituric acid) = 128.09 g/mol

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 67-52-7 (barbituric acid); Molar mass for barbituric acid

**NPU16396**

P—Barbiturate; subst.c.(list)

NPU16400 P—Barbital; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

NPU10139 P—Barbital; subst.c. = ? mmol/l

NPU03954 P—Pentobarbital; subst.c. = ? mmol/l

NPU16394 P—Pentobarbital; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

NPU03062 P—Phenobarbital; subst.c. = ? mmol/l

NPU16390 P—Phenobarbital; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Plasma—****Barbiturate;****taxon(list; procedure)**

*M*(barbituric acid) = 128.09 g/mol

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 67-52-7 (barbituric acid); Molar mass for barbituric acid

**NPU01345**

P—Barbiturate; taxon(list; proc.) = ?

**Urine—****Barbiturate;****arbitrary concentration(list; 0 1; procedure)**

*M*(barbituric acid) = 128.09 g/mol

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 67-52-7 (barbituric acid); Molar mass for barbituric acid

**NPU04826**

U—Barbiturate; arb.c.(list; 0 1; proc.)

NPU01343 U—Barbital; arb.c.(0 1; proc.) = ?

NPU04769 U—Butabarbital; arb.c.(0 1; proc.) = ?

NPU03042 U—Pentobarbital; arb.c.(0 1; proc.) = ?

NPU03063 U—Phenobarbital; arb.c. (0 1; proc.) = ?

NPU08677 U—Thiopental; arb.c.(0 1; proc.) = ?

**Urine—****Barbiturate;****taxon(list; procedure)**

*M*(barbituric acid) = 128.09 g/mol

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 67-52-7 (barbituric acid); Molar mass for barbituric acid

**NPU04588**

U—Barbiturate; taxon(list; proc.) = ?

**Plasma—****Barbiturates;****arbitrary concentration(0 1; procedure)**

*M*(barbituric acid) = 128.09 g/mol

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 67-52-7 (barbituric acid); Molar mass for barbituric acid; e.g., Alphenal; Amobarbital; Aprobarbital; Barbital; Butabarbital; Cyclopentobarbital; 5-Ethyl-5-(4-hydroxyphenyl) barbiturate; Pentobarbital; Phenobarbital; Secobarbital; Talbutal; Thiopental

**NPU16395**

P—Barbiturates; arb.c.(0 1; proc.) = ?

**Plasma—****Barbiturates;****substance concentration****micromole/litre**

*M*(barbituric acid) = 128.09 g/mol

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 67-52-7 (barbituric acid); Molar mass for barbituric acid; e.g., Alphenal; Amobarbital; Aprobarbital; Barbital; Butabarbital; Cyclopentobarbital; 5-Ethyl-5-(4-hydroxyphenyl) barbiturate; Pentobarbital; Phenobarbital; Secobarbital; Talbutal; Thiopental

**NPU01344**

P—Barbiturates; subst.c. = ? µmol/l

**Urine—****Barbiturates;****arbitrary concentration(0 1; procedure)**

*M*(barbituric acid) = 128.09 g/mol

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 67-52-7 (barbituric acid); Molar mass for barbituric acid; e.g., Alphenal; Amobarbital; Aprobarbital; Barbital; Butabarbital; Cyclopentobarbital; 5-Ethyl-5-(4-hydroxyphenyl) barbiturate; Pentobarbital; Phenobarbital; Secobarbital; Talbutal; Thiopental

**NPU08959**

U—Barbiturates; arb.c.(0 1; proc.) = ?

**Urine—****Barbiturates;****substance concentration****micromole/litre**

*M*(barbituric acid) = 128.09 g/mol

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 67-52-7 (barbituric acid); Molar mass for barbituric acid; e.g., Alphenal; Amobarbital; Aprobarbital; Barbital; Butabarbital; Cyclopentobarbital; 5-Ethyl-5-(4-hydroxyphenyl) barbiturate; Pentobarbital; Phenobarbital; Secobarbital; Talbutal; Thiopental

**NPU04085**

U—Barbiturates; subst.c. = ? µmol/l

**Air(ambient)—****Barium(II);****substance concentration(procedure)****micromole/cubic metre**

*A* = 137.34 g/mol

Note(s): CAS 7440-39-3 (element); Atomic mass for elemental barium

**NPU16537**

Air(amb)—Barium(II); subst.c.(proc.) = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

**Plasma—**

**Barium(II);**

**substance concentration**  
**nanomole/litre**

$A = 137.34 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7440-39-3 (element); Atomic mass for elemental barium

**NPU16899**

P—Barium(II); subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Urine—**

**Barium(II);**

**substance concentration**  
**nanomole/litre**

$A = 137.34 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7440-39-3 (element); Atomic mass for elemental barium

**NPU16900**

U—Barium(II); subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Water(drinking)—**

**Barium(II);**

**substance concentration**  
**micromole/litre**

$A = 137.34 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7440-39-3 (element); Atomic mass for elemental barium

**NPU16538**

Water(drinking)—Barium(II); subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{l}$

**Urine—**

**Basic drugs;**

**arbitrary concentration(0 1; procedure)**

Other term(s): Tetrabromophenolphthalein ethyl ester reactive compounds

Note(s): Examples of basic drugs are

Diphenhydramine; Doxepin; Doxylamin;  
Flurazepam; Maprotilin; Pipamperon

**NPU16539**

U—Basic drugs; arb.c.(0 1; proc.) = ?

**Air(ambient)—**

**Benomyl;**

**substance concentration**  
**millimole/cubic metre**

$M = 290.36 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Methyl 1-

(butylcarbamoyl)benzimidazol-2-ylcarbamate;

Methyl 1-(butylcarbamoyl)-2-  
benzimidazolecarbamate

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 17804-35-2

**NPU16540**

Air(amb)—Benomyl; subst.c. = ? mmol/m<sup>3</sup>

**Air(ambient)—**

**Benzene;**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/cubic metre**

$M = 78.11 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 71-43-2

**NPU16541**

Air(amb)—Benzene; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

**Air(exhaled)—**

**Benzene;**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/cubic metre**

$M = 78.11 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Benzol; Phenyl hydride

Note(s): CAS 71-43-2

**NPU16542**

Air(exh)—Benzene; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

**Urine—**

**Benzene;**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/litre**

$M = 78.11 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Benzol; Phenyl hydride

Note(s): CAS 71-43-2

**NPU16543**

U—Benzene; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{l}$

**Water(drinking)—**

**Benzene;**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/litre**

$M = 78.11 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Benzol; Phenyl hydride

Note(s): CAS 71-43-2

**NPU16544**

Water(drinking)—Benzene; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{l}$

**Urine—**

**Benzoyllecgonine;**

**arbitrary concentration(0 1; procedure)**

$M = 289.33 \text{ g/mol}$

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 519-09-5

**NPU16545**

U—Benzoyllecgonine; arb.c.(0 1; proc.) = ?

**Air(ambient)—**

**Beryllium(0 and III);**

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/cubic metre**

$A = 9.01 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7440-41-7 (element); Atomic mass for elemental beryllium

**NPU16546**

Air(amb)—Beryllium(0 and III); subst.c. = ? nmol/m<sup>3</sup>

<b>Plasma—</b>	<b>Urine—</b>
<b>Beryllium(III);</b>	<b>Boron(III);</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	<b>micromole/litre</b>
<i>A</i> = 9.01 g/mol	<i>A</i> = 10.81 g/mol
Note(s): CAS 7440-41-7 (element); Atomic mass for elemental beryllium	Note(s): CAS 7440-42-8 (element); Atomic mass for elemental boron
<b>NPU16901</b>	<b>NPU16947</b>
P—Beryllium(III); subst.c. = ? nmol/l	U—Boron(III); subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$
<b>Urine—</b>	<b>Water(drinking)—</b>
<b>Beryllium(III);</b>	<b>Boron(III);</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	<b>millimole/litre</b>
<i>A</i> = 9.01 g/mol	<i>A</i> = 10.81 g/mol
Note(s): CAS 7440-41-7 (element); Atomic mass for elemental beryllium	Note(s): CAS 7440-42-8 (element); Atomic mass for elemental boron
<b>NPU16902</b>	<b>NP16890</b>
U—Beryllium(III); subst.c. = ? nmol/l	Water(drinking)—Boron(III); subst.c. = ? mmol/l
<b>Plasma—</b>	<b>Blood—</b>
<b>Bismuth(III);</b>	<b>Bromide ion;</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	<b>micromole/litre</b>
<i>A</i> = 208.98 g/mol	<i>A</i> = 79.90 g/mol
Note(s): CAS 7440-69-9 (element); Atomic mass for elemental bismuth	Note(s): CAS 7726-95-6 (element); Atomic mass for elemental bromine
<b>NPU16903</b>	<b>NPU04834</b>
P—Bismuth(III); subst.c. = ? nmol/l	B—Bromide ion; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$
<b>Urine—</b>	<b>Plasma—</b>
<b>Bismuth(III);</b>	<b>Bromide ion;</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	<b>micromole/litre</b>
<i>A</i> = 208.98 g/mol	<i>A</i> = 79.90 g/mol
Note(s): CAS 7440-69-9 (element); Atomic mass for elemental bismuth	Note(s): CAS 7726-95-6 (element); Atomic mass for elemental bromine
<b>NPU16904</b>	<b>NPU01403</b>
U—Bismuth(III); subst.c. = ? nmol/l	P—Bromide ion; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	<b>Urine—</b>
<b>Boron(III);</b>	<b>Bromide ion;</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>millimole/cubic metre</b>	<b>micromole/litre</b>
<i>A</i> = 10.81 g/mol	<i>A</i> = 79.90 g/mol
Note(s): CAS 7440-42-8 (element); Atomic mass for elemental boron	Note(s): CAS 7726-95-6 (element); Atomic mass for elemental bromine
<b>NPU16547</b>	<b>NPU04870</b>
Air(amb)—Boron(III); subst.c. = ? mmol/m <sup>3</sup>	U—Bromide ion; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$
<b>Plasma—</b>	<b>Air(ambient)—</b>
<b>Boron(III);</b>	<b>Bromine(gas);</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>micromole/litre</b>	<b>millimole/cubic metre</b>
<i>A</i> = 10.81 g/mol	<i>M</i> = 159.80 g/mol
Note(s): CAS 7440-42-8 (element); Atomic mass for elemental boron	Note(s): CAS 7726-95-6
<b>NPU16905</b>	<b>NPU16548</b>
P—Boron(III); subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$	Air(ambient)—Bromine gas; subst.c. = ? mmol/m <sup>3</sup>

<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	Note(s): CAS 7440-43-9 (element); Atomic mass for elemental cadmium
<b>Butan-1-ol;</b>	<b>NPU16949</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	Cells(b)—Cadmium(II); subst.cont. = ? nmol/kg
<b>millimole/cubic metre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 74.12 g/mol	
Other term(s): <i>n</i> -Butanol; Butyl alcohol; <i>n</i> -Butyl alcohol; 1-Hydroxybutane; <i>n</i> -Propyl carbinol	
Note(s): CAS 71-36-3	
<b>NPU16549</b>	
Air(amb)—Butan-1-ol; subst.c. = ? mmol/m <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	<b>Food(specification)</b>
<b>Butan-1-ol;</b>	<b>Cadmium(II);</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	substance content
<b>micromole/litre</b>	<b>micromole/kilogram</b>
<i>M</i> = 74.12 g/mol	<i>A</i> = 112.41 g/mol
Other term(s): <i>n</i> -Butanol; Butyl alcohol; <i>n</i> -Butyl alcohol; 1-Hydroxybutane; <i>n</i> -Propyl carbinol	Note(s): CAS 7440-43-9 (element); Atomic mass for elemental cadmium
Note(s): CAS 71-36-3	
<b>NPU16550</b>	<b>NPU16555</b>
Water(drinking)—Butan-1-ol; subst.c. = ? μmol/l	Food(specification)—Cadmium(II); subst.cont. = ? μmol/kg
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	<b>Hair—</b>
<b>Butan-2-ol;</b>	<b>Cadmium(II);</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	substance content
<b>millimole/cubic metre</b>	<b>micromole/kilogram</b>
<i>M</i> = 74.12 g/mol	<i>A</i> = 112.41 g/mol
Other term(s): <i>sec</i> -Butyl alcohol; Butylene hydrate; 2-Hydroxybutane; Methyl ethyl carbinol	Note(s): CAS 7440-43-9 (element); Atomic mass for elemental cadmium
Note(s): CAS 78-92-2	
<b>NPU16551</b>	<b>NPU16906</b>
Air(amb)—Butan-2-ol; subst.c. = ? mmol/m <sup>3</sup>	Hair—Cadmium(II); subst.cont. = ? μmol/kg
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	<b>Plasma—</b>
<b>Butan-2-ol;</b>	<b>Cadmium(II);</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	substance concentration
<b>micromole/litre</b>	<b>nanomole/litre</b>
<i>M</i> = 74.12 g/mol	<i>A</i> = 112.41 g/mol
Other term(s): <i>sec</i> -Butyl alcohol; Butylene hydrate; 2-Hydroxybutane; Methyl ethyl carbinol	Note(s): CAS 7440-43-9 (element); Atomic mass for elemental cadmium
Note(s): CAS 78-92-2	
<b>NPU16552</b>	<b>NPU16907</b>
Water(drinking)—Butan-2-ol; subst.c. = ? μmol/l	P—Cadmium(II); subst.c. = ? nmol/l
<b>Blood—</b>	<b>Urine—</b>
<b>Cadmium(II);</b>	<b>Cadmium(II);</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	substance concentration
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	<b>nanomole/litre</b>
<i>A</i> = 112.41 g/mol	<i>A</i> = 112.41 g/mol
Note(s): CAS 7440-43-9 (element); Atomic mass for elemental cadmium	Note(s): CAS 7440-43-9 (element); Atomic mass for elemental cadmium
<b>NPU16948</b>	<b>NPU16908</b>
B—Cadmium(II); subst.c. = ? nmol/l	U—Cadmium(II); subst.c. = ? nmol/l
<b>Cells(blood)—</b>	<b>Water(drinking)—</b>
<b>Cadmium(II);</b>	<b>Cadmium(II);</b>
<b>substance content</b>	substance concentration
<b>nanomole/kilogram</b>	<b>nanomole/litre</b>
<i>A</i> = 112.41 g/mol	<i>A</i> = 112.41 g/mol
	Note(s): CAS 7440-43-9 (element); Atomic mass for elemental cadmium
	<b>NPU16556</b>
	Water(drinking)—Cadmium(II); subst.c. = ? nmol/l
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	<b>Air(ambient)—</b>
<b>Cadmium((0 and II) dust);</b>	<b>Cadmium((0 and II) dust);</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	substance concentration
<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>	

$A = 112.41 \text{ g/mol}$	<b>arbitrary concentration(0 1; procedure)</b>
Note(s): CAS 7440-43-9 (element); Atomic mass for elemental cadmium	$M(\text{cannabinol}) = 310.44 \text{ g/mol}$
<b>NPU16557</b>	Authority: INN
Air(amb)—Cadmium((0 and II) dust); subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$	Note(s): CAS 521-35-7 (cannabinol); Molar mass for cannabinol; e.g., Cannabidiol; Cannabinol; Tetrahydrocannabinol
<b>NPU08957</b>	<b>NPU08957</b>
Air(ambient)—	U—Cannabinoids; arb.c.(0 1; proc.) = ?
<b>Cadmium(II) fume;</b>	<b>Urine—</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>Cannabinoids;</b>
<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
$A = 112.41 \text{ g/mol}$	<b>micromole/litre</b>
Note(s): CAS 7440-43-9 (element); Atomic mass for elemental cadmium	$M(\text{cannabinol}) = 310.44 \text{ g/mol}$
<b>NPU16558</b>	Authority: INN
Air(amb)—Cadmium(II) fume); subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$	Note(s): CAS 521-35-7 (cannabinol); Molar mass for cannabinol; e.g., Cannabidiol; Cannabinol; Tetrahydrocannabinol
<b>Blood—</b>	<b>NPU04622</b>
<b>Caesium(I);</b>	U—Cannabinoids; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{l}$
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>Urine—</b>
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	<b>Cannabinol;</b>
$A = 132.90 \text{ g/mol}$	<b>substance concentration</b>
Note(s): CAS 7440-46-2 (element); Atomic mass for elemental caesium	<b>nanomole/litre</b>
<b>NPU16909</b>	$M = 310.44 \text{ g/mol}$
B—Caesium(I); subst.c. = ? nmol/l	Other term(s): <b>6,6,9-Trimethyl-3-pentyl-6H-dibenzo[b,d]pyran-1-ol</b> ; Cannabidiol; Cannabinol; Tetrahydrocannabinol
<b>Cells(blood)—</b>	Authority: INN
<b>Caesium(I);</b>	Note(s): CAS 521-35-7 (cannabinol)
<b>substance content</b>	<b>NPU01452</b>
<b>nanomole/kilogram</b>	U—Cannabinol; subst.c. = ? nmol/l
$A = 132.90 \text{ g/mol}$	<b>Air(ambient)—</b>
Note(s): CAS 7440-46-2 (element); Atomic mass for elemental caesium	<b>Carbaryl;</b>
<b>NPU16910</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
Cells(b)—Caesium(I); subst. cont. = ? nmol/kg	<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>
<b>Plasma—</b>	$M = 201.22 \text{ g/mol}$
<b>Caesium(I);</b>	Other term(s): <b>1-Naphthyl methylcarbamate</b> ; 1-Naphthyl N-methylcarbamate; ENT-23969; OMS-29; UC-7744; Arylam; Carylderm; Clinicide; Derbac; Dicarbam; Ravyon; Seffein; Sevin
<b>substance concentration</b>	Authority: ISO
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	Note(s): CAS 63-25-2
$A = 132.90 \text{ g/mol}$	<b>NPU16559</b>
Note(s): CAS 7440-46-2 (element); Atomic mass for elemental caesium	Air(amb)—Carbaryl; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$
<b>NPU16911</b>	<b>Water(drinking)—</b>
P—Caesium(I); subst.c. = ? nmol/l	<b>Carbaryl;</b>
<b>Urine—</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>Caesium(I);</b>	<b>nanomole/litre</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	$M = 201.22 \text{ g/mol}$
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	Other term(s): <b>1-Naphthyl methylcarbamate</b> ; 1-Naphthyl N-methylcarbamate; ENT-23969; OMS-29; UC-7744; Arylam; Carylderm; Clinicide; Derbac; Dicarbam; Ravyon; Seffein; Sevin
$A = 132.90 \text{ g/mol}$	Authority: ISO
Note(s): CAS 7440-46-2 (element); Atomic mass for elemental caesium	Note(s): CAS 63-25-2
<b>NPU01431</b>	
U—Caesium(I); subst.c. = ? nmol/l	
<b>Urine—</b>	
<b>Cannabinoids;</b>	

**NPU16560**

Water(drinking)—Carbaryl; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Water(drinking)—****Carbendazim;****substance concentration****nanomole/litre** $M = 191.19 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): **Methyl benzimidazol-2-ylcarbamate**; BAS-3460; Bavistin; BCM; BMC; Carbendazim; Carbendazine; Carbendazol; Carbendazole; CTR-6699; Derosal; HOE-17411; MBC; Methyl 2-benzimidazolecarbamate

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 10605-21-7

**NPU16561**

Water(drinking)—Carbendazim; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Plasma—****Carbohydrate deficient transferrin****substance concentration****micromole/litre** $M(\text{transferrin}) = \text{about } 80\,000 \text{ g/mol}$ 

Other term(s): CDT

**NPU16562**P—Carbohydrate deficient transferrin; subst.c. =  $\mu\text{mol/l}$ **Air(ambient)—****Carbon disulfide;****substance concentration****micromole/cubic metre** $M = 76.14 \text{ g/mol}$ 

Other term(s): Carbon bisulfide; Carbon bisulphide; Carbon disulphide; Methanedithione

Note(s): CAS 75-15-0

**NPU16563**Air(amb)—Carbon disulfide; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol/m}^3$ **Air(ambient)—****Carbon monoxide;****substance concentration****millimole/cubic metre** $M = 28.01 \text{ g/mol}$ 

Other term(s): Carbon oxide; Flue gas; Monoxide

Note(s): CAS 630-08-0

**NPU16564**Air(amb)—Carbon monoxide; subst.c. = ?  $\text{mmol/m}^3$ **Haemoglobin(total, blood)—****Carboxyhaemoglobin;****substance fraction****one** $M(\text{HbFe}) = \text{about } 16\,100 \text{ g/mol}$ 

Other term(s): Carbonylhaemoglobin;

CO-Hemoglobin

Note(s): CAS 9061-29-4

**NPU01473**

Hb(total, blood)—Carboxyhaemoglobin; subst.fr. = ?

**Air(ambient)—****Carbon tetrachloride;****substance concentration****millimole/cubic metre** $M = 153.82 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): **Tetrachloromethane**; Carbon chloride; Carbon tet; Freon 10; Halon 104

Note(s): CAS 56-23-5

**NPU16565**Air(amb)—Carbon tetrachloride; subst.c. = ?  $\text{mmol/m}^3$ **Cerebrospinal fluid—****Chloramphenicol;****substance concentration****micromole/litre** $M = 323.14 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): **2,2-Dichloro-N-[(1R,2R)-2-hydroxy-1-(hydroxymethyl)-2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]acetamide**; Ak-Chlor; Amphicol; Anacetin; Aquamycetin; Chemicetina; Chloramex; Chlorasol; Chloricol; Chlorocid; Chloromycetin; Chloroptic; Cloramfen; Chlorocyn; Enicol; Farmicetina; Fenicol; Globenicol; Intramycetin; Kemicetine; Leukomycin; Micoclorina; Mychel; Mycinol; Novomycetin; Ophthochlor; Pantovernil; Paraxin; Quemicetina; Ronphenil; Sintomicetina; Sno Phenicol; Synthomycetin; Tevcocin; Tifomycine; Veticol; Viceton

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 56-75-7

**NPU12938**Csf—Chloramphenicol; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol/l}$ **Plasma—****Chloramphenicol;****substance concentration****micromole/litre** $M = 323.14 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): **2,2-Dichloro-N-[(1R,2R)-2-hydroxy-1-(hydroxymethyl)-2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]acetamide**; Ak-Chlor; Amphicol; Anacetin; Aquamycetin; Chemicetina; Chloramex; Chlorasol; Chloricol; Chlorocid; Chloromycetin; Chloroptic; Cloramfen; Chlorocyn; Enicol; Farmicetina; Fenicol; Globenicol; Intramycetin; Kemicetine; Leukomycin; Micoclorina; Mychel; Mycinol; Novomycetin; Ophthochlor; Pantovernil; Paraxin; Quemicetina; Ronphenil; Sintomicetina; Sno Phenicol; Synthomycetin; Tevcocin; Tifomycine; Veticol; Viceton

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 56-75-7

**NPU12934**P—Chloramphenicol; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol/l}$

<b>System(specification)—</b>	<b>Air(ambient)—</b>
<b>Chloramphenicol;</b>	<b>Chlordecone;</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>micromole/litre</b>	<b>nanomole/cubic metre</b>
<i>M</i> = 323.14 g/mol	<i>M</i> = 490.64 g/mol
Other term(s): <b>2,2-Dichloro-N-[(1<i>R</i>,2<i>R</i>)-2-hydroxy-1-(hydroxymethyl)-2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]acetamide</b> : Ak-Chlor; Amphicol; Anacetin; Aquamycetin; Chemicetina; Chloramelex; Chlorasol; Chloricoll; Chlorocid; Chloromycetin; Chloroptic; Cloramfen; Chlorocyn; Enicol; Farmicetina; Fenicol; Globenicol; Intramycetin; Kemicetine; Leukomycin; Micoclorina; Mychel; Mycinol; Novomycetin; Ophthochlor; Pantovernil; Paraxin; Quemicetina; Ronphenil; Sintomicetina; Sno Phenicol; Synthomycetin; Tevcocin; Tifomycine; Veticol; Viceton	Other term(s): <b>Perchloropentacyclo[5.3.0.0<sup>2,6</sup>.0<sup>3,9</sup>.0<sup>4,8</sup>]decane-5-one</b> ; GC-1189; Kepone
Authority: ISO	Authority: ISO
Note(s): CAS 143-50-0	Note(s): CAS 143-50-0
<b>NPU16567</b>	<b>NPU16567</b>
Syst(spec.)—Chloramphenicol; subst.c. = ? μmol/l	Air(amb)—Chlordecone; subst.c. = ? nmol/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>Urine—</b>	<b>Water(drinking)—</b>
<b>Chloramphenicol;</b>	<b>Chlordecone;</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>micromole/litre</b>	<b>nanomole/litre</b>
<i>M</i> = 323.14 g/mol	<i>M</i> = 490.64 g/mol
Other term(s): <b>2,2-Dichloro-N-[(1<i>R</i>,2<i>R</i>)-2-hydroxy-1-(hydroxymethyl)-2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]acetamide</b> : Ak-Chlor; Amphicol; Anacetin; Aquamycetin; Chemicetina; Chloramelex; Chlorasol; Chloricoll; Chlorocid; Chloromycetin; Chloroptic; Cloramfen; Chlorocyn; Enicol; Farmicetina; Fenicol; Globenicol; Intramycetin; Kemicetine; Leukomycin; Micoclorina; Mychel; Mycinol; Novomycetin; Ophthochlor; Pantovernil; Paraxin; Quemicetina; Ronphenil; Sintomicetina; Sno Phenicol; Synthomycetin; Tevcocin; Tifomycine; Veticol; Viceton	Other term(s): <b>Perchloropentacyclo[5.3.0.0<sup>2,6</sup>.0<sup>3,9</sup>.0<sup>4,8</sup>]decane-5-one</b> ; GC-1189; Kepone
Authority: INN	Authority: ISO
Note(s): CAS 56-75-7	Note(s): CAS 143-50-0
<b>NPU17513</b>	<b>NPU16568</b>
Syst(spec.)—Chloramphenicol; subst.c. = ? μmol/l	Water(drinking)—Chlordecone; subst.c. = ? nmol/l
<b>Urine—</b>	<b>Air(ambient)—</b>
<b>Chloramphenicol;</b>	<b>Chlordimeform;</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	<b>nanomole/cubic metre</b>
<i>M</i> = 323.14 g/mol	<i>M</i> = 196.67 g/mol
Other term(s): <b>2,2-Dichloro-N-[(1<i>R</i>,2<i>R</i>)-2-hydroxy-1-(hydroxymethyl)-2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]acetamide</b> : Ak-Chlor; Amphicol; Anacetin; Aquamycetin; Chemicetina; Chloramelex; Chlorasol; Chloricoll; Chlorocid; Chloromycetin; Chloroptic; Cloramfen; Chlorocyn; Enicol; Farmicetina; Fenicol; Globenicol; Intramycetin; Kemicetine; Leukomycin; Micoclorina; Mychel; Mycinol; Novomycetin; Ophthochlor; Pantovernil; Paraxin; Quemicetina; Ronphenil; Sintomicetina; Sno Phenicol; Synthomycetin; Tevcocin; Tifomycine; Veticol; Viceton	Other term(s): <b><i>N</i><sup>2</sup>-(4-chloro-2-methylphenyl)-<i>N</i><sup>1</sup>,<i>N</i><sup>1</sup>-dimethylformamidine</b> ; <b><i>N</i><sup>2</sup>-(4-chloro-o-tolyl)-<i>N</i><sup>1</sup>,<i>N</i><sup>1</sup>-dimethylformamidine</b> ; CDM; Chlorophenamidine; Chlorphenamidine; Ciba 8514; Fundal; Galecron; Schering 36268; Spanon
Authority: INN	Authority: ISO
Note(s): CAS 56-75-7	Note(s): CAS 6164-98-3
<b>NPU12937</b>	<b>NPU16569</b>
U—Chloramphenicol; subst.c. = ? μmol/l	Air(amb)—Chlordimeform; subst.c. = ? nmol/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	<b>Water(drinking)—</b>
<b>Chlordan;</b>	<b>Chlordan;</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	<b>nanomole/litre</b>
<i>M</i> = 409.8 g/mol	<i>M</i> = 196.67 g/mol
Other term(s): <b>1,2,4,5,6,7,8,8-Octachloro-2,3,3a,4,7,7a-hexahydro-4,7-methanoindene</b> : Belt; CD-68; Chlordan; Chlordan; Corodane; Niran; Octachlor; Ortho-Klor; Synklor; Toxicchlor; Velsicol 1068	Other term(s): <b><i>N</i><sup>2</sup>-(4-chloro-2-methylphenyl)-<i>N</i><sup>1</sup>,<i>N</i><sup>1</sup>-dimethylformamidine</b> ; <b><i>N</i><sup>2</sup>-(4-chloro-o-tolyl)-<i>N</i><sup>1</sup>,<i>N</i><sup>1</sup>-dimethylformamidine</b> ; CDM; Chlorophenamidine; Chlorphenamidine; Ciba 8514; Fundal; Galecron; Schering 36268; Spanon
Authority: ISO	Authority: ISO
Note(s): CAS 57-74-9	Note(s): CAS 6164-98-3
<b>NPU16566</b>	<b>NPU16570</b>
Water(drinking)—Chlordan; subst.c. = ? nmol/l	Water(drinking)—Chlordan; subst.c. = ? nmol/l
<b>Urine—</b>	<b>Urine—</b>
<b>Chlorinated hydrocarbons;</b>	<b>Chlorinated hydrocarbons;</b>
<b>arbitrary concentration(0 1; procedure)</b>	<b>arbitrary concentration(0 1; procedure)</b>

Other term(s): Fujiwara reactive compounds  
 Note(s): Examples of chlorinated hydrocarbons are Chloroform; Chloral hydrate

**NPU16571**

U—Chlorinated hydrocarbons; arb.c.(0 1; proc.) = ?

**Water(drinking)—**

**Chlorinated paraffins(C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>20</sub>Cl<sub>16</sub>(typically));**

**substance concentration****nanomole/litre**

$M$ (typically) = 377 g/mol

Note(s): CAS 108171-26-2

**NPU16572**

Water(drinking)—Chlorinated paraffins(C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>20</sub>Cl<sub>16</sub>(typically)); subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Water(drinking)—**

**Chlorinated paraffins(C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>40</sub>Cl<sub>18</sub>(typically));**

**substance concentration****nanomole/litre**

$M$ (typically) = 600 g/mol

Note(s): CAS 108171-27-3

**NPU16573**

Water(drinking)—Chlorinated paraffins(C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>40</sub>Cl<sub>18</sub>(typically)); subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Air(ambient)—**

**Chlorine gas(Cl<sub>2</sub>);**

**substance concentration****micromole/cubic metre**

$M$  = 70.91 g/mol

Note(s): CAS 7782-50-5

**NPU16574**

Air(amb)—Chlorine; subst.c. = ? μmol/m<sup>3</sup>

**Water(drinking)—**

**Chlorine(Cl<sub>2</sub>);**

**substance concentration****micromole/litre**

$M$  = 70.91 g/mol

Note(s): CAS 7782-50-5

**NPU16575**

Water(drinking)—Chlorine; subst.c. = ? μmol/l

**Air(ambient)—**

**Chlorobenzene(except hexachlorobenzene);**

**substance concentration****micromole/cubic metre**

$M$ (monochlorobenzene) = 112.56 g/mol

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 108-90-7; Molar mass for a typical monochlorobenzene

**NPU16576**

Air(amb)—Chlorobenzene(except hexachlorobenzene); subst.c. = ? μmol/m<sup>3</sup>

**Water(drinking)—**

**Chlorobenzene(except hexachlorobenzene);**

**substance concentration****micromole/litre**

$M$ (monochlorobenzene) = 112.56 g/mol

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 108-90-7; Molar mass for a typical monochlorobenzene

**NPU16577**

Water(drinking)—Chlorobenzene(except hexachlorobenzene); subst.c. = ? μmol/l

**Air(ambient)—**

**Chloroform;**

**substance concentration****millimole/cubic metre**

$M$  = 119.39 g/mol

Other term(s): Methane trichloride;

Trichloromethane

Note(s): CAS 67-66-3

**NPU16578**

Air(amb)—Chloroform; subst.c. = ? mmol/m<sup>3</sup>

**Water(drinking)—**

**Chloroform;**

**substance concentration****micromole/litre**

$M$  = 119.39 g/mol

Other term(s): **Trichloromethane**; Methane trichloride

Note(s): CAS 67-66-3

**NPU16579**

Water(drinking)—Chloroform; subst.c. = ? μmol/l

**Air(ambient)—**

2-

**Chlorophenol;**

**substance concentration****millimole/cubic metre**

$M$  = 128.56 g/mol

Other term(s): 1-Chloro-2-hydroxybenzene; *o*-Chlorophenol; Chlorophenolate;

2-Hydroxychlorobenzene

Note(s): CAS 95-57-8

**NPU16580**

Air(amb)—2-Chlorophenol; subst.c. = ? mmol/m<sup>3</sup>

**Water(drinking)—**

2-

**Chlorophenol;**

**substance concentration****nanomole/litre**

$M$  = 128.56 g/mol

Other term(s): 1-Chloro-2-hydroxybenzene; *o*-Chlorophenol; Chlorophenolate;

2-Hydroxychlorobenzene

Note(s): CAS 95-57-8

**NPU16581**

Water(drinking)—2-Chlorophenol; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Air(ambient)—**

3-

<b>Chlorophenol;</b>	Exotherm Termil; Forturf; Termil;
<b>substance concentration</b>	2,4,5,6-Tetrachloro-1,3-dicyanobenzene;
<b>millimole/cubic metre</b>	<i>m</i> -Tetrachlorophthalodinitrile
$M = 128.56 \text{ g/mol}$	Authority: ISO
Other term(s): 3-Chlorohydroxybenzene;	Note(s): CAS 1897-45-6
<i>m</i> -Chlorophenol; 3-Hydroxychlorobenzene;	<b>NPU16586</b>
Meta-chlorophenol	Water(drinking)—Chlorothalonil; subst.c. =
Note(s): CAS 108-43-0	? nmol/l
<b>NPU16582</b>	
Air(amb)—3-Chlorophenol; subst.c. = ? mmol/m <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	<b>Air(ambient)—</b>
<b>3-</b>	<b>Chromate ion;</b>
<b>Chlorophenol;</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>nanomole/cubic metre</b>
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	$M = 115.99 \text{ g/mol}$
$M = 128.56 \text{ g/mol}$	Note(s): CAS 1333-82-0 (chromic acid)
Other term(s): 3-Chlorohydroxybenzene;	<b>NPU16587</b>
<i>m</i> -Chlorophenol; 3-Hydroxychlorobenzene;	Air(amb)—Chromate ion; subst.c. = ? nmol/m <sup>3</sup>
Meta-chlorophenol	
Note(s): CAS 108-43-0	
<b>NPU16583</b>	<b>Water(drinking)—</b>
Water(drinking)—3-Chlorophenol; subst.c. =	<b>Chromate ion;</b>
? nmol/l	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	<b>nanomole/litre</b>
<b>4-</b>	$M = 115.99 \text{ g/mol}$
<b>Chlorophenol;</b>	Note(s): CAS 1333-82-0 (chromic acid)
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>NPU16588</b>
<b>millimole/cubic metre</b>	Water(drinking)—Chromate ion; subst.c. =
$M = 128.56 \text{ g/mol}$	? nmol/l
Other term(s): Applied 3-78; <i>p</i> -Chlorophenic acid;	
<i>p</i> -Chlorophenol; <i>p</i> -Hydroxychlorobenzene;	<b>Air(ambient)—</b>
4-Hydroxychlorobenzene	<b>Chromium(III and VI);</b>
Note(s): CAS 106-48-9	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>NPU16584</b>	<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>
Air(amb)—4-Chlorophenol; subst.c. = ? mmol/m <sup>3</sup>	$A = 51.99 \text{ g/mol}$
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	Note(s): CAS 7440-47-3 (element); Atomic mass
<b>4-</b>	for elemental chromium
<b>Chlorophenol;</b>	<b>NPU16589</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	Air(amb)—Chromium(III and VI); subst.c. =
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$
$M = 128.56 \text{ g/mol}$	
Other term(s): Applied 3-78; <i>p</i> -Chlorophenic acid;	<b>Air(specification)—</b>
<i>p</i> -Chlorophenol; <i>p</i> -Hydroxychlorobenzene;	<b>Chromium(VI);</b>
4-Hydroxychlorobenzene	<b>substance concentration</b>
Note(s): CAS 106-48-9	<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>
<b>NPU16585</b>	$A = 51.99 \text{ g/mol}$
Water(drinking)—4-Chlorophenol; subst.c. =	Note(s): CAS 7440-47-3 (element); Atomic mass
? nmol/l	for elemental chromium
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	<b>NPU16590</b>
<b>Chlorothalonil;</b>	Air(spec.)—Chromium(VI); subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	<b>Cells(blood)—</b>
$M = 265.91 \text{ g/mol}$	<b>Chromium(III);</b>
Other term(s): <b>Tetrachloroisophthalonitrile;</b>	<b>substance content</b>
Bravo; Chlorthalonil; DAC-2787; Daconil 2787;	<b>nanomole/kilogram</b>
1,3-Dicyano-2,4,5,6-tetrachlorobenzene;	$A = 51.99 \text{ g/mol}$

**Plasma—**

**Chromium(III);**  
**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$A = 51.99 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7440-47-3 (element); Atomic mass for elemental chromium

**NPU01589**

P—Chromium(III); subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Urine—**

**Chromium(III);**  
**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$A = 51.99 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7440-47-3 (element); Atomic mass for elemental chromium

**NPU01590**

U—Chromium(III); subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Urine—**

**Cocaine and metabolites;**

**arbitrary concentration(0 1; procedure)**

Authority: INN

CAS Registry Number: 50-36-2 (cocaine)

Note(s): Examples of metabolites are Benzoyl ecgonine; Ecgonine; Ecgonine methylester

**NPU08955**

U—Cocaine and metabolites; arb.c.(0 1; proc.) =

**Cells(blood)—**

**Copper(II);**  
**substance content**

**micromole/kilogram**

$A = 63.55 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7440-50-8 (element); Atomic mass for elemental copper

**NPU04905**

Cells(b)—Copper(II); subst.cont. = ? μmol/kg

**Plasma—**

**Copper(II);**  
**substance concentration**

**micromole/litre**

$A = 63.55 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7440-50-8 (element); Atomic mass for elemental copper

**NPU01773**

P—Copper(II); subst.c. = ? μmol/l

**Urine—**

**Copper(II);**  
**substance concentration**

**micromole/litre**

$A = 63.55 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7440-50-8 (element); Atomic mass for elemental copper

**NPU01774**

U—Copper(II); subst.c. = ? μmol/l

**Air(ambient)—**

**Copper((0, I and II) dust and mist);**  
**substance concentration**

**micromole/cubic metre**

$A = 63.55 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Copper(total)

Note(s): CAS 7440-50-8 (element); Atomic mass for elemental copper

**NPU16591**

Air(amb)—Copper((0, I and II) dust and mist); subst.c. = ? μmol/m<sup>3</sup>

**Air(specification)—**

**Copper oxide(dust and fume);**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/cubic metre**

$A = 79.54 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 1317-38-0; Atomic mass for elemental copper

**NPU16592**

Air(spec)—Copper oxide(dust and fume); subst.c. = ? μmol/m<sup>3</sup>

**Blood—**

**Cotinine;**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/litre**

$M = 176.22 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **1-Methyl-5-pyridin-3-ylpyrrolidin-2-one**

Authority: INN

Note(s); CAS 486-56-6

**NPU16593**

B—Cotinine; subst.c. = ? μmol/l

**Urine—**

**Cotinine;**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/litre**

$M = 176.22 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **1-Methyl-5-pyridin-3-ylpyrrolidin-2-one**

Authority: INN

Note(s); CAS 486-56-6

**NPU16594**

U—Cotinine; subst.c. = ? μmol/l

**Air(ambient)—**

**o-**

**Cresol;**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/cubic metre**

$M = 108.15 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **2-Methylphenol**; 2-Cresol; o-Cresylic acid; 1-Hydroxy-2-methylbenzene;

2-Hydroxytoluene

Note(s): CAS 95-48-7

**NPU16595**

Air(amb)—2-Cresol; subst.c. = ? μmol/m<sup>3</sup>

<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	Other term(s): <b>4-Methylphenol</b> ; 4-Cresol; <i>p</i> -Cresylic acid; 1-Hydroxy-4-methylbenzene; 4-Hydroxytoluene Note(s): CAS 106-44-5 <b>NPU16600</b> Water(drinking)—4-Cresol; subst.c. = ? nmol/l
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	<b>Food(specification)—</b>
<i>m</i> -	<b>Cyanide ion;</b>
<b>Cresol;</b>	<b>substance content</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>micromole/kilogram</b>
<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>	<i>M</i> = 26.03 g/mol
<i>M</i> = 108.15 g/mol	Note(s): CAS 74-90-8 (hydrogen cyanide)
Other term(s): <b>3-Methylphenol</b> ; 3-Cresol; <i>m</i> -Cresylic acid; 1-Hydroxy-3-methylbenzene; 3-Hydroxytoluene	<b>NPU16601</b>
Note(s): CAS 108-39-4	Food(specification)—Cyanide ion; subst.cont. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{kg}$
<b>NPU16597</b>	<b>Water(drinking)—</b>
Air(amb)—3-Cresol; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$	<b>Cyanide ion;</b>
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<i>m</i> -	<b>micromole/litre</b>
<b>Cresol;</b>	<i>M</i> = 26.03 g/mol
<b>substance concentration</b>	Note(s): CAS 74-90-8 (hydrogen cyanide)
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	<b>NPU16602</b>
<i>M</i> = 108.15 g/mol	Water(drinking)—Cyanide ion; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{l}$
Other term(s): <b>3-Methylphenol</b> ; 3-Cresol; <i>m</i> -Cresylic acid; 1-Hydroxy-3-methylbenzene; 3-Hydroxytoluene	<b>Food(specification)—</b>
Note(s): CAS 108-39-4	<b>Cypermethrin;</b>
<b>NPU16598</b>	<b>substance content</b>
Water(drinking)—3-Cresol; subst.c. = ? nmol/l	<b>nanomole/kilogram</b>
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	<i>M</i> = 416.30 g/mol
<i>p</i> -	Other term(s): <b>(RS)-<math>\alpha</math>-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1RS,3RS;1RS,3SR)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-Dimethylcyclopropane-1-carboxylate</b> ;
<b>Cresol;</b>	Agrothrin; Ammo; Arrivo; Barricade; Cymbush; Cynoff; Cypercure; Cyperkill; Cypersect; Demon; Dysect; Ectomin; Ectopor; Fastac; Flectron; FMC-30980; NRDC-149; Nurelle; Parasol; Polytrin; PP-383; Ripcord; Rycopel; Sherpa; Topclip
<b>substance concentration</b>	Authority: ISO
<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>	Note(s): CAS 52315-07-8
<i>M</i> = 108.15 g/mol	<b>NPU16603</b>
Other term(s): <b>4-Methylphenol</b> ; 4-Cresol; <i>p</i> -Cresylic acid; 1-Hydroxy-4-methylbenzene; 4-Hydroxytoluene	Food(specification)—Cypermethrin; subst.cont. = ? nmol/kg
Note(s): CAS 106-44-5	<b>Water(drinking)—</b>
<b>NPU16599</b>	<b>Cypermethrin;</b>
Air(amb)—4-Cresol; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	<b>nanomole/litre</b>
<i>p</i> -	<i>M</i> = 416.30 g/mol
<b>Cresol;</b>	Other term(s): <b>(RS)-<math>\alpha</math>-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1RS,3RS;1RS,3SR)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-Dimethylcyclopropane-1-carboxylate</b> ;
<b>substance concentration</b>	Agrothrin; Ammo; Arrivo; Barricade; Cymbush; Cynoff; Cypercure; Cyperkill; Cypersect; Demon; Dysect; Ectomin; Ectopor; Fastac; Flectron; FMC-30980; NRDC-149; Nurelle; Parasol; Polytrin; PP-383; Ripcord; Rycopel; Sherpa; Topclip
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 108.15 g/mol	

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 52315-07-8

**NPU16604**

Water(drinking)—Cypermethrin; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Food(specification)—**

4,4'-

**DDD:**

**substance content**

**nanomole/kilogram**

$M = 320.05 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **1,1'-(2,2-Dichloroethane-1,1-diy)bis(4-chlorobenzene)**; 1,1-Dichloro-2,2-bis(4-chlorophenyl)-ethane;

Dichlorodiphenyldichloroethane; Rhothane; TDE Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 72-54-8

**NPU16608**

Food(specification)—4,4'-DDD; subst.cont. = ? nmol/kg

**Water(drinking)—**

4,4'-

**DDD:**

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$M = 320.05 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **1,1'-(2,2-Dichloroethane-1,1-diy)bis(4-chlorobenzene)**; 1,1-Dichloro-2,2-bis(4-chlorophenyl)-ethane;

Dichlorodiphenyldichloroethane; Rhothane; TDE Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 72-54-8

**NPU16609**

Water(drinking)—4,4'-DDD; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Food(specification)—**

**DDE:**

**substance content**

**nanomole/kilogram**

$M = 318.03 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **1-Chloro-4-[2,2-dichloro-1-(4-chlorophenyl)ethenyl]benzene**; 1-Chloro-4-[2,2-dichloro-1-(4-chlorophenyl)vinyl]benzene;

Dichlorodiphenyldichloroethylene Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 72-55-9

**NPU16610**

Food(specification)—DDE; subst.cont. = ? nmol/kg

**Water(drinking)—**

**DDE:**

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$M = 318.03 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **1-Chloro-4-[2,2-dichloro-1-(4-chlorophenyl)ethenyl]benzene**; 1-Chloro-4-

[2,2-dichloro-1-(4-chlorophenyl)vinyl]benzene;

Dichlorodiphenyldichloroethylene Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 72-55-9

**NPU16611**

Water(drinking)—DDE; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Air(ambient)—**

**DDT(all isomers):**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/cubic metre**

$M = 354.49 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2-bis(4-chlorophenyl)ethane**; Agritan;

Chlorophenothane; Clofenotane; *p,p'*-DDT;

Dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane; Dicophane;

Gesapon; Gesarex; Gesarol; Guesapon; Neocid;

Pentachlorin Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 50-29-3

**NPU16612**

Air(amb)—DDT(all isomers); subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

**Food(specification)—**

**DDT(all isomers):**

**substance content**

**nanomole/kg**

$M = 354.49 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2-bis(4-chlorophenyl)ethane**; Agritan;

Chlorophenothane; Clofenotane; *p,p'*-DDT;

Dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane; Dicophane;

Gesapon; Gesarex; Gesarol; Guesapon; Neocid;

Pentachlorin Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 50-29-3

**NPU16613**

Food(specification)—DDT(all isomers);

subst.cont. = ? nmol/kg

**Water(drinking)—**

**DDT(all isomers):**

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$M = 354.49 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2-bis(4-chlorophenyl)ethane**; Agritan;

Chlorophenothane; Clofenotane; *p,p'*-DDT;

Dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane; Dicophane;

Gesapon; Gesarex; Gesarol; Guesapon; Neocid;

Pentachlorin Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 50-29-3

**NPU16614**

Water(drinking)—DDT(all isomers); subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Water(drinking)—**

**Demeton-S-methyl:**

**substance concentration**

<b>nanomole/litre</b>	(1-methylethyl)-4-pyrimidinyl] phosphorothioate;
$M = 258.34 \text{ g/mol}$	Spectracide
Other term(s): <b>S-2-(Ethylsulfanyl)ethyl</b>	Authority: ISO
<b>O,O-dimethyl phosphorothioate;</b>	Note(s): CAS 333-41-5
<b>S-2-Ethylthioethyl O,O-dimethyl phosphorothioate;</b>	<b>NPU16621</b>
Bayer 8169; Mercaptophos; E-1059; Systox	Water(drinking)—Diazinon; subst.c. = ? nmol/l
Authority: ISO	
Note(s): CAS 8065-48-3	
<b>NPU16615</b>	
Water(drinking)—Demeton-S-methyl; subst.c. =	<b>Air(ambient)—</b>
? nmol/l	1,2-
<b>Food(specification)</b>	<b>Dibromoethane;</b>
<b>2,5-</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>Diaminotoluene;</b>	<b>nanomole/cubic metre</b>
<b>substance content</b>	$M = 187.88 \text{ g/mol}$
<b>nanomole/kilogram</b>	Other term(s): Ethylene dibromide
$M = 122.19 \text{ g/mol}$	Note(s): CAS 106-93-4
Other term(s): <b>2-Methylbenzene-1,4-diamine</b>	<b>NPU16622</b>
Note(s): CAS 95-70-5	Air(amb)—1,2-Dibromoethane; subst.c. =
<b>NPU16618</b>	? nmol/m <sup>3</sup>
Food(specification)—2,5-Diaminotoluene;	<b>Water(drinking)—</b>
subst.cont. = ? nmol/kg	1,2-
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	<b>Dibromoethane;</b>
<b>2,5-</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>Diaminotoluene;</b>	<b>nanomole/litre</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	$M = 187.88 \text{ g/mol}$
<b>nanomole/ litre</b>	Other term(s): Ethylene dibromide
$M = 122.19 \text{ g/mol}$	Note(s): CAS 106-93-4
Other term(s): <b>2-Methylbenzene-1,4-diamine</b>	<b>NPU16623</b>
Note(s): CAS 95-70-5	Water(drinking)—1,2-Dibromoethane; subst.c. =
<b>NPU16619</b>	? nmol/l
Water(drinking)—2,5-Diaminotoluene; subst.c. =	<b>Air(ambient)—</b>
? nmol/l	<b>Dibutyl phthalate;</b>
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>Diazinon;</b>	<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	$M = 278.34 \text{ g/mol}$
<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>	Other term(s): <b>Dibutyl benzene-1,2-carboxylate;</b>
$M = 304.36 \text{ g/mol}$	DBP; Dibutyl 1,2-benzene-dicarboxylate;
Other term(s): <b>O,O-diethyl O-2-isopropyl-6-</b>	Di-n-butyl phthalate
<b>methylpyrimidin-4-yl phosphorothioate;</b>	Note(s): CAS 84-74-2
Basudin; Diazide; <b>O,O-Diethyl O-[6-methyl-2-</b>	<b>NPU16624</b>
<b>(1-methylethyl)-4-pyrimidinyl] phosphorothioate;</b>	Air(amb)—Dibutyl phthalate; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$
Spectracide	
Authority: ISO	
Note(s): CAS 333-41-5	
<b>NPU16620</b>	<b>Food(specification)—</b>
Air(amb)—Diazinon; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$	<b>Dibutyl phthalate;</b>
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	<b>substance content</b>
<b>Diazinon;</b>	<b>nanomole/kilogram</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	$M = 278.34 \text{ g/mol}$
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	Other term(s): <b>Dibutyl benzene-1,2-carboxylate;</b>
$M = 304.36 \text{ g/mol}$	DBP; Dibutyl 1,2-benzene-dicarboxylate;
Other term(s): <b>O,O-diethyl O-2-isopropyl-6-</b>	Di-n-butyl phthalate
<b>methylpyrimidin-4-yl phosphorothioate;</b>	Note(s): CAS 84-74-2
Basudin; Diazide; <b>O,O-Diethyl O-[6-methyl-2-</b>	<b>NPU16625</b>

$M = 278.34 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **Dibutyl benzene-1,2-carboxylate;**

DBP; Dibutyl 1,2-benzene-dicarboxylate;

Di-*n*-butyl phthalate

Note(s): CAS 84-74-2

**NPU16626**

Water(drinking)—Dibutyl phthalate; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Air(ambient)**—

1,1-

**Dichloroethane;**

**substance concentration**

**millimole/cubic metre**

$M = 98.96 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Asymmetrical dichloroethane;

Ethylene dichloride; Ethylidene chloride;

1,1-Ethylidene dichloride

Note(s): CAS 75-34-3

**NPU16627**

Air(amb)—1,1-Dichloroethane; subst.c. = ? mmol/m<sup>3</sup>

**Water(drinking)**—

1,1-

**Dichloroethane;**

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$M = 98.96 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Asymmetrical dichloroethane;

Ethylene dichloride; Ethylidene chloride;

1,1-Ethylidene dichloride

Note(s): CAS 75-34-3

**NPU16628**

Water(drinking)—1,1-Dichloroethane; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Air(ambient)**—

2,4-

**Dichlorophenoxyacetate;**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/cubic metre**

$M = 220.04 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Agrotect; Amidox; Amoxone;

Aqua-kleen; Asgrow Aqua KD; Chloroxone; Crop

rider; 2,4-D; 2,4-D acid; Decamine;

Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid;

Dichlorophenoxyethanoic acid;

2,4-Dichlorophenoxyethanoic acid; Dicopur;

Dicotox; DMA-4; Dormone; Ed-weed; Emulsamine

BK; Envert DT; Ferminine; Formula 40;

Lawn-keep; Miracle; Monosan; Netagrone; 2,4-PA;

Pannamine; Verton; Weedtox; Weeditrol

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 94-75-7 (2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid)

**NPU16605**

Air(amb)—2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetate; subst.c. = ? μmol/m<sup>3</sup>

**Food(specification)**—

2,4-

**Dichlorophenoxyacetate;**

**substance content**

**nanomole/kilogram**

$M = 220.04 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Agrotect; Amidox; Amoxone;

Aqua-kleen; Asgrow Aqua KD; Chloroxone; Crop

rider; 2,4-D; 2,4-D acid; Decamine;

Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid;

Dichlorophenoxyethanoic acid;

2,4-Dichlorophenoxyethanoic acid; Dicopur;

Dicotox; DMA-4; Dormone; Ed-weed; Emulsamine

BK; Envert DT; Ferminine; Formula 40;

Lawn-keep; Miracle; Monosan; Netagrone; 2,4-PA;

Pannamine; Verton; Weedtox; Weeditrol

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 94-75-7 (2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid)

**NPU16606**

Food(specification)—2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetate;

subst.cont. = ? nmol/kg

**Water(drinking)**—

2,4-

**Dichlorophenoxyacetate;**

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$M = 220.04 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Agrotect; Amidox; Amoxone;

Aqua-kleen; Asgrow Aqua KD; Chloroxone; Crop

rider; 2,4-D; 2,4-D acid; Decamine;

Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid;

Dichlorophenoxyethanoic acid;

2,4-Dichlorophenoxyethanoic acid; Dicopur;

Dicotox; DMA-4; Dormone; Ed-weed; Emulsamine

BK; Envert DT; Ferminine; Formula 40;

Lawn-keep; Miracle; Monosan; Netagrone; 2,4-PA;

Pannamine; Verton; Weedtox; Weeditrol

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 94-75-7 (2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid)

**NPU16607**

Water(drinking)—2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetate;

subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Air(ambient)**—

1,2-

**Dichloropropane;**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/cubic metre**

$M = 112.99 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Propylene dichloride

Note(s): CAS 78-87-5

**NPU16629**

Air(amb)—1,2-Dichloropropane; subst.c. = ? μmol/m<sup>3</sup>

**Water(drinking)**—

1,2-

<b>Dichloropropane;</b>	Other term(s): <b>2,2-Dichlorovinyl dimethyl phosphate</b> ; DDVP; 2,2-Dichloroethenyl dimethyl phosphate
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 112.99 g/mol	
Other term(s): Propylene dichloride	
Note(s): CAS 78-87-5	
<b>NPU16630</b>	
Water(drinking)—1,2-Dichloropropane; subst.c. = ? nmol/l	
 <b>Air(ambient)</b> —	
<b>1,3-</b>	
 <b>Dichloropropene;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 110.98 g/mol	
Other term(s): 3-Chloroallyl chloride; DCP; 1,3-Dichloro-1-propene; 1,3-Dichloropropylene; Telone	
Note(s): CAS 542-75-6	
<b>NPU16631</b>	
Air(amb)—1,3-Dichloroprop-1-ene; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$	
 <b>Water(drinking)</b> —	
<b>1,3-</b>	
 <b>Dichloropropene;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 110.98 g/mol	
Other term(s): 3-Chloroallyl chloride; DCP; 1,3-Dichloro-1-propene; 1,3-Dichloropropylene; Telone	
Note(s): CAS 542-75-6	
<b>NPU16632</b>	
Water(drinking)—1,3-Dichloroprop-1-ene; subst.c. = ? nmol/l	
 <b>Air(ambient)</b> —	
<b>2,2-</b>	
 <b>Dichlorvos;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 220.98 g/mol	
Other term(s): <b>2,2-Dichlorovinyl dimethyl phosphate</b> ; DDVP; 2,2-Dichloroethenyl dimethyl phosphate	
Authority: ISO	
Note(s): CAS 62-73-7	
<b>NPU16633</b>	
Air(amb)—Dichlorvos; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$	
 <b>Water(drinking)</b> —	
<b>2,2-</b>	
 <b>Dichlorvos;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 220.98 g/mol	
	Other term(s): <b>2,2-Dichlorovinyl dimethyl phosphate</b> ; DDVP; 2,2-Dichloroethenyl dimethyl phosphate
	Authority: ISO
	Note(s): CAS 62-73-7
	<b>NPU16634</b>
	Water(drinking)—Dichlorvos; subst.c. = ? nmol/l
 <b>Air(ambient)</b> —	
<b>Dieldrin;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 380.93 g/mol	
Other term(s): <b>(1R,4S,4aS,5R,6R,7S,8S,8aR)-1,2,3,4,10,10-hexachloro-1,4,4a,5,6,7,8,8a-octahydro-6,7-epoxy-1,4:5,8-dimethanonaphthalene</b> ; HEOD; 1,2,3,4,10,10,-Hexachloro-6,7-epoxy-1,4,4a,5,6,7,8,8a-octahydro-1,4-endo,exo-5,8-dimethanonaphthalene	
Authority: ISO	
Note(s): CAS 60-57-1	
<b>NPU16635</b>	
Air(amb)—Dieldrin; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$	
 <b>Food(specification)</b>	
 <b>Dieldrin;</b>	
<b>substance content</b>	
<b>nanomole/kilogram</b>	
<i>M</i> = 380.93 g/mol	
Other term(s): <b>(1R,4S,4aS,5R,6R,7S,8S,8aR)-1,2,3,4,10,10-hexachloro-1,4,4a,5,6,7,8,8a-octahydro-6,7-epoxy-1,4:5,8-dimethanonaphthalene</b> ; HEOD; 1,2,3,4,10,10,-Hexachloro-6,7-epoxy-1,4,4a,5,6,7,8,8a-octahydro-1,4-endo,exo-5,8-dimethanonaphthalene	
Authority: ISO	
Note(s): CAS 60-57-1	
<b>NPU16636</b>	
Food(specification)—Dieldrin; subst.cont. = ? nmol/kg	
 <b>Water(drinking)</b> —	
<b>Dieldrin;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 380.93 g/mol	
Other term(s): <b>(1R,4S,4aS,5R,6R,7S,8S,8aR)-1,2,3,4,10,10-hexachloro-1,4,4a,5,6,7,8,8a-octahydro-6,7-epoxy-1,4:5,8-dimethanonaphthalene</b> ; HEOD; 1,2,3,4,10,10,-Hexachloro-6,7-epoxy-1,4,4a,5,6,7,8,8a-octahydro-1,4-endo,exo-5,8-dimethanonaphthalene	
Authority: ISO	
Note(s): CAS 60-57-1	
<b>NPU16637</b>	
Water(drinking)—Dieldrin; subst.c. = ? nmol/l	

**Plasma—**

**Diethylene glycol;**  
**substance concentration**

**millimole/litre**

$M = 106.12 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **2,2'-Oxydiethanol**

Note(s): CAS 111-46-6

**NPU16638**

P-Diethylene glycol; subst.c. = ? mmol/l

**Air(ambient)—**

**Diethylhexyl phthalate;**  
**substance concentration**

**micromole/cubic metre**

$M = 388.55 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **Bis(2-ethylhexyl) benzene-1,2-dicarboxylate**; 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid bis(2-ethylhexyl) ester; Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate; DEHP; Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate; Diethyl phthalate; Octoil

Note(s): CAS 117-81-7 (Diethylhexyl phthalic acid)

**NPU16639**

Air(amb)—Diethylhexyl phthalate; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

**Food(specification)—**

**Diethylhexyl phthalate;**  
**substance content**

**micromole/kilogram**

$M = 388.55 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **Bis(2-ethylhexyl) benzene-1,2-dicarboxylate**; 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid bis(2-ethylhexyl) ester; Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate; DEHP; Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate; Diethyl phthalate; Octoil

Note(s): CAS 117-81-7 (Diethylhexyl phthalic acid)

**NPU16640**

Food(specification)—Diethylhexyl phthalate; subst.cont. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{kg}$

**Water(drinking)—**

**Diethylhexyl phthalate;**  
**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$M = 388.55 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **Bis(2-ethylhexyl) benzene-1,2-dicarboxylate**; 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid bis(2-ethylhexyl) ester; Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate; DEHP; Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate; Diethyl phthalate; Octoil

Note(s): CAS 117-81-7 (Diethylhexyl phthalic acid)

**NPU16641**

Water(drinking)—Diethylhexyl phthalate; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Air(ambient)—**

**Diethyl phthalate;**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/cubic metre**

$M = 220.24 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **1,2-Benzene dicarboxylic acid, diethyl ester**; Diethyl benzene-1,2-dicarboxylate; DEP; Diethyl ester of phthalic acid; Ethyl phthalate

Note(s): CAS 84-66-2 (diethyl phthalic acid)

**NPU16642**

Air(amb)—Diethyl phthalate; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

**Water(drinking)—**

**Diethyl phthalate;**

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$M = 220.24 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **1,2-Benzene dicarboxylic acid, diethyl ester**; Diethyl benzene-1,2-dicarboxylate; DEP; Diethyl ester of phthalic acid; Ethyl phthalate

Note(s): CAS 84-66-2 (diethyl phthalic acid)

**NPU16643**

Water(drinking)—Diethyl phthalate; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Blood—**

**Diethylstilboestrol;**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/litre**

$M = 268.36 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Antigestil; Bufon; Cyren A; DES; Diethylstilbestrol; Diethylstilbestrolum; Domestrol; Estrobene; Estrosyn; Fonatol; Grafestrol; Makarol; Micrest; Milestro; Neo-Oestranol I; NSC-3070; Oestrogenine; Oestromenin; Oestromensyl; Oestromon; Palestrol; Serral; Sexocretin; Sibol; Stilbestrol; Stilbetin; Stilboefral; Stilboestroform; Stilboestrol; Stilkap; Synestrin; Synthoestrin; Vagestrol

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 56-53-1

**NPU16644**

B—Diethylstilboestrol; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{l}$

**Food(specification)—**

**Dimethoate;**

**substance content**

**nanomole/kg**

$M = 229.28 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **O,O-dimethyl S(methylcarbamoyl) phosphorodithioate**; American Cyanamide 12880; Cygon; Fostion MM; Perfekthion; Rogor; Roxion

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 60-51-5

**NPU16645**

Food (specification)—Dimethoate; subst.cont. = ? nmol/kg

<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>Dimethoate;</b>	<b>nanomole/litre</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>M = 126.13 g/mol</b>
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	Other term(s): Dimethyl ester of sulfuric acid;
<b>M = 229.28 g/mol</b>	Methyl sulfate
Other term(s): <i>O,O</i> -dimethyl	Note(s): CAS 77-78-1
<b>S-(methylcarbamoyl) phosphorodithioate;</b>	<b>NPU16651</b>
American Cyanamide 12880; Cygon; Fostion MM;	Water(drinking)—Dimethyl sulfate; subst.c. =
Perfekthion; Rogor; Roxion	? nmol/l
Authority: ISO	
Note(s): CAS 60-51-5	
<b>NPU16646</b>	
Water(drinking)—Dimethoate; subst.c. = ? nmol/l	
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	<b>Blood—</b>
<b>N,N-</b>	<b>Dimethyl sulfoxide;</b>
<b>Dimethylformamide;</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>millimole/cubic metre</b>
<b>millimole/cubic metre</b>	<b>M = 78.14 g/mol</b>
<b>M = 73.09 g/mol</b>	Other term(s): ( <i>Methanesulfinyl)methane</i> ;
Other term(s): Dimethylformamide; DMF	Deltan; Demasorb; Demavet; Demeso; Dimethyl
Note(s): CAS 68-12-2	sulphoxide; DMSO; DMS-70; DMS-90; Dolicur;
<b>NPU16647</b>	Domoso; Dromisol; Gamasol 90; Hyadur; Kemsol;
Air(amb)— <i>N,N</i> -Dimethylformamide; subst.c. =	Methyl sulfoxide; Methyl sulphoxide; Rimso-50;
? mmol/m <sup>3</sup>	Sclerosol; Somipront; SQ-9453; Syntexan
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	Note(s): CAS 67-68-5
<b>N,N-</b>	<b>NPU16652</b>
<b>Dimethylformamide;</b>	B—Dimethyl sulfoxide; subst.c. = ? mmol/l
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	
<b>M = 73.09 g/mol</b>	
Other term(s): Dimethylformamide; DMF	
Note(s): CAS 68-12-2	
<b>NPU16648</b>	
Water(drinking)— <i>N,N</i> -Dimethylformamide;	
subst.c. = ? nmol/l	
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	<b>Air(ambient)—</b>
<b>Dimethylmercury;</b>	<b>4,6-</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>nanomole/cubic metre</b>	<b>Dinitro-o-cresol;</b>
<b>M = 230.66 g/mol</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
Note(s): CAS 593-74-8	<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>
<b>NPU16649</b>	<b>M = 198.13 g/mol</b>
Air(amb)—Dimethylmercury; subst.c. = ? nmol/m <sup>3</sup>	Other term(s): <b>2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol</b> ;
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	Dinitro-o-cresol; 3,5-Dinitro-2-hydroxytoluene;
<b>Dimethyl sulfate;</b>	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol; DNC; DNOC
<b>substance concentration</b>	Note(s): CAS 534-52-1
<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>	<b>NPU16653</b>
<b>M = 126.13 g/mol</b>	Air(amb)—4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol; subst.c. =
Other term(s): Dimethyl ester of sulfuric acid;	? μmol/m <sup>3</sup>
Methyl sulfate	
Note(s): CAS 77-78-1	<b>Water(drinking)—</b>
<b>NPU16650</b>	<b>4,6-</b>
Air(amb)—Dimethyl sulfate; subst.c. = ? μmol/m <sup>3</sup>	<b>Dinitro-o-cresol;</b>
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>Dimethyl sulfate;</b>	<b>nanomole/litre</b>

Other term(s): **9,10-Dihydro-8a,10a-diazoniaphenanthrene**; Diquat dibromide;

1,1'-Ethylene-2,2'-bipyridylum dibromide  
Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 85-00-7

**NPU16655**

Air(amb)—Diquat; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

#### Water(drinking)—

Diquat;

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$M = 344.05 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **9,10-Dihydro-8a,10a-diazoniaphenanthrene**; Diquat dibromide;

1,1'-Ethylene-2,2'-bipyridylum dibromide  
Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 85-00-7

**NPU16656**

Water(drinking)—Diquat; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

#### Plasma—

Drugs

**arbitrary concentration(0 1; procedure)**

Note(s): Examples are Amphetamine; Amitriptyline; Cocaine; Morphine; Phenobarbital; Temazepam

**NPU16657**

P—Drugs; arb. c.(0 1; proc.) = ?

#### Air(ambient)—

Endosulfan;

**substance concentration**

**micromole/cubic metre**

$M = 406.95 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **(1,4,5,6,7,7-Hexachloro-8,9,10-trinorborn-5-ene-2,3-diyl)bismethylene sulfite**;

Benzoepin; Endosulphan;

6,7,8,9,10,10-Hexachloro-1,5,5a,6,9,9a-hexahydro-6,9-methano-2,4,3-benzodioxathiepin 3-oxide; Thiodan  
Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS Registry Number: 115-29-7

**NPU16659**

Air(amb)—Endosulfan; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

#### Water(drinking)—

Endosulfan;

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$M = 406.95 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **(1,4,5,6,7,7-Hexachloro-8,9,10-trinorborn-5-ene-2,3-diyl)bismethylene sulfite**;

Benzoepin; Endosulphan;

6,7,8,9,10,10-Hexachloro-1,5,5a,6,9,9a-hexahydro-6,9-methano-2,4,3-benzodioxathiepin 3-oxide; Thiodan  
Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS Registry Number: 115-29-7

**NPU16660**

Water(drinking)—Endosulfan; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

#### Air(ambient)—

Endrin;

**substance concentration**

**micromole/cubic metre**

$M = 380.93 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **(1R,4S,4aS,5S,6S,7R,8R,8aR)-1,2,3,4,10,10-hexachloro-1,4,4a,5,6,7,8,8a-octahydro-6,7-epoxy-1,4:5,8-dimethanonaphthalene**;

1,2,3,4,10,10-Hexachloro-6,7-epoxy-1,4,4a,5,6,7,8,8a-dimethanonaphthalene; Hexadrin  
Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS Registry Number: 72-20-8

**NPU16661**

Air(amb)—Endrin; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

#### Water(drinking)—

Endrin;

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$M = 380.93 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **(1R,4S,4aS,5S,6S,7R,8R,8aR)-1,2,3,4,10,10-hexachloro-1,4,4a,5,6,7,8,8a-octahydro-6,7-epoxy-1,4:5,8-dimethanonaphthalene**;

1,2,3,4,10,10-Hexachloro-6,7-epoxy-1,4,4a,5,6,7,8,8a-dimethanonaphthalene; Hexadrin  
Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS Registry Number: 72-20-8

**NPU16662**

Water(drinking)—Endrin; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

#### Air(ambient)—

Epichlorohydrin;

**substance concentration**

**micromole/cubic metre**

$M = 92.53 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **(Chloromethyl)oxirane**; 1-Chloro-2,3-epoxypropane; 2-Chloropropylene oxide;  $\gamma$ -Chloropropylene oxide

Note(s): CAS 106-89-8

**NPU16663**

Air(amb)—Epichlorohydrin; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

#### Water(drinking)—

Epichlorohydrin;

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$M = 92.53 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **(Chloromethyl)oxirane**; 1-Chloro-2,3-epoxypropane; 2-Chloropropylene oxide;  $\gamma$ -Chloropropylene oxide

Note(s): CAS 106-89-8

**NPU16664**

Water(drinking)—Epichlorohydrin; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

<b>Air(specification)—</b>	
<b>Ethanol;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>millimole/cubic metre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 46.07 g/mol	
Other term(s): 'Alcohol'; Ethyl alcohol; Ethyl hydrate; Ethyl hydroxide; Hydroxyethane	
Note(s): CAS 64-17-5	
<b>NPU16665</b>	
Air(spec)—Ethanol; subst.c. = ? mmol/m <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Beverage(specification)—</b>	
<b>Ethanol;</b>	
<b>volume fraction</b>	
<b>one</b>	
<i>M</i> = 46.07 g/mol	
Other term(s): 'Alcohol'; Ethyl alcohol; Ethyl hydrate; Ethyl hydroxide; Hydroxyethane	
Note(s): CAS 64-17-5	
<b>NPU16666</b>	
Beverage(specification)—Ethanol; vol.fr. = ?	
<b>Blood—</b>	
<b>Ethanol;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>millimole/litre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 46.07 g/mol	
Other term(s): 'Alcohol'; Ethyl alcohol; Ethyl hydrate; Ethyl hydroxide; Hydroxyethane	
Note(s): CAS 64-17-5	
<b>NPU18970</b>	
P—Ethanol; subst.c. = ? mmol/l	
<b>Plasma—</b>	
<b>Ethanol;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>millimole/litre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 46.07 g/mol	
Other term(s): 'Alcohol'; Ethyl alcohol; Ethyl hydrate; Ethyl hydroxide; Hydroxyethane	
Note(s): CAS 64-17-5	
<b>NPU01992</b>	
P—Ethanol; subst.c. = ? mmol/l	
<b>Urine—</b>	
<b>Ethanol;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>millimole/litre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 46.07 g/mol	
Other term(s): 'Alcohol'; Ethyl alcohol; Ethyl hydrate; Ethyl hydroxide; Hydroxyethane	
Note(s): CAS 64-17-5	
<b>NPU01993</b>	
U—Ethanol; subst.c. = ? mmol/l	
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	
<b>Ethanol;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 46.07 g/mol	
Other term(s): 'Alcohol'; Ethyl alcohol; Ethyl hydrate; Ethyl hydroxide; Hydroxyethane	
Note(s): CAS 64-17-5	
<b>NPU01994</b>	
U—Ethanol; subst.c. = ? nmol/l	
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	
<b>Ethoxyethanol;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 90.12 g/mol	
Other term(s): Cellosolve; EGEE; Ethylene glycol monoethyl ether	
Note(s): CAS 110-80-5	
<b>NPU16669</b>	
Air(amb)—2-Ethoxyethanol; subst.c. = ? μmol/m <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	
<b>Ethylbenzene;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>millimole/cubic metre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 106.16 g/mol	
Other term(s): Ethylbenzol; Phenylethane	
Note(s): CAS 100-41-4	
<b>NPU16670</b>	
Air(amb)—Ethylbenzene; subst.c. = ? mmol/m <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	
<b>Ethylbenzene;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 106.16 g/mol	
Other term(s): Ethylbenzol; Phenylethane	
Note(s): CAS 100-41-4	
<b>NPU16671</b>	
Water(drinking)—Ethylbenzene; subst.c. = ? nmol/l	
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	
<b>Ethylene glycol;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 62.07 g/mol	
Other term(s): <b>Ethane-1,2-diol</b> ; 1,2-Dihydroxyethane; 1,2-Ethanediol; Glycol; Glycol alcohol; Monoethylene glycol	
Note(s): CAS 107-21-1	
<b>NPU16672</b>	
Air(amb)—Ethylene glycol; subst.c. = ? μmol/m <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Beverage(specification)—</b>	
<b>Ethylene glycol;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 62.07 g/mol	
Other term(s): <b>Ethanediol</b> ; 1,2-Dihydroxyethane; 1,2-Ethanediol; Glycol; Glycol alcohol; Monoethylene glycol	
Note(s): CAS 107-21-1	

**NPU16673**

Beverage(specification)—Ethylene glycol;  
subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Plasma—****Ethylene glycol;****substance concentration****millimole/litre**

$M = 46.07 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **Ethanediol**; 1,2-Dihydroxyethane;

1,2-Ethanediol; Glycol; Glycol alcohol;

Monoethylene glycol

Note(s): CAS 107-21-1

**NPU16674**

P—Ethylene glycol; subst.c. = ? mmol/l

**Water(drinking)—****Ethylene glycol;****substance concentration****nanomole/litre**

$M = 62.07 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **Ethanediol**; 1,2-Dihydroxyethane;

1,2-Ethanediol; Glycol; Glycol alcohol;

Monoethylene glycol

Note(s): CAS 107-21-1

**NPU16675**

Water(drinking)—Ethylene glycol; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Air(ambient)—****Ethylene oxide;****substance concentration****micromole/cubic metre**

$M = 44.06 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **Oxirane**; Dimethylene oxide;

1,2-Epoxy ethane

Note(s): CAS 75-21-8

**NPU16676**

Air(amb)—Ethylene oxide; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

**Water(drinking)—****Ethylene oxide;****substance concentration****nanomole/litre**

$M = 44.06 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **Oxirane**; Dimethylene oxide;

1,2-Epoxy ethane

Note(s): CAS 75-21-8

**NPU16677**

Water(drinking)—Ethylene oxide; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Urine—****Ethylglucuronide;****substance concentration****micromole/litre**

$M = 116.95 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **Ethyl α-D-glucopyranosiduronate**

Note(s): CAS 17685-04-0

**NPU16678**

U—Ethylglucuronide; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{l}$

**Urine—****2-Ethylidene-1,5-dimethyl-3,3-diphenylpyrrolidine;****substance concentration****micromole/litre**

$M = 277.41 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): 1,5-Dimethyl-3,3-diphenyl-2-ethylidenepryrrolidine; EDDP; Eddp-3,3; 2-Et-1,5-Dime-3,3-DPP

Note(s): CAS 30223-73-5; methadone metabolite

**NPU16658**

U—2-Ethylidene-1,5-dimethyl-3,3-diphenylpyrrolidine; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{l}$

**Blood—****Ethylmercury chloride(Hg);****substance concentration****nanomole/litre**

$M = 265.10 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Chloroethylmercury; Ethylmercuric chloride; Granosan

Note(s): CAS 107-27-7

**NPU16679**

B—Ethylmercury chloride(Hg); subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Air(ambient)—****Fenitrothion;****substance concentration****micromole/cubic metre**

$M = 277.25 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): ***O,O*-dimethyl *O*-(3-methyl-4-nitrophenyl) phosphorothioate**; AC-47300; Accothion; Bayer 41831; Bayer S 5660; Cyfen; Cyten; ***O,O*-dimethyl *O*-4-nitro-*m*-tolyl phosphorothioate**; ***O,O*-dimethyl *O*-4-nitro-*m*-tolyl thiophosphate**; ENT-25715; Folithion; MEP; Metathion; OMS-45; Sumithion

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 122-14-5

**NPU16680**

Air(amb)—Fenitrothion; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

**Water(drinking)—****Fenitrothion;****substance concentration****nanomole/litre**

$M = 277.25 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): ***O,O*-dimethyl *O*-(3-methyl-4-nitrophenyl) phosphorothioate**; AC-47300; Accothion; Bayer 41831; Bayer S 5660; Cyfen; Cyten; ***O,O*-dimethyl *O*-4-nitro-*m*-tolyl phosphorothioate**; ***O,O*-dimethyl *O*-4-nitro-*m*-tolyl thiophosphate**; ENT-25715; Folithion; MEP; Metathion; OMS-45; Sumithion

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 122-14-5

**NPU16681**

Water(drinking)—Fenitrothion; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	<b>NPU16685</b>
<b>Fenvalerate;</b>	Air(amb)—Fluorine(total); subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>	
$M = 419.93 \text{ g/mol}$	
Other term(s): <b>(RS)-a-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (RS)-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methylbutanoate</b>	
Belmark; Cyano(3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl 4-chloro-a-(1-methylethyl)benzeneacetate;	
Phenvalerate; Pydrin; Pyridin; S-5602; SD-43775; Sumicidin; Tirade; WL-43775	
Authority: ISO	
Note(s): CAS Registry Number: 51630-58-1	
<b>NPU16682</b>	
Air(amb)—Fenvalerate; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$	
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	
<b>Fenvalerate;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	
$M = 419.93 \text{ g/mol}$	
Other term(s): <b>(RS)-a-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (RS)-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methylbutanoate</b>	
Belmark; Cyano(3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl 4-chloro-a-(1-methylethyl)benzeneacetate;	
Phenvalerate; Pydrin; Pyridin; S-5602; SD-43775; Sumicidin; Tirade; WL-43775	
Authority: ISO	
Note(s): CAS Registry Number: 51630-58-1	
<b>NPU16683</b>	
Water(drinking)—Fenvalerate; subst.c. = ? nmol/l	
<b>Plasma—</b>	
<b>Fluoride;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>micromole/litre</b>	
$A = 19.00 \text{ g/mol}$	
Note(s): CAS 16894-48-8; Atomic mass for elemental fluorine	
<b>NPU04882</b>	
P—Fluoride ion; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{l}$	
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	
<b>Fluoride;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>micromole/litre</b>	
$A = 19.00 \text{ g/mol}$	
Note(s): CAS 16894-48-8; Atomic mass for elemental fluorine	
<b>NPU16684</b>	
Water(drinking)—Fluoride ion; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{l}$	
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	
<b>Fluorine(total);</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>	
$A = 19.00 \text{ g/mol}$	
Note(s): CAS 7782-41-4 (fluorine gas); Atomic mass for elemental fluorine	
<b>NPU16685</b>	
Air(amb)—Fluorine(gas); subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$	
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	
<b>Fluorine(gas);</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>	
$M = 38.00 \text{ g/mol}$	
Other term(s): <b>Difluorine</b>	
Note(s): CAS 7782-41-4	
<b>NPU16686</b>	
Air(amb)—Fluorine(gas); subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$	
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	
<b>Formaldehyde;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>	
$M = 30.03 \text{ g/mol}$	
Other term(s): Methanal; Methyl anhydride; Methylene oxide	
Note(s): CAS 50-00-0	
<b>NPU16687</b>	
Air(amb)—Formaldehyde; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$	
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	
<b>Formaldehyde;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	
$M = 30.03 \text{ g/mol}$	
Other term(s): Methanal; Methyl anhydride; Methylene oxide	
Note(s): CAS 50-00-0	
<b>NPU16688</b>	
Water(drinking)—Formaldehyde; subst.c. = ? nmol/l	
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	
<b>Formate;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>	
$M(\text{formic acid}) = 45.03 \text{ g/mol}$	
Other term(s): Hydrogen carboxylate; Methanoate	
Note(s): CAS 64-18-6 (formic acid)	
<b>NPU16689</b>	
Air(amb)—Formate; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$	
<b>Plasma—</b>	
<b>Formate;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>millimole/litre</b>	
$M(\text{formic acid}) = 45.03 \text{ g/mol}$	
Other term(s): Hydrogen carboxylate; Methanoate	
Note(s): CAS 64-18-6 (formic acid)	
<b>NPU16690</b>	
P—Formate; subst.c. = ? mmol/l	
<b>Urine—</b>	
<b>Formate;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>millimole/litre</b>	

$M$ (formic acid) = 45.03 g/mol

Other term(s): Hydrogen carboxylate; Methanoate

Note(s): CAS 64-18-6 (formic acid)

**NPU16691**

U—Formate; subst.c. = ? mmol/l

**Water(drinking)—**

**Formate;**

**substance concentration**

**millimole/litre**

$M$ (formic acid) = 45.03 g/mol

Other term(s): Hydrogen carboxylate; Methanoate

Note(s): CAS 64-18-6 (formic acid)

**NPU16692**

Water(drinking)—Formate; subst.c. = ? mmol/l

**Plasma—**

**Glycolate;**

**substance concentration**

**millimole/litre**

$M$ (glycolic acid) = 75.05 g/mol

Other term(s): **Hydroxyacetate**; Glycollate;

Hydroxyethanoate;

Note(s): CAS 79-14-1 (glycolic acid)

**NPU16693**

P—Glycolate; subst.c. = ? mmol/l

**Plasma—**

**Glycolaldehyde;**

**substance concentration**

**millimole/litre**

$M$  = 134.17 g/mol

Other term(s): **Hydroxyacetaldehyde**

Note(s): CAS 621-63-6

**NPU16694**

P—Glycolaldehyde; subst.c. = ? mmol/l

**Plasma—**

**Glyoxylate;**

**substance concentration**

**millimole/litre**

$M$  = 71.04 g/mol

Other term(s): **Oxoacetate**; Formylformate;

Glyoxalate; Oxoethanoate

Note(s): CAS 298-12-4

**NPU16695**

P—Glyoxylate; subst.c. = mmol/l

**Air(ambient)—**

**Glyphosate;**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/cubic metre**

$M$  = 169.07 g/mol

Other term(s): ***N*-(phosphonomethyl)glycine**;

Glifinox; Glycel; Honcho; Jury; Roundup (41 %);

Weedoff

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 1071-83-6

**NPU16696**

Air(amb)—Glyphosate; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

**Water(drinking)—**

**Glyphosate;**

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$M$  = 169.07 g/mol

Other term(s): ***N*-(phosphonomethyl)glycine**;

Glifinox; Glycel; Honcho; Jury; Roundup (41 %);

Weedoff

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 1071-83-6

**NPU16697**

Water(drinking)—Glyphosate; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Air(ambient)—**

**Heptachlor;**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/cubic metre**

$M$  = 373.35 g/mol

Other term(s): **1*H*-1,4,5,6,7,8,8-Heptachloro-3*a*,4,7,7*a*-tetrahydro-4,7-methanoindene**;

Heptachlore

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 76-44-8

**NPU16698**

Air(amb)—Heptachlor; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

**Water(drinking)—**

**Heptachlor;**

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$M$  = 373.35 g/mol

Other term(s): **1*H*-1,4,5,6,7,8,8-Heptachloro-3*a*,4,7,7*a*-tetrahydro-4,7-methanoindene**;

Heptachlore

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 76-44-8

**NPU16699**

Water(drinking)—Heptachlor; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Air(ambient)—**

**Hexachlorobenzene;**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/cubic metre**

$M$  = 284.78 g/mol

Other term(s): HCB

Note(s): CAS 118-74-1

**NPU16700**

Air(amb)—Hexachlorobenzene; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

**Water(drinking)—**

**Hexachlorobenzene;**

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$M$  = 284.78 g/mol

Other term(s): HCB

Note(s): CAS 118-74-1

<b>NPU16701</b>	Air(ambient)— <i>n</i> - <b>Hexane;</b> substance concentration micromole/cubic metre $M = 86.18 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): <b>Hexane</b> ; Hexyl hydride; Normal-hexane Note(s): CAS 110-54-3
<b>Air(ambient)—</b> <b>Hexachlorobutadiene;</b> substance concentration micromole/cubic metre $M = 260.76 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): <b>1,1,2,3,4,4-Hexachlorobuta-1,3-diene</b> ; HCBD; Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene; 1,3-Hexachlorobutadiene; Perchlorobutadiene Note(s): CAS 87-68-3	<b>NPU16702</b> Air(amb)—Hexachlorobutadiene; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$
<b>Water(drinking)—</b> <b>Hexachlorobutadiene;</b> substance concentration nanomole/litre $M = 260.76 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): <b>1,1,2,3,4,4-Hexachlorobuta-1,3-diene</b> ; HCBD; Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene; 1,3-Hexachlorobutadiene; Perchlorobutadiene Note(s): CAS 87-68-3	<b>NPU16703</b> Water(drinking)—Hexachlorobutadiene; subst.c. = ? nmol/l
<b>Air(ambient)—</b> <b>Hexachlorocyclopentadiene;</b> substance concentration micromole/cubic metre $M = 272.75 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): <b>1,2,3,4,5,5-</b> <b>Hexachlorocycloenta-1,3-diene</b> ; HCCPD; Hexachloro-1,3-cyclopentadiene; 1,2,3,4,5,5-Hexachloro-1,3-cyclopentadiene; Perchlorocyclopentadiene Note(s): CAS 77-47-4	<b>NPU16704</b> Air(amb)—Hexachlorocyclopentadiene; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$
<b>Water(drinking)—</b> <b>Hexachlorocyclopentadiene;</b> substance concentration nanomole/litre $M = 272.75 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): <b>1,2,3,4,5,5-</b> <b>Hexachlorocyclopta-1,3-diene</b> ; HCCPD; Hexachloro-1,3-cyclopentadiene; 1,2,3,4,5,5-Hexachloro-1,3-cyclopentadiene; Perchlorocyclopentadiene Note(s): CAS 77-47-4	<b>NPU16705</b> Water(drinking)—Hexachlorocyclopentadiene; subst.c. = ? nmol/l
<b>Air(ambient)—</b> <b>Hydrogen bromide</b> substance concentration micromole/cubic metre $M = 80.92 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): <b>Diazane</b> ; Diamine; Hydrazine base Note(s): CAS 302-01-2	<b>NPU16706</b> Air(amb)—Hydrazine; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$
<b>Air(ambient)—</b> <b>Hydrogen chloride</b> substance concentration micromole/cubic metre $M = 36.47 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): Muriatic acid Note(s): CAS 7647-01-0	<b>NPU16707</b> Air(amb)—Hydrogen bromide; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$
<b>Air(ambient)—</b> <b>Hydrogen cyanide;</b> substance concentration micromole/cubic metre $M = 27.03 \text{ g/mol}$	<b>NPU16708</b> Air(amb)—Hydrogen chloride; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

Other term(s): Formonitrile; Hydrocyanic acid;  
 Prussic acid  
 Note(s): CAS 74-90-8  
**NPU16711**  
 Air(amb)—Hydrogen cyanide; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

**Air(ambient)—**  
**Hydrogen fluoride;**  
**substance concentration**  
**micromole/cubic metre**  
 $M = 20.01 \text{ g/mol}$   
 Note(s): CAS 7664-39-3  
**NPU16712**  
 Air(amb)—Hydrogen fluoride; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

**Air(ambient)—**  
**Hydrogen sulfide;**  
**substance concentration**  
**micromole/cubic metre**  
 $M = 34.08 \text{ g/mol}$   
 Other term(s): Hydrosulfuric acid; Sewer gas;  
 Sulfuretted hydrogen  
 Note(s): CAS 7783-06-4  
**NPU16713**  
 Air(amb)—Hydrogen sulfide; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

**Water(drinking)—**  
**Hydrogen sulfide;**  
**substance concentration**  
**micromole/litre**  
 $M = 34.08 \text{ g/mol}$   
 Other term(s): Hydrosulfuric acid; Sewer gas;  
 Sulfuretted hydrogen  
 Note(s): 7783-06-4  
**NPU16714**  
 Water(drinking)—Hydrogen sulfide; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{l}$

**Air(ambient)—**  
**Hydroquinone;**  
**substance concentration**  
**micromole/cubic metre**  
 $M = 110.11 \text{ g/mol}$   
 Other term(s): **Benzene-1,4-diol**; *p*-Benzenediol;  
 1,4-Benzenediol; Dihydroxybenzene;  
 1,4-Dihydroxybenzene; Quinol  
 Note(s): CAS 123-31-9  
**NPU16715**  
 Air(amb)—Hydroquinone; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

**Water(drinking)—**  
**Hydroquinone;**  
**substance concentration**  
**nanomole/litre**  
 $M = 110.11 \text{ g/mol}$   
 Other term(s): **Benzene-1,4-diol**; *p*-Benzenediol;  
 1,4-Benzenediol; Dihydroxybenzene;  
 1,4-Dihydroxybenzene; Quinol

Note(s): CAS 123-31-9  
**NPU16716**  
 Water(drinking)—Hydroquinone; subst.c. = ?  $\text{nmol}/\text{l}$

**Urine—**  
**Iodide;**  
**substance concentration**  
**micromole/litre**  
 $A = 126.90 \text{ g/mol}$   
 Note(s): CAS 20461-54-5; Atomic mass for  
 elemental iodine  
**NPU04884**  
 U—Iodide ion; subst.c. ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{l}$

**Air(ambient)—**  
**Iodine(total);**  
**substance concentration**  
**micromole/cubic metre**  
 $A = 126.90 \text{ g/mol}$   
 Note(s): CAS 7553-56-2; Atomic mass for  
 elemental iodine  
**NPU16717**  
 Air(amb)—Iodine(total); subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

**Air(ambient)—**  
**Iodine;**  
**substance concentration**  
**micromole/cubic metre**  
 $M = 253.81 \text{ g/mol}$   
 Note(s): CAS 7553-56-2  
**NPU16718**  
 Air(amb)—Iodine( $\text{I}_2$ ); subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

**Plasma—**  
**Iron(III);**  
**substance concentration**  
**micromole/litre**  
 $A = 55.85 \text{ g/mol}$   
 Note(s) 1: CAS 7439-89-6 (element); Atomic  
 mass for elemental iron  
**NPU16917**  
 P—Iron(III); subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{l}$

**Urine—**  
**Iron(III);**  
**substance concentration**  
**micromole/litre**  
 $A = 55.85 \text{ g/mol}$   
 Note(s) 1: CAS 7439-89-6 (element); Atomic  
 mass for elemental iron  
**NPU16944**  
 U—Iron(III); subst.c. ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{l}$

**Air(ambient)—**  
**Iron(II and III) oxide(dust and fume);**  
**substance concentration**  
**micromole/cubic metre**  
 $M(\text{Iron(III) oxide}) = 159.68 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 1309-37-1 (ferric oxide); Molar mass for ferric oxide

**NPU16719**

Air(amb)—Iron(II and III) oxide(dust and fume); subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

**Air(ambient)**—

**Iron pentacarbonyl;**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/cubic metre**

$M = 195.90 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **Pentacarbonyliron**

Note(s): CAS 13463-40-6

**NPU16720**

Air(amb)—Iron pentacarbonyl; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

**Air(ambient)**—

**Iron(II and III) salts(soluble);**

**substance concentration(procedure)**

**micromole/cubic metre**

$A = 55.85 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7439-89-6 (element); Atomic mass for elemental iron

**NPU16721**

Air(amb)—Iron(II and III) salts (soluble); subst.c.(proc.) = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

**Water(drinking)**—

**Iron(II and III) salts(soluble);**

**substance concentration (procedure)**

**micromole/litre**

$A = 55.85 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7439-89-6 (element); Atomic mass for elemental iron

**NPU16722**

Water(drinking)—Iron(II and III) salts(soluble); subst.c.(proc.). = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{l}$

**Water(drinking)**—

**Isobenzan;**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/litre**

$M = 411.75 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **1,3,4,5,6,7,8,8-Octachloro-**

**1,3,3a,4,7,7a-hexahydro-4,7-**

**methanoisobenzofuran;** 1,3,4,5,6,7,8,8-

Octachloro-4,7-endomethylene-4,7,8,9-tetrahydrophthalan; Omtan; R-6700; SD-4402; Telodrin

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 297-78-9

**NPU16723**

Water(drinking)—Isobenzan; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{l}$

**Air(ambient)**—

**Isophorone;**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/cubic metre**

$M = 138.21 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **3,5,5-Trimethylcyclohex-2-en-1-one**; Isoacetophorone; 3,5,5-Trimethyl-2-cyclohexenone

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 78-59-1

**NPU16724**

Air(amb)—Isophorone; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

**Water(drinking)**—

**Isophorone;**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/litre**

$M = 138.21 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **3,5,5-Trimethylcyclohex-2-en-1-one**; Isoacetophorone; 3,5,5-Trimethyl-2-cyclohexenone

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 78-59-1

**NPU16725**

Water(drinking)—Isophorone; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{l}$

**Blood**—

**Lead(II);**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/litre**

$A = 207.20 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7439-92-1 (element); Atomic mass for elemental lead

**NPU16918**

B—Lead(II); subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{l}$

**Cells(blood)**—

**Lead(II);**

**substance content**

**micromole/kilogram**

$A = 207.20 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7439-92-1 (element); Atomic mass for elemental lead

**NPU16919**

Cells(b)—Lead(II); subst.cont. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{kg}$

**Plasma**—

**Lead(II);**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/litre**

$A = 207.20 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7439-92-1 (element); Atomic mass for elemental lead

**NPU16950**

P—Lead(II); subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{l}$

**Urine**—

**Lead(II);**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/litre**

$A = 207.20 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7439-92-1 (element); Atomic mass for elemental lead

<b>NPU16920</b>	Note(s): CAS 7580-67-8
U—Lead(II); subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$	
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	
<b>Lead(II);</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	
A = 207.20 g/mol	
Note(s): CAS 7439-92-1 (element); Atomic mass for elemental lead	
<b>NPU16726</b>	
Water(drinking)—Lead(II); subst.c. = ? nmol/l	
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	
<b>Lead(0, II and IV);</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>	
A = 207.20 g/mol	
Note(s): CAS 7439-92-1 (element); Atomic mass for elemental lead	
<b>NPU16727</b>	
Air(amb)—Lead(0, II and IV); subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/m}^3$	
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	
<b>Gamma-HCH;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>	
M = 290.85 g/mol	
Other term(s): $1\alpha,2\alpha,3\beta,4\alpha,5\alpha,6\beta$ -	
<b>Hexachlorocyclohexane;</b> BHC; HCH;	
$\gamma$ -Hexachlorocyclohexane; $\gamma$ -isomer of 1,2,3,4,5,6-Hexachlorocyclohexane; Lindan; Lindane	
Authority: ISO	
Note(s): CAS 58-89-9	
<b>NPU16728</b>	
Air(amb)—Gamma-HCH; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/m}^3$	
<b>Water(drinking)</b>	
<b>Gamma-HCH;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	
M = 290.85 g/mol	
Other term(s): $1\alpha,2\alpha,3\beta,4\alpha,5\alpha,6\beta$ -	
<b>Hexachlorocyclohexane;</b> BHC; HCH;	
$\gamma$ -Hexachlorocyclohexane; $\gamma$ -isomer of 1,2,3,4,5,6-Hexachlorocyclohexane; Lindan; Lindane	
Authority: ISO	
Note(s): CAS 58-89-9	
<b>NPU16729</b>	
Water(drinking)—Gamma-HCH; subst.c. = ? nmol/l	
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	
<b>Lithium hydride;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>	
M = 7.95 g/mol	
	Note(s): CAS 7580-67-8
	<b>NPU16730</b>
	Air(amb)—Lithium hydride; subst.cont. = ? $\mu\text{mol/m}^3$
	<b>Plasma—</b>
	<b>Lithium ion;</b>
	<b>substance concentration</b>
	<b>millimole/litre</b>
	A = 6.94 g/mol
	Note(s): CAS 7459-93-2 (element); Atomic mass for elemental lithium
	<b>NPU02613</b>
	P—Lithium ion; subst.c. = ? mmol/l
	<b>Urine—</b>
	<b>Lithium ion;</b>
	<b>substance concentration</b>
	<b>micromole/litre</b>
	A = 6.94 g/mol
	Note(s): CAS 7459-93-2 (element); Atomic mass for elemental lithium
	<b>NPU04888</b>
	U—Lithium ion; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$
	<b>Air(ambient)—</b>
	<b>Magnesite;</b>
	<b>substance concentration</b>
	<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>
	M = 84.31 g/mol
	Other term(s): <b>Magnesium carbonate</b> ; Carbonic acid, magnesium salt
	Note(s): CAS 546-93-0
	<b>NPU16731</b>
	Air(amb)—Magnesite; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/m}^3$
	<b>Plasma—</b>
	<b>Magnesium(II) (total);</b>
	<b>substance concentration</b>
	<b>millimole/litre</b>
	A = 24.31 g/mol
	Note(s): CAS 7439-95-4 (element); Atomic mass for elemental magnesium
	<b>NPU02647</b>
	P—Magnesium(II) (total); subst.c. = ? mmol/l
	<b>Urine—</b>
	<b>Magnesium(II) (total);</b>
	<b>substance concentration</b>
	<b>millimole/litre</b>
	M = 24.31 g/mol
	Note(s): CAS 7439-95-4 (element); Atomic mass for elemental magnesium
	<b>NPU02648</b>
	U—Magnesium(II) (total); subst.c. = ? mmol/l
	<b>Water(drinking)—</b>
	<b>Magnesium(II) (total);</b>
	<b>substance concentration</b>
	<b>millimole/litre</b>

$A = 24.31 \text{ g/mol}$	<b>NPU16951</b>
Note(s): CAS 7439-95-4 (element); Atomic mass for elemental magnesium	Cells(b)—Manganese(II); subst.cont. = ? nmol/kg
<b>NPU16732</b>	<b>Plasma—</b>
Water(drinking)—Magnesium (II) (total); subst.c. = ? mmol/l	<b>Manganese(II); substance concentration nanomole/litre</b>
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	$A = 54.94 \text{ g/mol}$
<b>Magnesium oxide (fume); substance concentration micromole/cubic metre</b>	Note(s): CAS 7439-96-5 (element); Atomic mass for elemental manganese
$M = 40.30 \text{ g/mol}$	<b>NPU16922</b>
Note(s): CAS 1309-48-4	P—Manganese(II); subst.c. = ? nmol/l
<b>NPU16733</b>	<b>Urine—</b>
Air(amb)—Magnesium oxide fume; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$	<b>Manganese(II); substance concentration nanomole/litre</b>
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	$A = 54.94 \text{ g/mol}$
<b>Malathion;</b>	Note(s): CAS 7439-96-5 (element); Atomic mass for elemental manganese
<b>substance concentration micromole/cubic metre</b>	<b>NPU16923</b>
$M = 330.36 \text{ g/mol}$	U—Manganese(II); subst.c. = ? nmol/l
Other term(s): <b>S-1,2-bis(ethoxycarbonyl)ethyl O,O-dimethyl phosphorodithioate</b> ; Diethyl [(dimethoxyphosphinothiyl)thio]butanedioate	<b>Air(ambient)—</b>
Authority: ISO	<b>Manganese(II, III, IV, V, VI and VII) dust and fume;</b>
Note(s): CAS 121-75-5	<b>substance concentration micromole/cubic metre</b>
<b>NPU16734</b>	$A = 54.94 \text{ g/mol}$
Air(amb)—Malathion; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$	Note(s): CAS 7439-96-5 (element); Atomic mass for elemental manganese
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	<b>NPU16736</b>
<b>Malathion;</b>	Air(amb)—Manganese(II, III, IV, V, VI and VII)dust and fume); subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$
<b>substance concentration nanomole/litre</b>	<b>Water(drinking)—</b>
$M = 330.36 \text{ g/mol}$	<b>Manganese(II, III, IV, V, VI and VII); substance concentration micromole/litre</b>
Other term(s): <b>S-1,2-bis(ethoxycarbonyl)ethyl O,O-dimethyl phosphorodithioate</b> ; Diethyl [(dimethoxyphosphinothiyl)thio]butanedioate	$A = 54.94 \text{ g/mol}$
Authority: ISO	Note(s): CAS 7439-96-5 (element); Atomic mass for elemental manganese
Note(s): CAS 121-75-5	<b>NPU16737</b>
<b>NPU16735</b>	Water(drinking)—Manganese(II, III, IV, V, VI and VII); subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{l}$
Water(drinking)—Malathion; subst.c. = ? nmol/l	<b>Air(ambient)—</b>
<b>Blood—</b>	<b>Mercury((0, I and II) inorganic); substance concentration micromole/cubic metre</b>
<b>Manganese(II); substance concentration nanomole/litre</b>	$A = 200.59 \text{ g/mol}$
$A = 54.94 \text{ g/mol}$	Note(s): CAS 7439-97-6 (element); Atomic mass for elemental mercury
Note(s): CAS 7439-96-5 (element); Atomic mass for elemental manganese	<b>NPU16738</b>
<b>NPU16921</b>	Air(amb)—Mercury((0, I and II) inorganic); subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$
B—Manganese(II); subst.c. = ? nmol/l	<b>Blood—</b>
<b>Cells(blood)—</b>	<b>Mercury(0 and II); substance concentration nanomole/litre</b>
<b>Manganese(II); substance content nanomole/kilogram</b>	
$A = 54.94 \text{ g/mol}$	
Note(s): CAS 7439-96-5 (element); Atomic mass for elemental manganese	

$A = 200.59 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7439-97-6 (element); Atomic mass for elemental mercury

**NPU16924**

B—Mercury(0 and II); subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Cells(blood)—**

**Mercury(0 and II);**

**substance content**

**nanomole/kilogram**

$A = 200.59 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7439-97-6 (element); Atomic mass for elemental mercury

**NPU16952**

Cells(b)—Mercury(0 and II); subst.cont. = ? nmol/kg

**Hair—**

**Mercury(0 and II);**

**substance content**

**microgram/kilogram**

$A = 200.59 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7439-97-6 (element); Atomic mass for elemental mercury

**NPU16739**

Hair—Mercury(0 and II); subst.cont. = ?  $\mu\text{g/kg}$

**Plasma—**

**Mercury(0 and II);**

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$A = 200.59 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7439-97-6 (element); Atomic mass for elemental mercury

**NPU16925**

P—Mercury(0 and II); subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Urine—**

**Mercury(II);**

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$A = 200.59 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7439-97-6 (element); Atomic mass for elemental mercury

**NPU16926**

U—Mercury(II); subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Water(drinking)—**

**Mercury(I and II) inorganic;**

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$A = 200.59 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7439-97-6 (element); Atomic mass for elemental mercury

**NPU16740**

Water(drinking)—Mercury(I and II) inorganic; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Air(ambient)—**

**Mercury(II) bound to alkyl;**

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/cubic metre**

$A = 200.59 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7439-97-6 (element); Atomic mass for elemental mercury

**NPU16741**

Air(amb)—Mercury(II) alkyl; subst.c. = ? nmol/m<sup>3</sup>

**Water(drinking)**

**Mercury(II) bound to aryl;**

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$A = 200.59 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7439-97-6 (element); Atomic mass for elemental mercury

**NPU16742**

Water(drinking)—Mercury(II) aryl; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Air(ambient)—**

**Mercury(II) bound to aryl;**

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/cubic metre**

$A = 200.59 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7439-97-6 (element); Atomic mass for elemental mercury

**NPU16743**

Air(amb)—Mercury(II) aryl; subst.c. = ? nmol/m<sup>3</sup>

**Water(drinking)**

**Mercury(II) bound to aryl;**

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$A = 200.59 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7439-97-6 (element); Atomic mass for elemental mercury

**NPU16744**

Water(drinking)—Mercury(II) aryl; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Plasma—**

DL-

**Methadone;**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/litre**

$M = 309.45 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **6-(Dimethylamino)-4,4-diphenylheptan-3-one**; 1,1-Diphenyl-1-(2-dimethylaminopropyl)-2-butanone

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 76-99-3

**NPU16745**

P—DL-Methadone; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol/l}$

**Urine—**

DL-

**Methadone;**

**arbitrary concentration(0 1; procedure)**

$M = 309.45 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): <b>6-(Dimethylamino)-4,4-diphenylheptan-3-one</b> ; 1,1-Diphenyl-1-(2-dimethylaminopropyl)-2-butane Authority: INN Note(s): CAS 76-99-3 <b>NPU16746</b> U—DL-Methadone; arb.c.(0 1; proc.) =	Other term(s): <b>S-Methyl (EZ)-N-[(methylcarbamoyloxy)thio]acetimidate</b> ; Insecticide 1179; Lannate; Methyl O-(methylcarbamoyl)thiolacetohydroxamate; Nudrin Authority: ISO Note(s): CAS 16752-77-5 <b>NPU16751</b> Air( amb)—Methomyl; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$
<b>Haemoglobin(total, Blood)</b> —	<b>Water(drinking)</b> —
<b>Methaemoglobin;</b> <b>substance fraction</b> <b>one</b> $M$ = about 64 500 g/mol (tetramer) Other term(s): Ferrihaemoglobin; Haemoglobin; Met Hb Note(s): CAS 9008-37-1 <b>NPU02725</b> Hb—Methaemoglobin; subst.fr. = ?	<b>Methomyl;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>nanomole/litre</b> $M$ = 162.21 g/mol Other term(s): <b>S-Methyl (EZ)-N-[(methylcarbamoyloxy)thio]acetimidate</b> ; Insecticide 1179; Lannate; Methyl O-(methylcarbamoyl)thiolacetohydroxamate; Nudrin Authority: ISO Note(s): CAS 16752-77-5 <b>NPU16752</b> Water(drinking)—Methomyl; subst.c. = ? nmol/l
<b>Air(ambient)</b> —	<b>Air(ambient)</b> —
<b>Methanol;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>millimole/cubic metre</b> $M$ = 32.04 g/mol Other term(s): Carbinol; Columbian spirits; Methyl alcohol; Pyroligneous spirit; Wood alcohol; Wood naphtha; Wood spirit Note(s): CAS 67-56-1 <b>NPU16748</b> Air(amb)—Methanol; subst.c. = ? mmol/m <sup>3</sup>	<b>Methyl bromide;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>micromole/cubic metre</b> $M$ = 94.95 g/mol Other term(s): <b>Bromomethane</b> ; Monobromoethane Note(s): CAS 74-83-9 <b>NPU16753</b> Air(amb)—Methyl bromide; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$
<b>Blood</b> —	<b>Water(drinking)</b> —
<b>Methanol;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>millimole/litre</b> $M$ = 32.04 g/mol Other term(s): Carbinol; Columbian spirits; Methyl alcohol; Pyroligneous spirit; Wood alcohol; Wood naphtha; Wood spirit <b>Note(s): CAS 67-56-1</b> <b>NPU16749</b> B—Methanol; subst.c. = ? mmol/l	<b>Methyl bromide;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>nanomole/litre</b> $M$ = 94.95 g/mol Other term(s): <b>Bromomethane</b> ; Monobromoethane Note(s): CAS 74-83-9 <b>NPU16754</b> Water(drinking)—Methyl bromide; subst.c. = ? nmol/l
<b>Water(drinking)</b> —	<b>Air(ambient)</b> —
<b>Methanol;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>nanomole/litre</b> $M$ = 32.04 g/mol Other term(s): Carbinol; Columbian spirits; Methyl alcohol; Pyroligneous spirit; Wood alcohol; Wood naphtha; Wood spirit Note(s): CAS 67-56-1 <b>NPU16750</b> Water(drinking)—Methanol; subst.c. = ? nmol/l	<b>Methyl isobutyl ketone;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>millimole/cubic metre</b> $M$ = 100.16 g/mol Other term(s): <b>4-Methylpentan-2-one</b> ; 4-Methyl-2-pentanone Note(s): CAS 108-10-1 <b>NPU16755</b> Air( amb)—Methyl isobutylketone; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$
<b>Air(ambient)</b> —	
<b>Methomyl;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>micromole/cubic metre</b> $M$ = 162.21 g/mol	

<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	U—3,4-Methylenedioxymetamphetamine; arb.c. (0 1; proc.) = ?
<b>Methyl isobutyl ketone;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>nanomole/litre</b> $M = 100.16 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): <b>4-Methylpentan-2-one</b> ; 4-Methyl-2-pentanone Note(s): CAS 108-10-1 <b>NPU16756</b> Water(drinking)—Methyl isobutylketone; subst.c. = ? nmol/l	<b>Blood—</b> <b>Methylmercury chloride;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>nanomole/litre</b> $M = 251.08 \text{ g/mol}$ Note(s): CAS 115-09-3 <b>NPU16758</b> B—Methylmercury chloride; subst.c. = ? nmol/l
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	<b>Cells(Blood)—</b>
<b>Methylene chloride;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>micromole/cubic metre</b> $M = 84.93 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): <b>Dichloromethane</b> ; Methylene dichloride Note(s): CAS 75-09-2 <b>NPU16757</b> Air(amb)—Methylene chloride; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$	<b>Methylmercury chloride;</b> <b>substance content</b> <b>nanomole/kilogram</b> $M = 251.08 \text{ g/mol}$ Note(s): CAS 115-09-3 <b>NPU16759</b> Cells(B)—Methylmercury chloride; subst.cont. = ? nmol/kg
<b>Urine—</b>	<b>Food(specification)—</b>
<b>3,4-</b> <b>Methylenedioxymphetamine;</b> <b>arbitrary concentration(0 1; procedure)</b> $M = 179.22 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): <b>1-Benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-ylpropan-2-amine</b> ; MDA Authority: INN Note(s): CAS 4764-17-4 <b>NPU04927</b> U—3,4-Methylenedioxymphetamine; arb.c.(0 1; proc.) = ?	<b>Methylmercury chloride;</b> <b>substance content</b> <b>nanomole/kilogram</b> $M = 251.08 \text{ g/mol}$ Note(s): CAS 115-09-3 <b>NPU16760</b> Food(specification)—Methylmercury chloride; subst.cont. = ? nmol/kg
<b>Urine—</b>	<b>Hair—</b>
<b>3,4-</b> <b>Methylenedioxymethamphetamine;</b> <b>arbitrary concentration(0 1; procedure)</b> $M = 207.27 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): <b>1-Benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-yl-N-ethylpropan-2-amine</b> ; MDE; MDEA Authority: INN Note(s): CAS 14089-52-2 <b>NPU08923</b> U—3,4-Methylenedioxymethamphetamine; arb.c.(0 1; proc.) = ?	<b>Methylmercury chloride;</b> <b>substance content</b> <b>nanomole/kilogram</b> $M = 251.08 \text{ g/mol}$ Note(s): CAS 115-09-3 <b>NPU16761</b> Hair—Methylmercury chloride; subst.cont. = ? nmol/kg
<b>Urine—</b>	<b>Plasma—</b>
<b>3,4-</b> <b>Methylenedioxymethamphetamine;</b> <b>arbitrary concentration(0 1; procedure)</b> $M = 193.25 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): <b>1-Benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-yl-N-methylpropan-2-amine</b> ; MDMA; Ecstasy Authority: INN Note(s): CAS 42542-10-9 <b>NPU04701</b>	<b>Methylmercury chloride;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>nanomole/litre</b> $M = 251.08 \text{ g/mol}$ Note(s): CAS 115-09-3 <b>NPU16762</b> P—Methylmercury chloride; subst.c. = ? nmol/l
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	<b>Air(ambient)—</b>
<b>2-</b> <b>Methylpropan-2-ol;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>millimole/cubic metre</b> $M = 74.12 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): <i>tert</i> -Butyl alcohol; Trimethyl carbinol Note(s): CAS 75-65-0	

**NPU16765**

Air(amb)—2-Methylpropan-2-ol; subst.c. = ? mmol/m<sup>3</sup>

**Water(drinking)—****2-****Methylpropan-2-ol;**  
**substance concentration****micromole/litre***M* = 74.12 g/molOther term(s): *tert*-Butyl alcohol; Trimethyl carbinol

Note(s): CAS 75-65-0

**NPU16766**

Water(drinking)—2-Methylpropan-2-ol; subst.c. = ? μmol/l

**Water(drinking)—****Mirex;****substance concentration****nanomole/litre***M* = 545.59 g/mol

Other term(s):

**Dodecachloropentacyclo[5.3.0.0<sup>2,6</sup>.0<sup>3,9</sup>.0<sup>4,8</sup>]de  
cane; Perchloropentacyclo  
[5.3.0.0<sup>2,6</sup>.0<sup>3,9</sup>.0<sup>4,8</sup>]decane;** CG-1283;  
Dechlorane; ENT-025719; Hexachloropentadiene dimer

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 2385-85-5

**NPU16767**

Water(drinking)—Mirex; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Plasma—****Morphine(total);****substance concentration****micromole/litre***M*(Morphine) = 285.34 g/molOther term(s): **4,5-Epoxy-17-methyl-7,8-didehydromorphinan-3,6-diol**; Dolcontin; Duromorph; Morphia; Morphina; Morphium; Nepenthe

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 57-27-2; Total: non-glucuronidated and glucuronidated

**NPU09345**

P—Morphine(tot.); subst.c. = ? μmol/l

**Urine—****Morphine(total);****arbitrary concentration(0 1; procedure)***M*(Morphine) = 285.34 g/molOther term(s): **4,5-Epoxy-17-methyl-7,8-didehydromorphinan-3,6-diol**; Dolcontin; Duromorph; Morphia; Morphina; Morphium; Nepenthe

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 57-27-2; Total: non-glucuronidated and glucuronidated

**NPU08985**

U—Morphine(tot.); arb.c.(0 1; proc.) = ?

**Urine—****Morphine(total);****substance concentration****micromole/litre***M*(Morphine) = 285.34 g/molOther term(s): **4,5-Epoxy-17-methyl-7,8-didehydromorphinan-3,6-diol**; Dolcontin; Duromorph; Morphia; Morphina; Morphium; Nepenthe

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 57-27-2; Total: non-glucuronidated and glucuronidated

**NPU08986**

U—Morphine(tot.); subst.c. = ? μmol/l

**Urine—****Morphine and analogue;****arbitrary concentration(0 1; procedure)**

Other term(s): Opiates

Authority: INN

Note(s): Analogue are Codeine; Diamorphine; Dihydrocodeine; Ethylmorphine; Hydrocodone; Hydromorphone; Levallophan; Levorphanol; Nalorphine; Normorphine; Oxycodone

**NPU08954**

U—Morphine and analogue; arb.c.(0 1; proc.) = ?

**Urine—****Morphine and analogue;****substance concentration****micromole/litre**

Other term(s): Opiates

Authority: INN

Note(s): Analogue are Codeine; Diamorphine; Dihydrocodeine; Ethylmorphine; Hydrocodone; Hydromorphone; Levallophan; Levorphanol; Nalorphine; Normorphine; Oxycodone

**NPU08988**

U—Morphine and analogue; subst.c. = ? μmol/l

**Urine—****Morphine and analogue;****taxon(procedure)**

Other term(s): Opiates

Authority: INN

Note(s): Analogue are Codeine; Diamorphine; Dihydrocodeine; Ethylmorphine; Hydrocodone; Hydromorphone; Levallophan; Levorphanol; Nalorphine; Normorphine; Oxycodone

**NPU08991**

U—Morphine and analogue; taxon(proc.) = ?

**Air(ambient)—****Morpholine;****substance concentration****micromole/cubic metre***M* = 87.12 g/mol

Other term(s): Diethylenimide oxide; Diethylene imidoxide; Diethylene oximide; 1-Oxa-4-azacyclohexane; Tetrahydro-2*H*-1,4-oxazine; Tetrahydro-1,4-oxazine  
Authority: INN  
Note(s): CAS 110-91-8

**NPU16768**

Air(amb)—Morpholine; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

**Water(drinking)—**

**Morpholine;**  
**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

*M* = 87.12 g/mol

Other term(s): Diethylenimide oxide; Diethylene imidoxide; Diethylene oximide; 1-Oxa-4-azacyclohexane; Tetrahydro-2*H*-1,4-oxazine; Tetrahydro-1,4-oxazine

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 110-91-8

**NPU16769**

Water(drinking)—Morpholine; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Plasma—**

**Nickel(II);**  
**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

*A* = 58.69 g/mol

Note(s): CAS 7440-02-0 (element); Atomic mass for elemental nickel

**NPU16927**

P—Nickel(II); subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Urine—**

**Nickel(II);**  
**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

*A* = 58.69 g/mol

Note(s): CAS 7440-02-0 (element); Atomic mass for elemental nickel

**NPU16928**

U—Nickel(II); subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Air(ambient)—**

**Nickel((0, II and III) dust and fume);**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/cubic metre**

*A* = 58.69 g/mol

Note(s): CAS 7440-02-0 (element); Atomic mass for elemental nickel

**NPU16770**

Air(amb)—Nickel((0, II and III) dust and fume); subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

**Water(drinking)—**

**Nickel(II and III);**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/litre**

*A* = 58.69 g/mol

Note(s): CAS 7440-02-0 (element); Atomic mass for elemental nickel

**NPU16771**

Water(drinking)—Nickel(II and III); subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{l}$

**Air(ambient)—**

**Nickel carbonyl;**  
**substance concentration**

**nanomole/cubic metre**

*M* = 170.74 g/mol

Other term(s): **Tetracarbonylnickel**

Note(s): CAS 13463-39-3

**NPU16772**

Air(amb)—Nickel carbonyl; subst.c. = ? nmol/m<sup>3</sup>

**Air(ambient)—**

**Nicotine;**  
**substance concentration**

**micromole/cubic metre**

*M* = 162.23 g/mol

Other term(s): **(S)-3-(1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)pyridine**; Habitrol; Nicabate; Nicoderm;

Nicolan; Nicopatch; Nicotell TTS; Nicotinell; Tabazur

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 54-11-5

**NPU16773**

Air(amb)—Nicotine; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$

**Urine—**

**Nicotine;**  
**arbitrary concentration(0 1; procedure)**

*M* = 162.23 g/mol

Other term(s): **(S)-3-(1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)pyridine**; Habitrol; Nicabate; Nicoderm;

Nicolan; Nicopatch; Nicotell TTS; Nicotinell; Tabazur

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 54-11-5

**NPU04540**

U—Nicotine; arb.c.(0 1; proc.) = ?

**Water(drinking)—**

**Nicotine;**  
**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

*M* = 162.23 g/mol

Other term(s): **(S)-3-(1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)pyridine**; Habitrol; Nicabate; Nicoderm;

Nicolan; Nicopatch; Nicotell TTS; Nicotinell; Tabazur

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 54-11-5

**NPU16774**

Water(drinking)—Nicotine; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Water(drinking)—**

**Nitrate;**  
**substance concentration**

<b>micromole/litre</b>	<b>Air(ambient)—</b>
$M = 62.01 \text{ g/mol}$	<b>2-</b>
Note(s): CAS 7697-37-2 (nitric acid)	<b>Nitropropane;</b>
<b>NPU16775</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
Water(drinking)—Nitrate; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$	<b>millimole/cubic metre</b>
	$M = 89.09 \text{ g/mol}$
	Other term(s): Dimethylnitromethane;
	<i>iso</i> -Nitropropane; 2-NP
	Note(s): CAS 79-46-9
	<b>NPU16781</b>
	Air(amb)—2-Nitropropane; subst.c. = ? $\text{mmol/m}^3$
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	<b>Water(drinking)—</b>
<b>Nitric oxide;</b>	<b>2-</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>Nitropropane;</b>
<b>millimole/cubic metre</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
$M = 30.01 \text{ g/mol}$	<b>nanomole/litre</b>
Other term(s): Mononitrogen monoxide;	$M = 89.09 \text{ g/mol}$
<b>Nitrogen monoxide</b>	Other term(s): Dimethylnitromethane;
Note(s): CAS 10102-43-9	<i>iso</i> -Nitropropane; 2-NP
<b>NPU16776</b>	Note(s): CAS 79-46-9
Air(amb)—Nitric oxide; subst.c. = ? $\text{mmol/m}^3$	<b>NPU16782</b>
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	Water(drinking)—2-Nitropropane; subst.c. = ? $\text{nmol/l}$
<b>Nitrite;</b>	<b>Air(ambient)—</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>Nitrous oxide;</b>
<b>micromole/litre</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
$M = 45.01 \text{ g/mol}$	<b>millimole/cubic metre</b>
Note(s): CAS 7782-77-6 (nitrous acid)	$M = 44.01 \text{ g/mol}$
<b>NPU16777</b>	Other term(s): <b>Dinitrogen oxide; Dinitrogen monoxide;</b> Hyponitrous acid anhydride; Laughing gas
Water(drinking)—Nitrite; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$	Note(s): CAS 10024-97-2
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	<b>NPU16783</b>
<b>Nitrogen dioxide;</b>	Air(amb)—Nitrous oxide; subst.c. = ? $\text{mmol/m}^3$
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>millimole/cubic metre</b>	
$M = 46.01 \text{ g/mol}$	
Other term(s): Dinitrogen tetroxide; Nitrogen peroxide	
Note(s): CAS 10102-44-0	
<b>NPU16778</b>	
Air(amb)—Nitrogen dioxide; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/m}^3$	
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	<b>Air(ambient)—</b>
<b>1-</b>	<b>Oxalate;</b>
<b>Nitropropane;</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>
<b>millimole/cubic metre</b>	$M(\text{oxalic acid}) = 88.04 \text{ g/mol}$
$M = 89.09 \text{ g/mol}$	Other term(s): Ethanedioate
Other term(s): Nitropropane; 1-NP	Note(s): CAS 144-62-7 (oxalic acid)
Note(s): CAS 108-03-2	<b>NPU16784</b>
<b>NPU16779</b>	Air(amb)—Oxalate; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/m}^3$
Water(drinking)—1-Nitropropane; subst.c. = ? $\text{mmol/m}^3$	
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	<b>Plasma—</b>
<b>1-</b>	<b>Oxalate;</b>
<b>Nitropropane;</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>nanomole/litre</b>
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	$M(\text{oxalic acid}) = 88.04 \text{ g/mol}$
$M = 89.09 \text{ g/mol}$	Other term(s): Ethanedioate
Other term(s): Nitropropane; 1-NP	Note(s): CAS 144-62-7 (oxalic acid); Molar mass for oxalic acid
Note(s): CAS 108-03-2	<b>NPU16785</b>
<b>NPU16780</b>	P—Oxalate; subst.c. = ? $\text{nmol/l}$
Water(drinking)—1-Nitropropane; subst.c. = ? $\text{nmol/l}$	
<b>Urine—</b>	
<b>Oxalate;</b>	

**substance concentration****nanomole/litre** $M$ (oxalic acid) = 88.04 g/mol

Other term(s): Ethanedioate

Note(s): CAS 144-62-7 (oxalic acid)

**NPU16786**

U—Oxalate; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Water(drinking)****Oxalate;****substance concentration****nanomole/litre** $M$ (oxalic acid) = 88.04 g/mol

Other term(s): Ethanedioate

Note(s): CAS 144-62-7 (oxalic acid)

**NPU16787**

Water(drinking)—Oxalate; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Air(ambient)****Ozone;****substance concentration****micromole/cubic metre** $M$  = 48.00 g/molOther term(s): **Trioxygen**; Triatomic oxygen

Note(s): CAS 10028-15-6

**NPU16788**Air(amb)—Ozone; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$ **Plasma—****Paracetamol;****substance concentration****millimole/litre** $M$  = 151.17 g/molOther term(s): ***N*-(4-Hydroxyphenyl)acetamide**;

Abensanil; Acamol; Acetalgin;

*p*-Acetaminophenol; Acetaminophen;*p*-Acetaminophenol; *N*-Acetyl-aminophenol;*p*-Acetylaminophenol; Alpiny; Amadil; Anaflo;

Anhiba; Apamide; APAP; Ben-u-ron; Bickie-mol;

Calpol; Captin; Cetadol; Claratal; Dafalgan; Datril;

Dirox; Disprol; Doliprane; Dolprone; Dymadon;

Enelfa; Eneril; Eu-med; Exdol; Febrilex; Finimal;

Gelocatil; Hedex; Homoolan;

*p*-Hydroxyacetanilide; Korum; Momentum;

Naprinol; Nobedon; Ortensan; Pacemol; Paldesic;

Panadol; Panaleve; Panasorb; Panets; Panex;

Panodil; Paraspen; Parelan; Parmol; Tralgon;

Tylenol; Valadol

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 103-90-2

**NPU16789**

Plasma—Paracetamol; subst.c. = mmol/l

**Urine—****Paraquat;****arbitrary concentration (0 1; procedure)** $M$  = 186.00 g/molOther term(s): **1,1'-Dimethyl-4,4'-bipyridinium****dichloride**; *N,N'*-Dimethyl-4,4'-bipyridinium

dichloride; Methylviologen dichloride hydrate;

Paraquat chloride; Paraquat dichloride

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 1910-42-5

**NPU16790**

U—Paraquat; arb.c.(0 1; proc.) = ?

**Air(ambient)****Paraquat;****substance concentration****micromole/cubic metre** $M$  = 186.00 g/molOther term(s): **1,1'-Dimethyl-4,4'-bipyridinium****dichloride**; *N,N'*-Dimethyl-4,4'-bipyridinium

dichloride; Methylviologen dichloride hydrate;

Paraquat chloride; Paraquat dichloride

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 1910-42-5

**NPU16791**Air(amb)—Paraquat; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$ **Water(drinking)****Paraquat;****substance concentration****nanomole/litre** $M$  = 186.00 g/molOther term(s): **1,1'-Dimethyl-4,4'-bipyridinium****dichloride**; *N,N'*-Dimethyl-4,4'-bipyridinium

dichloride; Methylviologen dichloride hydrate;

Paraquat chloride; Paraquat dichloride

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 1910-42-5

**NPU16792**

Water(drinking)—Paraquat; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Air(ambient)****Parathion;****substance concentration****micromole/cubic metre** $M$  = 291.27 g/molOther term(s): ***O,O*-Diethyl *O*-(4-nitrophenyl)****phosphorothioate**; Diethyl parathion; Ethyl

parathion; Parathion-ethyl

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 56-38-2

**NPU16793**Air(amb)—Parathion; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$ **Water(drinking)****Parathion;****substance concentration****nanomole/litre** $M$  = 291.27 g/molOther term(s): ***O,O*-Diethyl *O*-(4-nitrophenyl)****phosphorothioate**; Diethyl parathion; Ethyl

parathion; Parathion-ethyl

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 56-38-2

**NPU16794**

Water(drinking)—Parathion; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	Air(amb)—Particulate matter(< 0.1 $\mu\text{m}$ aerodyn. diam., spec.); mass.c.(proc.) = ? $\text{mg}/\text{m}^3$
<b>Parathion-methyl;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>micromole/cubic metre</b> $M = 263.23 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): <b>O,O-Dimethyl O-(4-nitrophenyl) phosphorothioate</b> ; Azophos; Methylparathion Authority: ISO Note(s): CAS 298-00-0	
<b>NPU16763</b> Air( amb)—Parathion-methyl; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$	
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	
<b>Parathion-methyl;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>nanomole/litre</b> $M = 263.23 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): <b>O,O-Dimethyl O-(4-nitrophenyl) phosphorothioate</b> ; Azophos; Methylparathion Authority: ISO Note(s): CAS 298-00-0	
<b>NPU16764</b> Water(drinking)—Parathion-methyl; subst.c. = ? $\text{nmol/l}$	
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	
<b>Particulate matter(&lt;10 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> aerodynamic diameter, specification)</b> <b>mass concentration(procedure)</b> <b>milligram/cubic metre</b> Other term(s): "Inert" dust; Nuisance dust; PM10; PNOR Authority: ACGIH	
<b>NPU16795</b> Air(amb)—Particulate matter(< 10 $\mu\text{m}$ aerodyn. diam., spec.); mass.c.(proc.) = ? $\text{mg}/\text{m}^3$	
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	
<b>Particulate matter(&lt;2.5 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> aerodynamic diameter, specification)</b> <b>mass concentration(procedure)</b> <b>milligram/cubic metre</b> Other term(s): "Inert" dust; Nuisance dust; PM2.5; PNOR Authority: ACGIH	
<b>NPU16796</b> Air(amb)—Particulate matter(< 2.5 $\mu\text{m}$ aerodyn. diam., spec.); mass.c.(proc.) = ? $\text{mg}/\text{m}^3$	
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	
<b>Particulate matter(&lt;0.1 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> aerodynamic diameter, specification)</b> <b>mass concentration(procedure)</b> <b>milligram/cubic metre</b> Other term(s): Ultrafine dust Authority: ACGIH	
<b>NPU16797</b>	
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	
<b>Particulate matter(&lt;10 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> aerodynamic diameter, specification)</b> <b>mass concentration(procedure)</b> <b>micromole/cubic metre</b> Other term(s): PCP; Penta; 2,3,4,5,6-Pentachlorophenol Note(s): CAS 87-86-5	
<b>NPU16798</b> Air(amb)—Pentachlorophenol; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$	
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	
<b>Pentachlorophenol;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>nanomole/litre</b> $M = 266.34 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): PCP; Penta; 2,3,4,5,6-Pentachlorophenol Note(s): CAS 87-86-5	
<b>NPU16799</b> Water(drinking)—Pentachlorophenol; subst.c. = ? $\text{nmol/l}$	
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	
<b>Permethrin;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>nanomole/litre</b> $M = 391,29 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): <b>3-Phenoxybenzyl (1RS,3RS;1RS,3SR)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate</b> ; 3-Phenoxybenzyl (1RS)-cis-trans-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate; Ambush; Corsair; Dragnet; Ectiban; Eksmin; FMC-33297; NIA-33297; Nix; NRDC-143; Pounce; PP-557; Pulpex; Pynosect; Ridect Pour-on ; S-3151; SBP-1513 Authority: ISO Note(s): CAS 52645-53-1	
<b>NPU16800</b> Water(drinking)—Permethrin; subst.c. = ? $\text{nmol/l}$	
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	
<b>Phenol;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>micromole/cubic metre</b> $M = 94.11 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): Benzenol; Carbolic acid; Hydroxybenzene; Monohydroxybenzene; Phenic acid; Phenyl alcohol; Phenyl hydroxide; phenylic acid Note(s): CAS 108-95-2	

**NPU16801**Air(amb)—Phenol; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$ **Water(drinking)—****Phenol;****substance concentration****nanomole/litre** $M = 94.11 \text{ g/mol}$ 

Other term(s): Benzenol; Carboxylic acid; Hydroxybenzene; Monohydroxybenzene; Phenol; Phenyl alcohol; Phenyl hydroxide; Phenyllic acid

Note(s): CAS 108-95-2

**NPU16802**

Water(drinking)—Phenol; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Urine—****Phenothiazines;****arbitrary concentration(0 1; procedure)** $M(\text{Phenothiazine}) = 199.28 \text{ g/mol}$ 

Other term(s): Forrest reactive compounds

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 92-84-2 (phenothiazine); Molar mass is for phenothiazine; Examples are Fluphenazine; Levomepromazine; Perazine; Perphenazine; Thoridazine

**NPU16803**

Urine—Phenothiazines; arb.c.(0 1; proc.) = ?

**Urine—****Phenylmercapturic acid;****substance concentration****nanomole/litre** $M = 239.30 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): *N*-Acetyl-*S*-phenyl-L-cysteine; 2-Acetamido-3-(phenylsulfanyl)propanoic acid; 2-Acetamido-3-phenylthiopropanoic acid

Note(s): CAS 4775-80-8

**NPU16804**

U—Phenylmercapturic acid; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Air(ambient)—****Phosgene;****substance concentration****micromole/cubic metre** $M = 98.92 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): **Carbonyl dichloride**; Carbon chloride oxide; Carbon oxychloride; Carbonic acid dichloride; Carbonic dichloride; Carbonodichloridic acid; Carbonyl chloride; Chloroformyl chloride; Dichloroformaldehyde, Green Cross; GC

Note(s): CAS 75-44-5

**NPU16805**Air(amb)—Phosgene; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$ **Air(ambient)—****Phosphane;****substance concentration****micromole/cubic metre** $M = 34.00 \text{ g/mol}$ 

Other term(s): Hydrogen phosphide; Phosphine; Phosphorated hydrogen; Phosphorus hydride; Phosphorus trihydride; Trihydridophosphorus

Note(s): CAS 7803-51-2

**NPU16806**Air(amb)—Phosphane; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$ **Water(drinking)—****Phosphane;****substance concentration****micromole/litre** $M = 34.00 \text{ g/mol}$ 

Other term(s): Hydrogen phosphide; Phosphine; Phosphorated hydrogen; Phosphorus hydride; Phosphorus trihydride; Trihydridophosphorus

Note(s): CAS 7803-51-2

**NPU16807**Water(drinking)—Phosphane; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{l}$ **Air(ambient)—****Polychlorinated biphenyls;****substance concentration****nanomole/cubic metre** $M = 291.38\text{--}360.86 \text{ g/mol}$ 

Other term(s): Aroclor; Chlorinated biphenyls; Chlorobiphenyls; Clophen; Fenclo; Kanechlor; PCBs; Pyralene

Note(s): CAS 1336-36-3; Molecular mass range for possible molecules

**NPU16808**Air(amb)—Polychlorinated biphenyls; subst.c. = ? nmol/m<sup>3</sup>**Food(specification)—****Polychlorinated biphenyls;****substance content****nanomole/kg** $M(\text{interval}) = 291.38\text{--}360.86 \text{ g/mol}$ 

Other term(s): Aroclor; Chlorinated biphenyls; Chlorobiphenyls; Clophen; Fenclo; Kanechlor; PCBs; Pyralene

Note(s): CAS 1336-36-3; Molecular mass range for possible molecules

**NPU16809**

Food(specification)—Polychlorinated biphenyls; subst.cont. = ? nmol/kg

**Water(drinking)—****Polychlorinated biphenyls;****substance concentration****nanomole/litre** $M(\text{interval}) = 291.38\text{--}360.86 \text{ g/mol}$ 

Other term(s): Aroclor; Chlorinated biphenyls; Chlorobiphenyls; Clophen; Fenclo; Kanechlor; PCBs; Pyralene

Note(s): CAS 1336-36-3; Molecular mass range for possible molecules

**NPU16810**

Water(drinking)—Polychlorinated biphenyls;  
subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Air(ambient)—**

**Propan-1-ol;**

**substance concentration**

**millimole/cubic metre**

$M = 60.09 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Ethyl carbinol; *n*-Propanol; *n*-Propyl alcohol; Propyl alcohol

Note(s): CAS 71-23-8

**NPU16811**

Air(amb)—Propan-1-ol; subst.c. = ? mmol/m<sup>3</sup>

**Water(drinking)—**

**Propan-1-ol;**

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$M = 60.09 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Ethyl carbinol; *n*-Propanol; *n*-Propyl alcohol; Propyl alcohol

Note(s): CAS 71-23-8

**NPU16812**

Water(drinking)—Propan-1-ol; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Air(ambient)—**

**Propan-2-ol;**

**substance concentration**

**millimole/cubic metre**

$M = 60.09 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Dimethyl carbinol; IPA;

Isopropanol; Isopropyl alcohol; *sec*-Propyl alcohol;

Rubbing alcohol

Note(s): CAS 67-63-0

**NPU16813**

Air(amb)—Propan-2-ol; subst.c. = ? mmol/m<sup>3</sup>

**Water(drinking)—**

**Propan-2-ol;**

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$M = 60.09 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Dimethyl carbinol; IPA;

Isopropanol; Isopropyl alcohol; *sec*-Propyl alcohol;

Rubbing alcohol

Note(s): CAS 67-63-0

**NPU16814**

Water(drinking)—Propan-2-ol; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Plasma—**

**Propoxyphene;**

**substance concentration**

**millimole/litre**

$M = 339.48 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): (+)-(2*S*,3*R*)-4-(Dimethylamino)-3-

**methyl-1,2-diphenylbutan-2-yl propionate**

**hydrochloride;** Dextropropoxyphene;

*a-d*-Propoxyphene

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 469-62-5

**NPU16616**

P—Propoxyphene; subst.c. = ? mmol/l

**Urine—**

**Propoxyphene;**

**substance concentration**

**millimole/litre**

$M = 339.48 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): (+)-(2*S*,3*R*)-4-(Dimethylamino)-3-

**methyl-1,2-diphenylbutan-2-yl propionate**

**hydrochloride;** Dextropropoxyphene;

*a-d*-Propoxyphene

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 469-62-5

**NPU16617**

U—Propoxyphene; subst.c. = ? mmol/l

**Air(ambient)—**

**Propylene oxide;**

**substance concentration**

**millimole/cubic metre**

$M = 58.08 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **2-Methyloxirane;** Methyl ethylene

oxide; Methyloxirane; Propene oxide;

1,2-Propylene oxide

Note(s): CAS 75-56-9

**NPU16815**

Air(amb)—Propylene oxide; subst.c. = ? mmol/m<sup>3</sup>

**Water(drinking)—**

**Propylene oxide;**

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$M = 58.08 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **2-Methyloxirane;** ethylene oxide;

Methyloxirane; Propene oxide; 1,2-Propylene

oxide

Note(s): CAS 75-56-9

**NPU16816**

Water(drinking)—Propylene oxide; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Plasma—**

**Salicylate;**

**substance concentration**

**millimole/litre**

$M(\text{salicylic acid}) = 137.12 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **2-Hydroxybenzoate;** Keralyt;

Occusal; Verrugon

Authority: INN

Note(s): CAS 69-72-7 (salicylic acid)

**NPU16817**

Plasma—Salicylate; subst.c. = ? mmol/l

**Air(ambient)—**

**Sarin;**

**substance concentration**

**picomole/cubic metre**

$M = 140.09 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **Isopropyl**

**methylphosphonofluoridate;**

Isopropoxymethylphosphoryl fluoride; GB;

Methylphosphonofluoridic acid 1-methyl-ethyl ester

Note(s): CAS 107-44-8

**NPU16818**

Air(amb)—Sarin; subst.c. = ? pmol/m<sup>3</sup>

**Food(specification)—**

**Saxitoxin;**

**substance content**

**nanomole/kilogram**

Other term(s): **(3aS,4R,10aS)-2,6-diamino-4-[(carbamoyloxy)methyl]-3a,4,8,9-tetrahydro-1H,10H-pyrrolo[1,2-c]purine-10,10-diol;**  
**(3aS,4R,10aS)-2,6-diamino-4-[(aminocarbonyl)oxy]methyl]- 3a,4,8,9-tetrahydro-1H,10H-pyrrolo[1,2-c]purine-10,10-diol;** Clam poison; Gonyaulax toxin; Mussel poison; Paralytic shellfish poison; PSP; STX

*M* = 299.30 g/mol

Note(s): CAS 35523-89-8

**NPU16819**

Food(specification)—Saxitoxin; subst.cont. = ? nmol/kg

**Air(ambient)—**

**Selenium(IV and VI);**

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/cubic metre**

*A* = 78.96 g/mol

Note(s): CAS 7782-49-2 (element); Atomic mass for elemental selenium

**NPU16820**

Air(amb)—Selenium(IV and VI); subst.c. = ? nmol/m<sup>3</sup>

**Blood—**

**Selenium(IV and VI);**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/litre**

*A* = 78.96 g/mol

Note(s): CAS 7782-49-2 (element); Atomic mass for elemental selenium

**NPU16943**

B—Selenium(IV and VI); subst.c. = ? μmol/l

**Cells(blood)—**

**Selenium(IV and VI);**

**substance content**

**micromole/kilogram**

*A* = 78.96 g/mol

Note(s): CAS 7782-49-2 (element); Atomic mass for elemental selenium

**NPU16930**

Cells(b)—Selenium(IV and VI); subst.cont. = ? μmol/kg

**Hair—**

**Selenium(IV and VI);**

**substance content**

**micromole/kilogram**

*A* = 78.96 g/mol

Note(s): CAS 7782-49-2 (element); Atomic mass for elemental selenium

**NPU16953**

Hair—Selenium(IV and VI); subst.cont. = ? μmol/kg

**Plasma—**

**Selenium(IV and VI);**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/litre**

*A* = 78.96 g/mol

Note(s): CAS 7782-49-2 (element); Atomic mass for elemental selenium

**NPU16945**

P—Selenium(IV and VI); subst.c. = ? μmol/l

**Urine—**

**Selenium(IV and VI);**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/litre**

*A* = 78.96 g/mol

Note(s): CAS 7782-49-2 (element); Atomic mass for elemental selenium

**NPU16930**

U—Selenium(IV and VI); subst.c. = ? μmol/l

**Water(drinking)—**

**Selenium(IV and VI);**

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

*A* = 78.96 g/mol

Note(s): CAS 7782-49-2 (element); Atomic mass for elemental selenium

**NPU16821**

Water(drinking)—Selenium(IV and VI); subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Air(ambient)—**

**Silica((IV) crystalline respirable dust(procedure);**

**mass concentration(procedure)**

**microgram/cubic metre**

Other term(s): Cristobalite; Quartz; Tridymite; Tripoli

Authority: ACGIH

Note(s): CAS 14464-46-1; 14808-60-7; 15468-32-3; 1317-95-9

**NPU16822**

Air(amb)—Silica((IV), crystalline respirable dust(procedure)); mass c.(proc.) = ? μg/m<sup>3</sup>

**Air(ambient)—**

**Silver(0, I, and II);**

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/cubic metre**

*A* = 107.87 g/mol

Note(s) 1: CAS 7440-22-4 (element); Atomic mass for elemental silver	A = 87.62 g/mol
<b>NPU16823</b>	Note(s): CAS 7440-24-6 (element); Atomic mass for elemental strontium
Air(amb)—Silver(I, I, and II); subst.c. = ? nmol/m <sup>3</sup>	<b>NPU16932</b>
P—Strontium(II); subst.c. = ? nmol/l	
<b>Blood—</b>	<b>Air(ambient)—</b>
<b>Silver(I and II);</b>	<b>Strychnine;</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	<b>nanomole/cubic metre</b>
A = 107.87 g/mol	M = 334.42 g/mol
Note(s) 1: CAS 7440-22-4 (element); Atomic mass for elemental silver	Other term(s): <b>Strychnidin-10-one</b>
<b>NPU16941</b>	Authority: INN
B—Silver(I and II); subst.c. = ? nmol/l	Note(s): CAS 57-24-9
<b>Plasma—</b>	<b>NPU16827</b>
<b>Silver(I and II);</b>	Air(amb)—Strychnine; subst.c. = ? nmol/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	
A = 107.87 g/mol	<b>Urine—</b>
Note(s) 1: CAS 7440-22-4 (element); Atomic mass for elemental silver	<b>Strychnine;</b>
<b>NPU16931</b>	<b>arbitrary concentration(0 1; procedure)</b>
P—Silver(I and II); subst.c. = ? nmol/l	M = 334.42 g/mol
<b>Urine—</b>	Other term(s): <b>Strychnidin-10-one</b>
<b>Silver(I and II);</b>	Authority: INN
<b>substance concentration</b>	Note(s): CAS 57-24-9
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	<b>NPU04642</b>
A = 107.87 g/mol	U—Strychnine; arb.c.(0 1; proc.) = ?
Note(s) 1: CAS 7440-22-4 (element); Atomic mass for elemental silver	
<b>NPU16942</b>	<b>Urine—</b>
U—Silver(I and II); subst.c. = ? nmol/l	<b>Strychnine;</b>
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>Silver(I and II);</b>	<b>micromole/litre</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	M = 334.42 g/mol
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	Other term(s): <b>Strychnidin-10-one</b>
A = 107.87 g/mol	Authority: INN
Note(s) 1: CAS 7440-22-4 (element); Atomic mass for elemental silver	Note(s): CAS 57-24-9
<b>NPU16824</b>	<b>NPU03497</b>
Water(drinking)—Silver(I and II); subst.c. = ? nmol/l	U—Strychnine; subst.c. = ? μmol/l
<b>Cells(blood) —</b>	<b>Water(drinking)—</b>
<b>Strontium(II);</b>	<b>Strychnine;</b>
<b>substance content</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>nanomole/kilogram</b>	<b>nanomole/litre</b>
A = 87.62 g/mol	M = 334.42 g/mol
Note(s): CAS 7440-24-6 (element); Atomic mass for elemental strontium	Other term(s): <b>Strychnidin-10-one</b>
<b>NPU16954</b>	Authority: INN
Cells(b)—Strontium(II); subst.cont. = ? nmol/kg	Note(s): CAS 57-24-9
<b>Plasma—</b>	<b>NPU16828</b>
<b>Strontium(II);</b>	Water(drinking)—Strychnine; subst.c. = ? nmol/l
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>Air(ambient)—</b>
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	<b>Styrene;</b>

**NPU16829**Air(amb)—Styrene; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$ **Water(drinking)—****Styrene;****substance concentration****nanomole/litre** $M = 104.15 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): **Ethenylbenzene**; Cinnamene; Cinnamol; Phenylethylene; Styrene monomer; Styrol; Styrolene; Vinylbenzene

Note(s): CAS 100-42-5

**NPU16830**

Water(drinking)—Styrene; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Air(ambient)—****Sulfur dioxide;****substance concentration****micromole/cubic metre** $M = 64.07 \text{ g/mol}$ 

Note(s): CAS 7446-09-6

**NPU16831**Air(amb)—Sulfur dioxide; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$ **Air(ambient)—****Tecnazene;****substance concentration****nanomole/cubic metre** $M = 260.88 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): **1,2,4,5-Tetrachloro-3-****nitrobenzene**; TCNB

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 117-18-0

**NPU16832**Air(amb)—Tecnazene; subst.c. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$ **Water(drinking)—****Tecnazene;****substance concentration****nanomole/litre** $M = 260.88 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): **1,2,4,5-Tetrachloro-3-****nitrobenzene**; TCNB

Authority: ISO

Note(s): CAS 117-18-0

**NPU16833**

Water(drinking)—Tecnazene; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Air(ambient)—****2,3,7,8-****Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin;****substance concentration****nanomole/cubic metre** $M = 321.97 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): **2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorooxanthrene**;

2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo[b,e][1,4]dioxine;

Dioxin; Dioxine; TCBD; TCDBD; TCDD;

2,3,7,8-TCDD; 2,3,6,7-Tetrachlorodibenzodioxin

Note(s): CAS 1746-01-6

**NPU16834**Air(amb)—2,3,7,8-Tetrachloro-dibenzo-p-dioxin;  
subst.c. = ? nmol/m<sup>3</sup>**Food(specification)—****2,3,7,8-****Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin;****substance content****micromole/kilogram** $M = 321.97 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): **2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorooxanthrene**;

2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo[b,e][1,4]dioxine;

Dioxin; Dioxine; TCBD; TCDBD; TCDD;

2,3,7,8-TCDD; 2,3,6,7-Tetrachlorodibenzodioxin

Note(s): CAS 1746-01-6

**NPU16835**Food(specification)—2,3,7,8-Tetrachloro-dibenzo-p-dioxin; subst.cont. = ?  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{kg}$ **Water(drinking)—****2,3,7,8-****Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin;****substance concentration****nanomole/litre** $M = 321.97 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): **2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorooxanthrene**;

2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo[b,e][1,4]dioxine;

Dioxin; Dioxine; TCBD; TCDBD; TCDD;

2,3,7,8-TCDD; 2,3,6,7-Tetrachlorodibenzodioxin

Note(s): CAS 1746-01-6

**NPU16836**

Water(drinking)—2,3,7,8-Tetrachloro-dibenzo-p-dioxin; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Air(ambient)—****1,1,2,2-****Tetrachloroethylene;****substance concentration****millimole/cubic metre** $M = 165.83 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): **Tetrachloroethene**;

Perchlorethylene; Perchloroethylene; Perk;

Tetrachloroethylene

Note(s): CAS 127-18-4

**NPU16837**Air(amb)—Tetrachloroethylene; subst.c. = ? mmol/m<sup>3</sup>**Water(drinking)—****1,1,2,2-****Tetrachloroethylene;****substance concentration****nanomole/litre** $M = 165.83 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): **Tetrachloroethene**;

Perchlorethylene; Perchloroethylene; Perk;

Tetrachloroethylene

Note(s): CAS 127-18-4

**NPU16838**

Water(drinking)—Tetrachloroethylene; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	<b>NPU08998</b>
<b>Tetraethyllead;</b>	U— $\Delta^9$ -Tetrahydrocannabinol; subst.c. = ? nmol/l
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>nanomole/cubic metre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 323.45 g/mol	
Other term(s): <b>Tetraethylplumbane</b> ; Lead tetraethyl; TEL	
Note(s): CAS 78-00-2	
<b>NPU16839</b>	
Air(amb)—Tetraethyl lead; subst.c. = ? nmol/m <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	
<b>Tetraethyllead;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 323.45 g/mol	
Other term(s): <b>Tetraethylplumbane</b> ; Lead tetraethyl; TEL	
Note(s): CAS 78-00-2	
<b>NPU16840</b>	
Water(drinking)—Tetraethyl lead; subst.c. = ? nmol/l	
<b>Urine—</b>	
$\Delta^6$	
<b>Tetrahydrocannabinol;</b>	
<b>arbitrary concentration(0 1; procedure)</b>	
<i>M</i> = 314.47 g/mol	
Authority: INN	
Note(s): CAS 5957-75-5; Minor (mass fraction less than 0.01) active constituent in Marihuana (Hashish)	
<b>NPU09000</b>	
U— $\Delta^6$ -Tetrahydrocannabinol; arb.c.(0 1; proc.) = ?	
<b>Urine—</b>	
$\Delta^9$	
<b>Tetrahydrocannabinol;</b>	
<b>arbitrary concentration(0 1; procedure)</b>	
<i>M</i> = 314.47 g/mol	
Other term(s): Delta-1-tetrahydrocannabinol; Dronabinol	
Authority: INN	
Note(s): CAS 1972-08-3; Major active constituent in Marihuana (Hashish)	
<b>NPU08997</b>	
U— $\Delta^9$ -Tetrahydrocannabinol; arb.c.(0 1; proc.) = ?	
<b>Urine—</b>	
$\Delta^9$	
<b>Tetrahydrocannabinol;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	
<i>M</i> = 314.47 g/mol	
Other term(s): Delta-1-Tetrahydrocannabinol; Dronabinol; $\delta$ -9-Tetrahydrocannabinol	
Authority: INN	
Note(s): CAS 1972-08-3; Major active constituent in Marihuana (Hashish)	
<b>NPU08998</b>	
U—Thallium(I and III); subst.c. = ? nmol/l	
<b>Food(specification)—</b>	
<b>Tetrodotoxin;</b>	
<b>substance content</b>	
<b>micromole/kilogram</b>	
<i>M</i> = 319.27 g/mol	
Other term(s): [4R-(4a,4aa,5a,7a,9a,10a,10aa,11S*,12S*)]-Octahydro-12-(hydroxymethyl)-2-imino-5,9:7,10a-dimethano-10aH-[1,3]dioxocino[6,5-d]pyrimidine-4,7,10,11,12-pentol; Fugu poison; Maculotoxin; Spheroidine; Tarichatoxin; Tetrodontoxin; TTX	
Note(s): CAS 4368-28-9	
<b>NPU16841</b>	
Food(specification)—Tetrodotoxin; subst.cont. = ? $\mu$ mol/kg	
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	
<b>Thallium(0, I and III);</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>nanomole/cubic metre</b>	
<i>A</i> = 204.38 g/mol	
Note(s): CAS 7440-28-0 (element); Atomic mass for elemental thallium	
<b>NPU16889</b>	
Air(amb)—Thallium(0, I and III); subst.c. = ? nmol/m <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Blood—</b>	
<b>Thallium(I and III);</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	
<i>A</i> = 204.38 g/mol	
Note(s): CAS 7440-28-0 (element); Atomic mass for elemental thallium	
<b>NPU16933</b>	
B—Thallium(I and III); subst.c. = ? nmol/l	
<b>Hair—</b>	
<b>Thallium(I and III);</b>	
<b>substance content</b>	
<b>micromole/kilogram</b>	
<i>A</i> = 204.38 g/mol	
Note(s): CAS 7440-28-0 (element); Atomic mass for elemental thallium	
<b>NPU16842</b>	
Hair—Thallium(I and III); subst.cont. = ? mmol/kg	
<b>Urine—</b>	
<b>Thallium(I and III);</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	
<i>A</i> = 204.38 g/mol	
Note(s): CAS 7440-28-0 (element); Atomic mass for elemental thallium	
<b>NPU16934</b>	
U—Thallium(I and III); subst.c. = ? nmol/l	

<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	<b>nanomole/litre</b>
<b>Tin(II and IV);</b>	$M = 174.16 \text{ g/mol}$
<b>substance concentration</b>	Other term(s): <b>4-Methylbenzene-1,3-diyil diisocyanate</b> ; 4-Methyl-1,3-phenylene diisocyanate; 2,4-Diisocyanato-1-methyl-benzene; TDI; 2,4-TDI; 2,4-Toluene diisocyanate
<b>nanomole/cubic metre</b>	Note(s): CAS 7440-31-5 (element); Atomic mass for elemental tin
$A = 118.71 \text{ g/mol}$	
Note(s): CAS 7440-31-5 (element); Atomic mass for elemental tin	
<b>NPU16843</b>	Note(s): CAS 584-84-9
Air(amb)—Tin(II and IV); subst.c. = ? nmol/m <sup>3</sup>	<b>NPU16847</b>
	Water(drinking)—Toluene 2,4-diisocyanate; subst.c. = ? nmol/l
<b>Plasma—</b>	<b>Air(ambient)—</b>
<b>Tin(II and IV);</b>	<b>Toluene 2,6-diisocyanate;</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>
$A = 118.71 \text{ g/mol}$	$M = 174.16 \text{ g/mol}$
Note(s): CAS 7440-31-5 (element); Atomic mass for elemental tin	Other term(s): <b>2-Methylbenzene-1,3-diyil diisocyanate</b> ; 2-Methyl-1,3-phenylene diisocyanate; 2,6-Diisocyanato-1-methyl-benzene; TDI; 2,6-TDI; 2,6-Toluene diisocyanate
<b>NPU16935</b>	Note(s): CAS 91-08-7
P—Tin(II and IV); subst.c. = ? nmol/l	<b>NPU16848</b>
	Air(amb)—Toluene 2,6-diisocyanate; subst.c. = ? μmol/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	<b>Water(drinking)—</b>
<b>Toluene;</b>	<b>Toluene 2,6-diisocyanate;</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>millimole/cubic metre</b>	<b>nanomole/litre</b>
$M = 92.14 \text{ g/mol}$	$M = 174.16 \text{ g/mol}$
Other term(s): Methylbenzene; Methylbenzol; Phenylmethane; Toloul	Other term(s): <b>2-Methylbenzene-1,3-diyil diisocyanate</b> ; 2-Methyl-1,3-phenylene diisocyanate; 2,6-Diisocyanato-1-methyl-benzene; TDI; 2,6-TDI; 2,6-Toluene diisocyanate
Note(s): CAS 108-88-3	Note(s): CAS 91-08-7
<b>NPU16844</b>	<b>NPU16849</b>
Air(amb)—Toluene; subst.c. = ? mmol/m <sup>3</sup>	Water(drinking)—Toluene 2,6-diisocyanate; subst.c. = ? nmol/l
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	<b>Air(ambient)—</b>
<b>Toluene;</b>	<b>Tributyl phosphate;</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>nanomole/litre</b>	<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>
$M = 92.14 \text{ g/mol}$	$M = 266.32 \text{ g/mol}$
Other term(s): Methylbenzene; Methylbenzol; Phenylmethane; Toloul	Other term(s): Butyl phosphate; TBP; Tri- <i>n</i> -butyl phosphate
Note(s): CAS 108-88-3	Note(s): CAS 126-73-8
<b>NPU16845</b>	<b>NPU16850</b>
Water(drinking)—Toluene; subst.c. = ? nmol/l	Air(amb)—Tributyl phosphate; subst.c. = ? μmol/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>Air(ambient)—</b>	<b>Water(drinking)—</b>
<b>Toluene 2,4-diisocyanate;</b>	<b>Tributyl phosphate;</b>
<b>substance concentration</b>	<b>substance concentration</b>
<b>micromole/cubic metre</b>	<b>nanomole/litre</b>
$M = 174.16 \text{ g/mol}$	$M = 266.32 \text{ g/mol}$
Other term(s): <b>4-Methylbenzene-1,3-diyil diisocyanate</b> ; 4-Methyl-1,3-phenylene diisocyanate; 2,4-Diisocyanato-1-methyl-benzene; TDI; 2,4-TDI; 2,4-Toluene diisocyanate	
Note(s): CAS 584-84-9	
<b>NPU16846</b>	
Air(amb)—Toluene 2,4-diisocyanate; subst.c. = ? μmol/m <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Water(drinking)—</b>	
<b>Toluene 2,4-diisocyanate;</b>	
<b>substance concentration</b>	

Other term(s): Butyl phosphate; TBP; Tri- <i>n</i> -butyl phosphate Note(s): CAS 126-73-8	Note(s): CAS 52-68-6 <b>NPU16855</b> Water(drinking)—Trichlorfon; subst.c. = ? nmol/l
<b>NPU16851</b> Water(drinking)—Tributyl phosphate; subst.c. = ? nmol/l	<b>Air(ambient)</b> — 1,1,2-
<b>Air(ambient)</b> —	<b>Trichloroethane;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>nanomole/cubic metre</b> $M = 133.42 \text{ g/mol}$
<b>Tributyltin oxide;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>nanomole/cubic metre</b> $M = 595.62 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): <b>Bis(tributyltin) oxide</b> ; Biomet TBTO; Butinox; Hexabutylidistannoxane; OTBE; TBTO Note(s): CAS 56-35-9	Other term(s): Ethane trichloride; $\beta$ -Trichloroethane; Vinyl trichloride Note(s): CAS 79-00-5 <b>NPU16856</b> Air(amb)—1,1,2-Trichloroethane; subst.c. = ? nmol/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>NPU16852</b> Air(amb)—Tributyltin oxide; subst.c. = ? nmol/m <sup>3</sup>	<b>Water(drinking)</b> — 1,1,2-
<b>Water(environmental)</b> —	<b>Trichloroethane;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>nanomole/litre</b> $M = 133.42 \text{ g/mol}$
<b>Tributyltin oxide;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>picomole/litre</b> $M = 595.62 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): <b>Bis(tributyltin) oxide</b> ; Biomet TBTO; Butinox; Hexabutylidistannoxane; OTBE; TBTO Note(s): CAS 56-35-9	Other term(s): Ethane trichloride; $\beta$ -Trichloroethane; Vinyl trichloride Note(s): CAS 79-00-5 <b>NPU16857</b> Water(drinking)—1,1,2-Trichloroethane; subst.c. = ? nmol/l
<b>NPU16853</b> Water(environmental)—Tributyltin oxide; subst.c. = ? pmol/l	<b>Air(ambient)</b> —
<b>Air(ambient)</b> —	<b>Trichloroethylene;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>micromole/cubic metre</b> $M = 131.39 \text{ g/mol}$
<b>Trichlorfon;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>nanomole/cubic metre</b> $M = 257.85 \text{ g/mol}$ Other name(s): <b>Dimethyl (RS)-2,2,2-trichloro-1-hydroxyethylphosphonate</b> ; Bayer L 1359; Cekufon; Chlorofos; Combot; Danex; Dipterex; Dylox; Metrifonate; Neguvon; Proxol; (2,2,2-Trichloro-1-hydroxyethyl)-phosphonic acid dimethyl ester; Trichlorphene; Tugon Authority: ISO Note(s): CAS 52-68-6	Other term(s): <b>1,1,2-Trichloroethene</b> ; Ethylene trichloride; TCE; Trilene Note(s): CAS 79-01-6 <b>NPU16858</b> Air(amb)—Trichloroethylene; subst.c. = ? μmol/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>NPU16854</b> Air(amb)—Trichlorfon; subst.c. = ? nmol/m <sup>3</sup>	<b>Water(drinking)</b> —
<b>Water(drinking)</b> —	<b>Trichloroethylene;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>nanomole/litre</b> $M = 131.39 \text{ g/mol}$
<b>Trichlorfon;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>nanomole/litre</b> $M = 257.85 \text{ g/mol}$ Other name(s): <b>Dimethyl (RS)-2,2,2-trichloro-1-hydroxyethylphosphonate</b> ; Bayer L 1359; Cekufon; Chlorofos; Combot; Danex; Dipterex; Dylox; Metrifonate; Neguvon; Proxol; (2,2,2-Trichloro-1-hydroxyethyl)-phosphonic acid dimethyl ester; Trichlorphene; Tugon Authority: ISO	Other term(s): <b>1,1,2-Trichloroethene</b> ; Ethylene trichloride; TCE; Trilene Note(s): CAS 79-01-6 <b>NPU16859</b> Water(drinking)—Trichloroethylene; subst.c. = ? nmol/l
<b>Air(ambient)</b> —	<b>Air(ambient)</b> —
	<b>Tri-<i>ortho</i>-cresyl phosphate;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>nanomole/cubic metre</b> $M = 368.37 \text{ g/mol}$
	Other term(s): <b>Tris(2-methylphenyl) phosphate</b> ; TCP; TOCP; Tri- <i>o</i> -cresyl ester of phosphoric acid;

Tri-*o*-cresyl phosphate

Note(s): CAS 78-30-3

**NPU16860**

Air(amb)—Tri-*ortho*-cresyl phosphate; subst.c. = ? nmol/m<sup>3</sup>

**Water(drinking)—**

**Tri-*ortho*-cresyl phosphate;**

**substance concentration**

**picomole/litre**

$M = 368.37 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **Tris(2-methylphenyl) phosphate**;

TCP; TOCP; Tri-*o*-cresyl ester of phosphoric acid;

Tri-*o*-cresyl phosphate

Note(s): CAS 78-30-3

**NPU16861**

Water(drinking)—Tri-*ortho*-cresyl phosphate; subst.c. = ? pmol/l

**Air(ambient)—**

**Triphenyl phosphate;**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/cubic metre**

$M = 326.28 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Phenyl phosphate; TPP

Note(s): CAS 115-86-6

**NPU16862**

Air(amb)—Triphenyl phosphate; subst.c. = ? μmol/m<sup>3</sup>

**Water(drinking)—**

**Triphenyl phosphate;**

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$M = 326.28 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Phenyl phosphate; TPP

Note(s): CAS 115-86-6

**NPU16863**

Water(drinking)—Triphenylphosphate; subst.c. = ? nmol/l

**Air(ambient)—**

**Tris(2,3-dibromopropyl) phosphate;**

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/cubic metre**

$M = 697.85 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Apex 462-5; Firemaster LV-T 23P;

Firemaster T 23P; Flammex AP; Flammex T 23P;

Fyrol HB 32; Phosphoric acid

tris(2,3-dibromopropyl) ester; T 23P; Tris-BP;

Tris(2,3-dibromopropyl) phosphate

Note(s): CAS 126-72-7

**NPU16864**

Air(amb)—Tris (2,3-dibromo-1-propyl) phosphate; subst.c. = ? nmol/m<sup>3</sup>

**Water(drinking)—**

**Tris(2,3-dibromopropyl) phosphate;**

**substance concentration**

**picomole/litre**

$M = 697.85 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): Apex 462-5; Firemaster LV-T 23P;

Firemaster T 23P; Flammex AP; Flammex T 23P;

Fyrol HB 32; Phosphoric acid

tris(2,3-dibromopropyl) ester; T 23P; Tris-BP;

Tris(2,3-dibromopropyl) phosphate

Note(s): CAS 126-72-7

**NPU16865**

Water(drinking)—Tris (2,3-dibromo-1-propyl) phosphate; subst.c. = ? pmol/l

**Air(ambient)—**

**Uranium(0, III, IV, V and VI);**

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/cubic metre**

$A = 238.03 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7440-61-1 (element); Atomic mass for elemental uranium

**NPU16866**

Air(amb)—Uranium(0, III, IV, V and VI); subst.c. = ? nmol/m<sup>3</sup>

**Blood—**

**Uranium(IV and VI);**

**substance concentration**

**picomole/litre**

$A = 238.03 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7440-61-1 (element); Atomic mass for elemental uranium

**NPU16936**

B—Uranium(IV and VI); subst.c. = ? pmol/l

**Urine—**

**Uranium(IV and VI);**

**substance concentration**

**picomole/litre**

$A = 238.03 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7440-61-1 (element); Atomic mass for elemental uranium

**NPU16937**

U—Uranium(IV and VI); subst.c. = ? pmol/l

**Air(ambient)—**

**Vinyl chloride monomer;**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/cubic metre**

$M = 62.50 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **Chloroethene**; Chloroethylene; Ethylene monochloride; Monochloroethene;

Monochloroethylene; VC; VCM

Note(s): CAS 75-01-4

**NPU16867**

Air(amb)—Vinyl chloride monomer; subst.c. = ? μmol/m<sup>3</sup>

**Water(drinking)—**

**Vinyl chloride monomer;**

**substance concentration**

**nanomole/litre**

$M = 62.50 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): <b>Chloroethene</b> ; Chloroethylene; Ethylene monochloride; Monochloroethene; Monochloroethylene; VC; VCM Note(s): CAS 75-01-4	<b>NPU16872</b> P—Warfarin; subst.c.= ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$
<b>NPU16868</b> Water(drinking)—Vinyl chloride monomer; subst.c. = ? nmol/l	<b>Air(ambient)</b> — <b>Warfarin;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>nanomole/cubic metre</b> $M = 308.33 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): ( <i>RS</i> )-2-Hydroxy-3-(3-oxo-1-phenylbutyl)-4H-chromen-4-one; ( <i>RS</i> )-3-( $\alpha$ -Acetonylbenzyl)-4-hydroxycoumarin; ( <i>RS</i> )-4-Hydroxy-3-(3-oxo-1-phenylbutyl)coumarin; 4-Hydroxy-3-(3-oxo-1-phenylbutyl)-2H-1-benzopyran-2-one; WARF Authority: INN Note(s): CAS 81-81-2
<b>Air(ambient)</b> — <b>Vinylidene chloride;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>micromole/cubic metre</b> $M = 96.94 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): <b>1,1-Dichloroethene</b> ; 1,1-DCE; 1,1-Dichloroethylene; VDC; Vinylidene chloride monomer; Vinylidene dichloride Note(s): CAS 75-35-4	<b>NPU16873</b> Air(amb)—Warfarin; subst.c. = ? nmol/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>Air(exhaled)</b> — <b>Vinylidene chloride;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>micromole/cubic metre</b> $M = 96.94 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): <b>1,1-Dichloroethene</b> ; 1,1-DCE; 1,1-Dichloroethylene; VDC; Vinylidene chloride monomer; Vinylidene dichloride Note(s): CAS 75-35-4	<b>Water(drinking)</b> — <b>Warfarin;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>nanomole/litre</b> $M = 308.33 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): ( <i>RS</i> )-2-Hydroxy-3-(3-oxo-1-phenylbutyl)-4H-chromen-4-one; ( <i>RS</i> )-3-( $\alpha$ -Acetonylbenzyl)-4-hydroxycoumarin; ( <i>RS</i> )-4-Hydroxy-3-(3-oxo-1-phenylbutyl)coumarin; 4-Hydroxy-3-(3-oxo-1-phenylbutyl)-2H-1-benzopyran-2-one; WARF Authority: INN Note(s): CAS 81-81-2
<b>NPU16870</b> Air(exh)—Vinylidene chloride; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^3$	<b>NPU16888</b> Water(drinking)—Warfarin; subst.c. = ? nmol/l
<b>Water(drinking)</b> — <b>Vinylidene chloride;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>nanomole/litre</b> $M = 96.94 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): <b>1,1-Dichloroethene</b> ; 1,1-DCE; 1,1-Dichloroethylene; VDC; Vinylidene chloride monomer; Vinylidene dichloride Note(s): CAS 75-35-4	<b>Air(ambient)</b> — <b>Welding fume;</b> <b>mass concentration(procedure)</b> <b>milligram/cubic metre</b> Authority: ACGIH <b>NPU16874</b> Air(amb)—Welding fume; mass c.(proc.) = ? mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>NPU16871</b> Water(drinking)—Vinylidene chloride; subst.c. = ? nmol/l	<b>Air(ambient)</b> — <b>Plasma—</b> <b>White spirit(specification);</b> <b>mass concentration(procedure)</b> <b>milligram/cubic metre</b> Other term(s): Dry Cleaning Safety Solvent; Mineral spirits; Petroleum solvent; Spotting naphtha; Stoddard solvent Note(s): CAS 8052-41-3; White spirit is a mixture of saturated aliphatic and alicyclic C <sub>7</sub> –C <sub>12</sub> hydrocarbons with a mass fraction of 15–20 % of aromatic C <sub>7</sub> –C <sub>12</sub> hydrocarbons and a boiling interval of 130–230 °C; the C <sub>9</sub> –C <sub>11</sub> hydrocarbons (aliphatics, alicyclics and aromatics) are most abundant, constituting a mass fraction of > 0,80 of the total
<b>Plasma—</b> <b>Warfarin;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>micromole/litre</b> $M = 308.33 \text{ g/mol}$ Other term(s): ( <i>RS</i> )-2-Hydroxy-3-(3-oxo-1-phenylbutyl)-4H-chromen-4-one; ( <i>RS</i> )-3-( $\alpha$ -Acetonylbenzyl)-4-hydroxycoumarin; ( <i>RS</i> )-4-Hydroxy-3-(3-oxo-1-phenylbutyl)coumarin; 4-Hydroxy-3-(3-oxo-1-phenylbutyl)-2H-1-benzopyran-2-one; WARF Authority: INN Note(s): CAS 81-81-2	<b>NPU16875</b>

Air(amb)—White spirit(specification); mass c.(proc.) = ? mg/m<sup>3</sup>

**Blood—**

**White spirit(specification);**  
**mass concentration(procedure)**  
**microgram/litre**

Other term(s): Dry Cleaning Safety Solvent; Mineral spirits; Petroleum solvent; Spotting naphtha; Stoddard solvent  
Note(s): CAS 8052-41-3; White spirit is a mixture of saturated aliphatic and alicyclic C7–C12 hydrocarbons with a mass fraction of 15–20 % of aromatic C7–C12 hydrocarbons and a boiling interval of 130–230 °C; the C9–C11 hydrocarbons (aliphatics, alicyclics and aromatics) are most abundant, constituting a mass fraction of > 0,80 of the total

**NPU16876**

Blood—White spirit(specification); mass c.(proc.) = ? µg/l

**Air(ambient)—**

**Wood dust(specification);**  
**mass concentration(procedure)**  
**milligram/cubic metre**

Authority: ACGIH

**NPU16877**

Air(amb)—Wood dust(spec.); mass c.(proc.) = ? mg/m<sup>3</sup>

**Air(ambient)—**

**o-**

**Xylene;**

**substance concentration**

**millimole/cubic metre**

$M = 106.17 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **1,2-Dimethylbenzene**;

*ortho*-Xylene; *o*-Xylol

Note(s): CAS 95-47-6

**NPU16878**

Air(amb)—*o*-Xylene; subst.c. = ? mmol/m<sup>3</sup>

**Water(drinking)—**

**o-**

**Xylene;**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/litre**

$M = 106.17 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **1,2-Dimethylbenzene**;

*ortho*-Xylene; *o*-Xylol

Note(s): CAS 95-47-6

**NPU16879**

Water(drinking)—*o*-Xylene; subst.c. = ? µmol/l

**Air(ambient)—**

**m-**

**Xylene;**

**substance concentration**

**millimole/cubic metre**

$M = 106.17 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **1,3-Dimethylbenzene**; *meta*-Xylene; *m*-Xylol

Note(s): CAS 108-38-3

**NPU16880**

Air(amb)—*m*-Xylene; subst.c. = ? mmol/m<sup>3</sup>

**Water(drinking)—**

***m*-**

**Xylene;**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/litre**

$M = 106.17 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **1,3-Dimethylbenzene**;

*meta*-Xylene; *m*-Xylol

Note(s): CAS 108-38-3

**NPU16881**

Water(drinking)—*m*-Xylene; subst.c. = ? µmol/l

**Air(ambient)—**

***p*-**

**Xylene;**

**substance concentration**

**millimole/cubic metre**

$M = 106.17 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **1,4-Dimethylbenzene**;

*para*-Xylene; *p*-Xylol

Note(s): CAS 106-42-3

**NPU16882**

Air(amb)—*p*-Xylene; subst.c. = ? mmol/m<sup>3</sup>

**Water(drinking)—**

***p*-**

**Xylene;**

**substance concentration**

**micromole/litre**

$M = 106.17 \text{ g/mol}$

Other term(s): **1,4-Dimethylbenzene**;

*para*-Xylene; *p*-Xylol

Note(s): CAS 106-42-3

**NPU16883**

Water(drinking)—*p*-Xylene; subst.c. = ? µl/l

**Cells(Blood)—**

**Zinc(II);**

**substance content**

**micromole/kilogram**

$A = 65.38 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7440-66-6 (element); Atomic mass for elemental zinc

**NPU16938**

Cells(B)—Zinc(II); subst.cont. = ? µmol/kg

**Hair—**

**Zinc(II);**

**substance content**

**millimole/kilogram**

$A = 65.38 \text{ g/mol}$

Note(s): CAS 7440-66-6 (element); Atomic mass for elemental zinc

<b>NPU16957</b>	Water(drinking)—
Hair—Zinc(II); subst.cont. = ? mmol/kg	<b>Zinc(II);</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>micromole/litre</b> $A = 65.38 \text{ g/mol}$ Note(s): CAS 7440-66-6 (element); Atomic mass for elemental zinc
<b>Plasma—</b>	<b>NPU16884</b> Water(drinking)—Zinc(II); subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$
<b>Zinc(II);</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>micromole/litre</b> $A = 65.38 \text{ g/mol}$ Note(s): CAS 7440-66-6 (element); Atomic mass for elemental zinc	<b>NPU16939</b> P—Zinc(II); subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$
<b>Seminal plasma—</b>	<b>Air(ambient)—</b>
<b>Zinc(II);</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>micromole/litre</b> $A = 65.38 \text{ g/mol}$ Note(s): CAS 7440-66-6 (element); Atomic mass for elemental zinc	<b>Zinc oxide;</b> <b>substance concentration</b> <b>micromole/cubic metre</b> $M = 81.38 \text{ g/mol}$ Note(s): CAS 1314-13-2
<b>NPU16940</b> Seminal plasma—Zinc(II); subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/l}$	<b>NPU16885</b> Air(amb)—Zinc oxide; subst.c. = ? $\mu\text{mol/m}^3$